

SEPTEMBER

Jacksonville Republican

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SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. GRANT.

From the New York Herald, 22d.]
THE TRUMP CARD.

**Andrew Johnson Plays "Union-
Amnesty," and Wins?**

Thirty millions of people to be
Paritism; and the Negro!
the result of four years of war,
the sinking of national morality,
the ruin of commerce, the ruin of
the industrial interests; the imposing
country a debt of three thousand
millions of dollars. The mad revo-
lutionary element that blindly urges the
to ruin still continues its race.
It is death to them; and yet they
are not. True to their ideas, and
revolutionary rules, they begin
to approach the second phase in the
of all government. Heretofore
they have followed a single idea
to the extent; they now reduce
to upholding men instead of
ideas. They now strike the name
of the nation as the loudest note upon
political car, and would make the
believe that the transfer of that
to other duties is an assault upon
the transfer of Sheridan we
ing outside of the simple milita-
which exists in the hands of the
to carry out the duty devolv-
him as Commander-in-Chief of
the army, and Executive of the nation.
removal of Sheridan will, per-
vate him. It almost places a
dial domination in his grasp
that radical element of the coun-
ing for an exponent of its will,
to Sheridan. Gen. Grant,
somewhat disposed to remain
on which makes him the focus
will throw his influence in the
his favorite. The reconstruc-
tion, however, in its present
bringing new elements to the
and until we know if Mr.
will play his great trump card
can be but little certainty
next Presidency. That trump
now time that Mr. Johnson
play. The moment has come;
national wave which freed the
now dashing him against the
sense of the country, to the
his present interests and his fu-
tures. We are now threatened
a representative from each
District in the South, and
which is to govern the United
States. The wave based upon
instead of education. The wave
stopped; it has broken from the
those who first gave it impulse
of national revolution of feeling
it is halted, and demands
Mr. Johnson halt it. Let him
blow; let him now give the
universal amnesty. The negro
take his proper place, and in
of a freedom which is his right
emerge from mental darkness,
general amnesty, the reconstruc-
tion will be finished at a stroke;
and the negro may take pos-
sion to the common sense of the

and coastwise, at a profit of thirty to
fifty millions a year, deprived of its oc-
cupation; a ceaseless migration of Eu-
ropean cannibals, mixed up with a tithe
of respectable people, pouring into the
North, noting as they come: citizenship
at the South stripped from men of spirit
and intelligence, but conformed indis-
criminately upon all others who answer
to the description of man, the animal,
the negro majority voting themselves ti-
tles to the farms of honest owners; the
government at war with itself; the bal-
lot-box no longer the arbiter between
conflicting opinions, but the boasted in-
strument of shameless, systematic and
monstrous frauds, whereby the minority
of scoundrel perpetuates its domination
over the majority of patriots; five mili-
tary satrapies; a paper circulation of
one thousand millions of dollars hope-
lessly irredeemable; no metallic coin in
circulation but nickel, stamped Liberty
on the face, one cent on the reverse, and
its multiples. Such is the dish of "loy-
alty" which Radicalism is bent on cram-
ming down the throats of decent people
unblessed with ostich digestions.

Negro Congressmen.

We notice a generally expressed dis-
position and determination, says the
Journal & Messenger, on the part of the
white people of the South, to vote for,
and as far as possible, assist in the elec-
tion negroes to the Federal Congress.
This is to be done partly on condition
that the negroes give the whites the less
remunerative offices at home. We want
our States, towns and cities governed
by whites, and are perfectly satisfied, if
this can be accomplished, to give the
negro more honorable and better paying
offices. Our reasons are obvious for
this, and are not easily misinterpreted—
we do not think the negro fit to govern
us, and are not disposed to put up with
their ignorance and arrogance—we are
willing, however, and would prefer, the
most obnoxious, filthy, thieving negro
imaginable, should go to Congress (and
do not much fear contamination from his
association) in preference to one of those
nameless curs, once so-called "rebel"
Southerners, who would be acceptable to
the Radical Congress—in other words,
a white man mean enough to be accept-
able to the present Congress of the United
States, from the South, is too mean for
the people of the South. The alterna-
tive is a negro—the peculiar institution
of the Radicals.

THE SUNKEN LAKE.—The *Sentinel*,
published at Jacksonville, Oregon, of the
12th ultimo, says: "Several of our
citizens returned last week from a visit
to the great Sunken Lake, situated in
Cascades Mountains about seventy-five
miles northeast from Jacksonville. This
lake rivals the famous valley of
Sinbad the sailor. It is thought to aver-
age 2,000 feet down to the water all
round. The walls are almost perpendicu-
lar, running down into the water, and
leaving no beach. The depth of the
water is unknown and its surface is
smooth and unruffled, and it lies so far
below the surface of the mountain that
the air currents do not affect it. Its
length is estimated at twelve miles and
its breadth at ten. No living man ever
has, and probably never will be able to
reach the water's edge. It lies silent,
still, and mysterious, in the bosom of the
"everlasting hills" like a huge well
scorped out by the hands of the giant
genii of the mountain in unknown ages
gone by, and around it the primeval for-
est watch and ward are keeping. The
visiting party fired a rifle several times
into the water at an angle of forty-five
degrees, and were able to denote several
seconds of time from the report of the
gun until the ball struck the water. Such
seems incredible, but is vouched for
by some of our most trustworthy
citizens. The lake is certainly a most
remarkable curiosity."

The Sacred Number Three.

The late John Henry Bernhard Dras-
seke, Protestant Bishop of Magdeburg,
and Master of the Lodge "Olive Branch"
at Bremen, in one of his addresses,
thus alludes to the sacred number three:
"In the whole of nature, in all the man-
ifestations of its vitality, in all the won-
ders of its glory and majesty, in every
portion of its vast laboratory, presides,
and governs and reigns, pre-eminent in
its power, the mysterious 'three.' It is
the mistress of all the harmonies of the
universe. It is expressive of the rela-
tion of the Almighty Architect to his
creation. It swells in the existence of
man ever and incessantly repeating it-
self, as Body, Soul, Spirit; as Thought,
Perception, Will; as the Past, Present,
Future; as Faith, Hope, Love. As a
Mason, also, man is ever surrounded by
its irresistible magic, and he sacred
number meets his view at every step of
his progress. Does he consider what is
pre-supposed by the building on which
he is engaged? He will perceive it in
the Power, the Plan, the Execution.
Does he ask what will be the appearance
of the edifice? He beholds it conduct-
ed by Wisdom, supported in Strength,

and adorned by Beauty. Does he re-
flect on the object for which this spiri-
tual temple is erected on earth? The
mystic triad again greets him—Peace
of mind, welfare of Mankind, Glory to
God."

A Good Joke on Schneider.

The Democratic State Convention of
Iowa, in session at Des Moines, recently
adopted the following resolution:
Resolved, That the maintenance in-
violable of the rights of the States, and
especially the rights of each State to or-
der and control its own domestic in-
stitutions according to its judgement
inclusively, is essential to that balance of
power on which the perfection and du-
rability of our political fabric depends.
This resolution has been pronounced up-
on and denounced by the Republican
journals as the declaration of "copper-
heads," "rebel sympathisers," etc., etc.
The fun of the thing is, that the resolu-
tion is taken word for word from the
Republican platform of 1860, upon
which Lincoln was elected President.

How to Keep Hams Through the Summer.

After your hams have taken salt hang
them up and smoke them well, then
take them down and dip them into boil-
ing water for a few seconds; that will
kill all the eggs of insects; if there
should be any on them, then roll them
in dry ashes while wet and hang them
up again; smoke them more, if you
choose. This will do also for shoulders
and sides; all those that do their bacon
skippers on their meat.

The Convention in Louisiana.

Under recent orders of Gen. Sheridan,
the voting in Louisiana in the question
of holding a Convention will take place
on the 27th and 28th of September. The
number of delegates to it will be ninety
eight. The registry rolls are to be re-
vised fourteen days before the election,
and the delegates then appointed to the
parishes. The other provisions of the
order are confined to the usual details
of election, except the following section:
"Should violence or fraud be perpet-
rated at any voting precincts on the day
of election, the offender shall be punish-
ed in the severest manner, and elections
within these precincts will be held over
again under protection of the United
States troops."

As registration in this State is nearly
complete it is probable that an order
will be issued soon in relation to a con-
vention in Alabama.

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The regulations, formed for the moral and
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mild, though positive, and are rigidly en-
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and refined community.
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\$20 per month for good board in private families.

Pupils received at any time and charged
from the date of admission to the close of the
session.
All interested are invited to give this insti-
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to give it also their patronage and support.
For further particulars address the prin-
cipal, or
C. B. DOUTHITT,
Secretary Board of Trustees,
Jacksonville, July 20, 1867.

LEE, LEE, LEE!

THE undersigned is the only authorized
agent to receive subscriptions in Calhoun
county, Ala. for "The Life and Cam-
paigns of Gen. Robert E. Lee," by
James D. McCabe, Jr. of Va.
The Standard Biography of the greatest
Military Leader and Strategist that the New
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Sold only by subscription—apply at once.
April 13, 1867. M. T. LEDBETTER.

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by him corner
of the Public Square.

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and our business impeded by your long
neglect and delay. We need money, and
must have it, and know of no other or bet-
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owe us. STEVENSON & PINSON.
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From the N. Y. Herald, 22d.

The Crisis and the Remedy.

Over thirty millions of people to be ruled by Puritanism and the negro? This is the result of four years of terrible war: the sacrifice of two hundred thousand lives; the wrecking of commerce; the ruin of our agricultural interests; the imposing upon our country a debt of three thousand millions of dollars. The mad revolutionary element that blindly urges the nation to ruin, still continues its race. To halt is death to them; and yet they must be halted. True to their ideas, and true to revolutionary ruin, they begin now to approach the second phase in the overthrow of all government. Heretofore they have followed a single idea to its wildest extreme; they now reduce themselves to upholding men instead of principles. They now strike the name of Sheridan as the loudest note upon their political harp, and would make the country believe that the transfer of that officer to other duties is an assault upon them. In the transfer of Sheridan we see nothing outside of the simple military right which exists in the hands of the President to carry out the duty devolving upon him as Commander-in-chief of our army and Executive of the nation. If he thinks that a change of officers is desirable in making that change. General Grant, as a soldier, shows his good sense in obeying the order to assign Sheridan to other duty. It alters no law that Congress has made and effects no principle of reconstruction, as is proven by Grant's order to Thomas, which is virtually a simple change of executives to carry out the same general plan. The relative merit of Thomas and Sheridan is a bold, dashing soldier, with a statesman's like mind that leads to a conclusion and an exercise of rigid justice. What is overturned in the leap sometimes wounds when the sensibilities are keen. Thomas, comprehensive and great in solid military genius, moves slower, but with not less certainty and justice; but in his exercise of power he will wound less than the brilliant cavalry officer who has—first on the field, and next in the most difficult of the five military reconstruction districts—challenged our admiration. The country loses nothing in the change; the law is not altered; reconstruction goes on as before and in the same channel.

The removal of Sheridan will perhaps elevate him. It almost places a Presidential nomination in his grasp. The great radical element of the country, looking for an exponent of its will, may turn to Sheridan. Gen. Grant, who feels somewhat disposed to remain in a position which makes him the focus of power, will throw his influence in the scale of his favorite. The reconstruction problem, however, in its present phase, is bringing daily new elements to the surface; and until we know if Mr. Johnson will play his great trump card or not there can be but little certainty about the next Presidency. That trump card it is now time that Mr. Johnson should play. The moment has come; the revolutionary wave which freed the negro is now dashing him against the common sense of the country, to the ruin of its present interests and its future greatness. We are now threatened with a negro representative from each Congressional district in the South, and the code which is to govern the United States may receive laws based upon ignorance instead of education. The wave must be stopped; it has broken of feeling demands that it be halted, and demands, too, that Mr. Johnson halt it. Let him strike the blow; let him now give the country universal amnesty. The negro will then take his proper place, and in the light of a freedom which is his right he may emerge from mental darkness. With universal amnesty the reconstruction problem will be finished at a stroke; intelligence will replace ignorance, and Puritanism and the negro may take position second to the commonsense of the country.

Important Order from Gen. Pope.

Election Ordered for Delegates to a State Convention in Alabama.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD MILITARY DISTRICT, (Georgia, Alabama and Florida.) ATLANTA, GA., Aug. 31, 1867.

General Orders No. 50

I. WHEREAS, By the terms of an Act of Congress entitled an Act to provide for the more efficient Government of the Rebel States, passed March 24, 1867, and the Acts Supplementary thereto, it is made the duty of the Commanding General of this Military District to cause a Registration to be made of the male citizens of the State of Alabama, 21 years of age and upwards, and by the terms of said Acts qualified to vote. And after such registration is complete, to order an election to be held, at which the Registered voters of said State, shall vote for or against a Convention for the purpose of establishing a Constitution and Civil Government for said State, loyal to the Union; and for Delegates to said Convention, and to give at least thirty days notice of the time and place at which the election shall be held; and the said Registration having been made in the State of Alabama:

II. It is ORDERED, That an election be held in the State of Alabama, commencing on Tuesday, the 1st day of October, A. D. 1867, and continuing three days, at which the registered voters of said State may vote "for a Convention," or "against a Convention," and for Delegates to constitute the Convention; in case a majority of votes given on that question shall be for a Convention; and in case a majority of all such registered voters, shall have voted on the question

of holding such Convention.

III. It shall be the duty of Boards of Registration in Alabama, commencing fourteen days prior to the election hereinafter ordered, and giving reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise, for a period of five days, the Registration lists, and, upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list, and such person shall not be allowed to vote. The Board of Registration shall also, during the same period, add to such registry the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said act who have not been already registered.

IV. In deciding who are to be stricken from, or added to, the Registration lists, the Boards will be guided by the law and their attention is especially drawn to the Supplementary Act dated July 19, 1867.

V. The said election shall be held in each county at the county seat, under the superintendence of the Board of Registration as provided by law, and in accordance with instructions to be hereafter issued to said Boards.

VI. All Judges and Clerks employed in conducting said elections shall, before commencing to hold the same, be sworn to the faithful performance of the duties, and shall also take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

VII. The polls shall be opened at each voting place during the days specified, at seven o'clock in the forenoon, and closed at six o'clock in the afternoon, and shall be kept open between those hours without intermission or adjournment.

VIII. The commanding officer of the District of Alabama will issue, through the Superintendent of Registrations for that State, such detailed instructions as may be necessary to the conduct of said election in conformity with the Acts of Congress, and as far as may be, with the laws of Alabama.

IX. The returns required by law to be made of the results of said election to the Commanding General of this Military District, will be rendered by the persons appointed to superintend the same, through the Commanding officer of the District of Alabama, and in accordance with the detailed instructions already referred to.

X. No register who is a candidate for election as a delegate to the Convention, shall serve as a Judge of the election in any county which he seeks to represent.

XI. All public bar-rooms, saloons, and other places for the sale of liquors at retail at the several county seats, shall be closed from six o'clock on the evening of the 30th day of September until six o'clock on the morning of the 4th day of October, and the Sheriff of the county shall be held responsible for the strict enforcement of this prohibition by the arrest of all parties who may transgress the same.

XII. The Sheriff of each county is further required to be present at the place of voting during the whole time that the polls are kept open, and until the election or other interruption of good shall occur and any sheriff or other civil officer failing to perform with energy and good faith, the duty required of him by this order, will upon report made by the judges of the election, be arrested and dealt with by military authority.

XIII. The following extracts from General Orders No. 20, from these Headquarters, are republished for the information and guidance of all herewith concerned.

"12. Violence, or threats of violence or any other oppressive means to prevent any person from registering his name or exercising his political rights, are positively prohibited; and it is distinctly announced that no contract or agreement with laborers, which deprives them of their wages for any longer time than that actually consumed in registering or voting, will be permitted to be enforced against them in this District, and this offense, or any previously mentioned in this paragraph, will cause the immediate arrest of the offender and his trial before a Military Commission."

"13. The exercise of the right of every duly authorized voter, under the late Acts of Congress, to register and vote, is guaranteed by the Military Authorities of this District, and all persons who are warned against any attempt to interfere to prevent any man from exercising this right under any pretext whatever, other than objection by the usual legal mode."

XIV. The registered voters of the several counties of the State of Alabama shall vote at said election for Delegates to the Convention, according to the following apportionment, made in conformity to the provisions of the second section of the Supplementary Act, dated March 28th, 1867:

1. To the counties of Dale, Henry and Coffee, three Delegates.
2. To the counties of Butler and Covington, two delegates.
3. To the county of Conecuh, one delegate.
4. To the counties of Monroe and Baldwin, two delegates.
5. To the county of Mobile, five delegates.
6. To the county of Barbour, three delegates.
7. To the counties of Pike and Bullock, four delegates.
8. To the county of Crenshaw, one delegate.
9. To the county of Lowndes, three delegates.
10. To the county of Wilcox, three delegates.

11. To the county of Clarke, one delegate.

12. To the counties of Washington, and Choctaw, two delegates.

13. To the county of Russell, two delegates.

14. To the county of Macon, two delegates.

15. To the county of Montgomery, five delegates.

16. To the county of Dallas, five delegates.

17. To the county of Marengo, three delegates.

18. To the counties of Sumter and Pickens, four delegates.

19. To the county of Lee, two delegates.

20. To the counties of Elmore and Autauga, three delegates.

21. To the county of Perry, three delegates.

22. To the counties of Green and Hale, five delegates.

23. To the counties of Chambers and Tallapoosa, three delegates.

24. To the county of Coosa, one delegate.

25. To the county of Shelby, one delegate.

26. To the county of Randolph, one delegate.

27. To the county of Bibb, one delegate.

28. To the counties of Talladega & Clay, three delegates.

29. To the county of Taskaloosa, two delegates.

30. To the counties of Calhoun and Cleburne, two delegates.

31. To the county of St. Clair, one delegate.

32. To the county of Jefferson, one delegate.

33. To the counties of Walker and Fayette, one delegate.

34. To the counties of Jones, Marion and Winston, one delegate.

35. To the counties of Blount and Baine, two delegates.

36. To the county of Cherokee, one delegate.

37. To the county of DeKalb, one delegate.

38. To the county of Jackson, two delegates.

39. To the county of Marshall, one delegate.

40. To the county of Morgan, one delegate.

41. To the county of Lawrence two delegates.

42. To the county of Madison three delegates.

43. To the counties of Lauderdale and Limestone, three delegates.

44. To the counties of Franklin and Colbert, two delegates.

JOHN LOPE,

Major-General Commanding

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Croup, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he believes will be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, please, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,

Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

BROTHERS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN H. OGDEN, in perfect confidence, 42 Cedar Street, New York.

THE

MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.

A New Feature.

Having determined, in addition to the usual political, miscellaneous and local matter, to devote a column daily and a page weekly to the promotion of the Agricultural, Stock Raising, Domestic and Sporting interests of Alabama, we respectfully solicit contributions or correspondence on these topics. There being no other paper in the State giving special attention to this department, we trust the Advertiser will receive the co-operation and support of those interested.

The politics of the Advertiser are thoroughly independent and conservative, dealing justly and fairly with all men, and holding itself above all factions and all parties, for the good of the State and country.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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All subscriptions are payable strictly in advance; and, at the expiration of the time for which payment is made, unless previously renewed, the name of the subscriber will be stricken from our books.

REID & SCREWS,

Editors and Proprietors.

Just Received,

Domestic,

Calicoes, &c.

By E. L. WOODWARD.

GREAT WATCH SALE.

ON THE POPULAR ONE PRICE PLAN.

Giving every Patron a Handsome and Reliable Watch for the low Price of Ten Dollars!

WITHOUT REGARD TO VALUE, AND NOT TO BE

Paid for Unless Perfectly Satisfactory.

100 Solid Gold Hunting Watches \$250 to 350

100 Magic Cased Gold Watches, 100 to 250

100 Ladies Watches, enameled, 100 to 300

200 Gold Hunting Chronometers to 250 to 300

200 Gold Hunting Eng. Levers, 200 to 250

400 Gold Hunting Amer. Watch, 100 to 250

500 Silver Hunting 7 years, 50 to 250

500 Gold Ladies' Watches, 75 to 250

1,000 Gold Hunting Lapis, 50 to 75

1,000 Miscellaneous Silver Watches, 50 to 100

2,500 Hunting Silver Watches, 25 to 50

5,000 Assorted Watches, all kinds, 10 to 75

Every Patron obtains a watch by this arrangement, costing but \$10, while it may be worth \$750. No partially shown.

Messrs. Hill, Porter & Co., 2 & 4 Day St. New York City, wish to immediately dispose of the above magnificent stock. Certificates, naming the articles are placed in sealed envelopes, and well mixed. Holders are entitled to the articles named on their certificate upon payment of \$11, whether it be a watch worth \$750 or less. The return of any of our certificates entitles you to the article named thereon, upon payment, irrespective of its worth, and no article valued less than \$10 is named on any certificate, it will at once be sent that is.

No lottery, but a straight forward legitimate transaction, which may be participated in even by the most fastidious.

A single certificate will be sent by mail, post paid, upon receipt of 25 cents, five for \$1; eleven for \$2; thirty-three and an elegant premium for \$5; sixty-six and a more valuable premium for \$10; one hundred and a most superb watch for \$15. To agents or those seeking employment this is a rare opportunity. It is a legitimately conducted business, duly authorized by the government and open to the most careful scrutiny. Try it.

HILL, PORTER & CO.,

2 & 4 Day St., N. Y.

The Jacksonville Female

ACADEMY.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday, August 5th, 1867,

under the direction of Rev. D. F. SMITH, Principal, Miss MARY A. TURNLEY, Assistant, and Mrs. MARTHA E. FRANCIS, Teacher of Music.

Other competent Assistants will be employed if needed.

The course of study embraces all branches of instruction usually taught in Academies and High Schools.

Rates of Tuition per Session of 20 weeks.

First Class,\$15 00

2nd "20 00

3rd "25 00

4th "30 00

Music, Extra,25 00

French12 00

Contingent Fund,2 00

A deduction of 20 per cent. will be made in favor of those who will pay in advance or quarterly.

No pupils will be received for a less period than two months.

No deduction for absence, except in cases of sickness.

Parents and guardians may feel assured that the intellectual and moral improvement of the pupils will be faithfully sought.

Free access will be granted to the different Sabbath Schools and Churches in the Town, as parents may direct.

As to health, good society, and opportunities for religious instruction, Jacksonville presents advantages equal, if not superior to those of any Village or Town in Alabama.

Lectures will be delivered to the whole school, at least, once every two weeks, on some practical, moral or religious topic.

Board can be had in good families on reasonable terms.

E. L. WOODWARD, Chm'n.

J. F. GRANT, Sec'y.

J. C. FRANCIS,

A. ADAMS,

B. C. WYLY,

J. H. PRIVETT,

M. J. TURNLEY,

W. W. CLAYTON,

W. H. FLEMING,

A. WOODS.

July 13, 1867.

Bible Agency.

Rev. E. B. McClellan has been appointed by the Jacksonville Bible Society, Agent for the sale and distribution of Bibles, and also for the collection of donations to aid in that cause. He is commended by the Society to the confidence, friendship, co-operation and assistance of members of all religious denominations, and benevolent friends of morality and religion generally.

MUSIC LESSONS.

ON THE PIANO, given by MRS. M. E. FRANCIS, commencing with three lessons of the Jacksonville Female Academy.

Pupils can commence at any time during the session, and be charged for the time.

Country Produce at the market price taken in payment. Jacksonville, Jan 30, '66

Bargains, Bargains.

All persons indebted to the undersigned are earnestly requested to give him a call, and if you cannot pay, talk about it. You will forget sure, but matters afterwards. You have doubtless known it to be the case. "Come and let us reason together."

D. P. GUNNELS.

Oxford, Ala. August 3, 1867.

To the Afflicted.

DR. GEORGE W. LEACH propo-

ses a new system of cure in place of the vast internal doses which enfeeble the stomach, poison the blood and endanger the life. He can be consulted at any time in Jacksonville, personally, or by letter, giving name of the person, whether over or under 35 years of age, and the disease. He cures cancer, wens, ulcers, scrofula, piles, diseases of the lungs, spine, kidneys, and some others; charging but a very small amount in advance, afterwards if no cure no pay. He has a number of testimonials of cure—has recently treated 11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entirely well and the others getting well.

G. W. LEACH, Faith Doctor.

SELEMA

Advertisements.

J. A. Curry. J. H. Aunsbaugh.

J. A. CURRY & CO.

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

Water Street, SELMA, Ala.

We will make advances on Cotton and furnish bagging and Rope to all who favor us with their patronage.

We have good Brick Warehouses constantly under guard for the storage of Cotton and other produce consigned to us.

Aug. 24, 1867.—Gm.

BOWEN & HOOPER,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Western Produce.

Corner Water and Washing-

ton Streets, directly opposite the "Troup House."

ARE NOW opening a full and complete assortment of Groceries and Western Produce, which they offer in Packages or at Retail at the lowest market rates.

Consignments of Cotton, Flour and other Produce for storage, sale or shipment, respectfully solicited, and faithfully and promptly attended to.

Thankful for former favors, they will be happy to again meet their old friends, and ask a fair share of patronage from the public generally.

BOWEN & HOOPER.

August 24, 1867.—ly.

ABNER WILLIAMS,

COTTON FACTOR

AND

Commission Merchant.

Selma, Ala.

THANKFUL for the patron-

age heretofore extended him

again tenders his services to

the public in the sale of Cotton, Flour, &c.

Will advance Bagging & Rope to his patrons.

A liberal share of patronage respectfully solicited.

Aug 5th, 1867.

WM. WHITE. A. J. PHARES.



POETRY.

A-KING.

BY DAYARD TAYLOR.

Little one, come to my knee!
Hark, how the rain is pouring
Over the roof, in the pitch-black night,
And the wind in the woods a cowering!

Hush, my darling and listen,
Then pay for the story with kisses;
Father was lost in the pitch-black night,
In just such a storm as this!

Held up on the lonely mountains,
Where the wild men watched and waited;
Wolves in the forest, and bears in the bush
And I on my path belated.

The rain and night together
Came down, and the wind came after,
Bending the props of the pine tree roof,
And snapping many a rafter.

I crept along in the darkness,
Stunned, and bruised, and blinded—
Crept to a fir with thick-set boughs,
And a sheltering rock behind it.

There, from the blowing and raining,
Crouching, I sought to hide me.
Something rustled, two green eyes
Shone,

And a wolf lay down beside me.
Little one, be not frightened,
I and the wolf together,
Side by side, through the long, long night,

And a wolf lay down beside me.
Little one, be not frightened,
I and the wolf together,
Side by side, through the long, long night,

And when the falling forest
No longer crashed in warning,
Each of us went from our hiding-place
Forth in the wild, wet morning.

Darling kiss me payment!
Hark, how the winds are roaring;
Father's house is a better place
When the stormy rain is pouring!

The Midnight Bell.

BY CHARLES W. HUBNER.

Hark! from the city domes
Midnight's lone bell,
Tolling in mournful tones,
Time's passing knell.

"Twelve!" swift the echoing
Mourning flies,
Floating on silver wing
Through the calm skies.

How many a sleepless heart,
Trembles to hear
That sound float heavenward,
Sternly and clear!

Watchers by beds of pain
Wearily sigh,
Gaze on the swollen vein,
And the dim eye.

Say, will the loved one see
Morn's purple light—
Ah, an eternity
Seemeth the night!

Some for the absent pray,
On the waves tossed,
Some for a heart astray,
Some for the lost.

In dungeons, dark and dear,
Pale hands are wrung;
From the bright mansion near,
Rings the gay song.

In this rude hovel, where
Sun never smiled,
Starving forms bend in prayer
Round a dead child.

In yonder palace, grand
Glorious and cold,
A pallid miser's hand
Heaps shining gold.

"Wo for earth's miseries!"
My spirit cries,
"Wo!" from the list'ning skies,
Echo replies.

Through midnight's gloom profound
Tolling so lone,
Truly, that bell's deep sound
Rings like a groan.

Swifter than feather'd dart
Silent time flies—
Turn, sinful human heart,
Turn to the skies!

[From the Herald and Mississippi]

A Scene in the Registrar's Office.

A. B. enters and presents himself before a board of registrars to be examined, when the following dialogue takes place:

Registrar—How long have you resided in this State?

A. B.—I was born and raised within five miles of this place.

R.—Are you twenty-one years of age?

A. B.—I was fifty-five years old last March.

R.—Did you ever hold any office previous to the war?

A. B.—Yes I was a magistrate, judge and member of the Legislature.

R.—Did you engage in the late war,

against the Government of the United States, or did you give aid and comfort to the enemies thereof?

A. B.—I did engage in the late war and gave all the aid in my power to the Confederate army and the soldiers thereof; but I have never engaged in rebellion against the Government of the United States, for I hold that the foundation of all governments is the Constitution thereof; consequently the late war was waged, not against the Government, but against the party in power, who were seeking to subvert the plain principles of the Constitution, and who declared that there was a higher law than the Constitution. I also take the ground that the different oaths I have taken to support the Constitution, as an officer, were not binding longer than I held said office. If the first oath bound me for all time to come, why was it necessary to administer the same oath at the time of accepting each subsequent office.

Registrar—Can you take this oath conscientiously?

A. B.—Certainly I can; for I never have, nor do I intend to violate the plain letter and meaning of the Constitution, but on the contrary I intend at all times to defend that instrument which I regard as the most sacred document that was ever penned by man, and doubly so to me from the fact that it was cemented by the blood of my grandfathers at the battles of Bunker Hill, Landy's Lane and King's Mountain.

Registrar—Well, I am pleased with your candor and honesty, and if in my power, would gladly see you entitled to all the privileges of a loyal citizen, but as you see, I am governed by the law of Congress, and the order of the commanding General, consequently cannot administer to you the oath.

Exit A. B. with less patriotism and increased indignation.

ENTER SAMBO.

Sambo—Good mornin' Captain. R.—What's wanting uncle? S—I want to vote.

R.—You mean that you wish to register.

S.—I spose so.

R.—Well, how long have you resided in this State?

S.—What State is dis?

R.—The State of Louisiana.

S.—Well I has been ziden in St. Tammany State twenty years.

R.—Are you 21 years of age?

S.—No, sars. I is sixty so da say.

R.—Have you ever held any office?

S.—Nebber more den hog feeder and foreman, and I wish to God I held dem now for den I had plenty to eat—now dis old negro is hungry more den half his time.

R.—Did you engage in the late rebellion against the Government?

S.—I nebber shot a gun in my life. When the gray coat soldiers was treatin from Baton Rouge, and the d—d blue Yanks was arter dem I did feed the gray coats and would do it again.

R.—Well hold up your hand, (swears him)

S.—Well massa I can vote now can I?

R.—Yes, you are entitled to all the privileges of a citizen.

S.—Can I trade dis paper? (holding up the permit)

R.—No, what do you wish to trade it for.

S.—Well here sits my old master, and you told him he can't vote because he had been squire, and I want to trade it to him and let him do the voting and hold offices, and let dis old nigger feed de hogs and plow de corn, and den old massa got sense and can tell who is de best man to vote for; and I can stay at home and make plenty to eat; and have de pleasure once more of seeing all my chil'ren look slick and greeney and hear dem sing a cheerful song, a thing I have not heard since the surrender.

R.—Well, uncle, you may retire, for you are a hard case.

S.—Well, you may talk about tired, I been tired ebber since de surrender, and I gets more and more and more so ebber day when I see dese Yankers coming down here and telling the darkeys "God bless you, we are de boys dat free you" Now do da think this old nigger is a fool. Dident my old father and mother tell me dat de Yankies from Boston come to Africa where da war free and stole dem and brot dem to old Virginia and sold dem to dis my old master's daddy, and now day wants to make me believe dat da is my best friend. Well, if da had wanted me to believe dem to be a friend to de nigger, why did da not take de money dat da daddy got for my daddy and mamma and by me and my childron and set us free; then I believe dem. But tis no use talkin, de Yankee lob himself and his money so well dat he not got much lob left for his God, let alone poor old Sambo.

Why is an elephant, running forcibly against a large tree, like a traveler on a railroad?

Because he gets his trunk checked.

JOHN SMITH TURNS UP AGAIN—An exchange gives praise to an egg, which, it says, "was laid on our table by Mr. John Smith." Mr. Smith seems to be a lay-man.

The other evening a lady, who pretended to be asleep until her beau had well kissed her, woke up as if in the greatest amazement, and said, "I think you ought to be ashamed."

A Georgia paper asked whether it is supposed that Southern people will run Northern met? Prontice answers, "Well, we believe they did occasion-

ally run a few of them during the war."

NEW WOOL FACTORY,

At McKibben's old stand on Chucoloco Creek, 73 miles below Oxford and 24 above Munford. This Splendid Machinery has been purchased with a view to suit the wants of the Southern people, being clothed with the superior quality of ENGLISH CARDS, it cannot fail to give satisfaction where the wool is properly prepared. Wool will be conveyed from Depot at Munford and returned free of charge. Our old friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to call and examine our machinery.

McKIBBEN & BROTHER.

June 22, 1867.—3m.

MONTVALE SPRINGS—1867.

THIS popular Summer resort having been placed in thorough repair, and furnished with new furniture, and other improvements, on the 1st of June under the direction and control of the undersigned proprietors of the American Hotel, Atlanta Ga.

Montvale presents the strongest attractions to both the invalid and pleasure seeker, no less on account of its retirement and beauty of its surrounding scenery, than of the restorative powers of its waters. We have reduced the price of board to the lowest figures consistent with a proper provision for the entertainment of our guests.

Board per day \$2.00, per week \$20.00, per month \$60.00, with an allowance for families. Travelers by rail reach the Springs by special conveyance from Loudon, or by regular daily mail coaches from Knoxville Tenn.

WHITE & WHITLOCK.

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPE &c. E. COBBE, Artist.

(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.) Rooms first door north of E. L. Wood ward's Store. June 16, 1867

W. C. LAND,

Watchmaker, CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClellan's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with despatch and at low rates to suit the times. Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

House and Lot to Rent.

A house containing four large rooms and two entries, suitable for a boarding house, with kitchen, smoke-house, and a good garden, with choice fruit trees, and well watered, will be rented on good terms. For particulars enquire at this office. April 20, 1868.

HERE'S YOUR STOVE!

The Home Comfort!

H. G. NOBLE.

DEALER IN TIN WARE STOVES, &c.

HAS the pleasure of informing the public that the above named COOKING STOVES, which is rapidly coming into use, has arrived, and can be seen at his Shop, Corner of Alabama and Franklin streets. Having the advantage of twenty-five years' experience in the business, he can safely recommend the "Home Comfort" as being superior to any other ever offered in this market. It is more convenient, durable and economical, and therefore the most desirable. Call and see for yourself. H. G. NOBLE.

SPUN COTTON;

FOR SALE.

At Wholesale and Retail;

BY E. L. WOODWARD.

Sewing Machine for Sale.

A First-class Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine, but little worn and in good order, for sale, very low. Enquire at this Office. Feb. 16 th

Notice.

I AM preparing to go North for a Fall stock, and shall need every dollar that has been promised me at this time. I hope therefore that you will fail to meet their engagements promptly.

If you want cheap goods keep me in funds and I will furnish them. P. ROWAN.

Boarding.

FIVE or six young men, who may wish to go to school or study a profession, can be accommodated in a private family in this place, with boarding, lodging, room, fire-wood and lights, at \$15 per month, one half or more taken in produce at the market price. For further information, enquire at this Office. Jacksonville, August 10, 1867.

"WANTED to make an arrangement" with a live man in every county, who wishes to make money, and can give good references. No capital required. Will sell a business for \$1,500 per month, and rely on the profits for my pay. Address J. C. TILTON, Pittsburgh, Pa.

M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY, Attorneys at Law

AND Solicitors in Chancery, General Collecting Agents. JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Gause, St. Clair and Pickens, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Divisions of Alabama.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the public, that they have procured the large and commodious Livery stable recently kept by Mr. J. H. Sargeant, and will be prepared to accommodate all persons who may wish to hire Hacks, Buggies or saddle Horses. They will also feed transient horses and mules, and be prepared to work Gardens and Patches, and have Horses and Mules for sale upon advantageous terms to purchasers.

They will endeavor to be at all times prepared to accommodate promptly those who may desire their assistance, and therefore solicit a liberal patronage. R. H. WYNNE & CO. Jacksonville, Feb. 2, 1867.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY.

Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A LECTURE on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhea, induced by self-abuse; Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Insanity, Epilepsy, and Fits, Mental & Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bleedings, instruments, rings, or corsets, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. This Lecture will prove a Boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the publishers.

CHAS. J. K. KLINE & CO. 127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

NEW GOODS. CALICOES, DOMESTICS, &c.

Just Received and For Sale by WOODWARD

June 8, 1867.

Pay Up!

Yes, the time has arrived. Wheat is ready for market, and, you can get a fair price. I expect punctuality, for "Old times are done away."

So call in at once and pay. E. L. WOODWARD.

July 20, 1867.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all his branches. Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

November 18, 1865.—4f.

Empire Sewing Machine Co,

Principal Office, 616 Broadway, NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Machines. Empire Shuttle, Crank Motion Sewing Machine. It is thus rendered noiseless in action. Its motion being all positive, it is not liable to get out of order. It is the best Family Machine! Notice is called to our new and improved manufacturing Machine, for Tailors and Boot and Shoe Fitters. Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will be given. No consignments made. EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.

CHEAP PRINTING PAPER.

To Editors and Publishers.

LETTER FROM W. G. CLARK, Esq., PRESIDENT OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

ATLANTA, April 19, 1867.

J. S. THRASHER Esq. Dear Sir: It affords me much pleasure to communicate to you the following resolution of the Southern Press Association.

Resolved, "That as a testimonial of our appreciation for the zealous, faithful and effective service of John S. Thrasher, Esq., as Superintendent of this Association in years past, we hereby tender him the thanks of this Association, and confer upon him the complimentary position of Agent of the Southern Press Association in the City of New York."

The terms of commendation employed in the above resolution do no more than justice to your important services during your superintendency—services which none can more highly appreciate than myself. Should occasion require, I shall be glad to avail myself of the aid provided for by the resolution.

Very Respectfully, W. G. CLARK, President.

NOTICE.

I would respectfully request every daily, tri-weekly, semi-weekly, weekly and monthly journal, South of the Potomac and Ohio rivers and the 36 deg. 30 min. parallel of latitude West of the Mississippi, to publish this advertisement twice, and send to me at New York, each time, a copy of the paper containing it, post paid, with bill for the same.

It is desirable in my combinations to secure cheaper printing paper for our Southern journals, that I shall have the fullest information regarding the sizes of paper used by the several publications, and I can procure it in no other way than by requesting particular attention to the need of sending copy of the publication with the bill.

I desire it sent twice to provide against mail failures, and that they be post paid to secure post office delivery. J. S. THRASHER, Box 5939 New York, N. Y.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

12 Hours to Atlanta and \$8.00 say d 24 Hours to Chattanooga & \$18 saved.

On and after Monday June 4th, 1866, Trains on this road will run as follows:

Through Passenger & Freight Trains. Passenger trains will leave Selma daily, (except Sundays) at 4 P. M. will arrive at Blue Mountain (except Sunday) at 12 night will leave Blue Mountain (except Sundays) at 4 A. M. will arrive at Selma (except Sundays) at 12 noon.

Freight Trains, until Further Notice, Will leave Selma Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5:15 A. M. And arrive at Blue Mountain at 7:30 P. M. Will leave Blue Mountain Tuesdays, Thursdays & Saturdays at 5:15 A. M. Arrive at Selma at 7:30 P. M.

GROVESTEE & CO.

Piano-Forte Manufacturers, 409, Broadway, New York.

The attention of the public and the trade is invited to our New Scale, Seven Octave, Rosewood Piano-Fortes, which for volume and purity of tone are unrivalled by any hitherto offered in this market. They contain all the modern improvements—French grand action, hard pedal, iron frame, over-strung bass, etc.—and each instrument being made under the personal supervision of Mr. J. H. GROVESTEE, who has a practical experience of over thirty years in their manufacture, is fully warranted in every particular.

The "Grovestee Piano-Forte" Received the highest award of merit at the celebrated World's Fair.

Where were exhibited instruments from the best makers of London, Paris, Germany, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York; and also at the American Institute for five successive years, the Gold and SILVER MEDALS from both of which can be seen at our warehouses.

By the introduction of improvements we make a still more perfect Piano-Forte, and by manufacturing largely, with a strict cash system, are enabled to offer these instruments at a price which will preclude all competition.

Our prices are from \$100 to \$300 cheaper than any other first-class Piano-Forte. Terms—Net cash in current funds. Descriptive circulars SENT FREE. p. Jan. 12 1867.—1y

KEROSENE & GAS STOVES.

TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.

All the Cooking for a Family may be done with Kerosene Oil, or Gas, or with Lard, or with any other fuel.

Each Article manufactured by this Company is guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it. Send for Circular.

Liberal Discount to the Trade.

KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO., 206 PEARL STREET N. Y.

BROWN & PERKINS.

Pianos for the People 420 Broome St. N. Y.

We would call the attention of the public and the trade to our elegant New Scale Pianos in the following styles:

STYLE A, 7 octave Front large round corners, plain case, either octagon or curved legs, straight bottom, bead moulding on plinth.....\$450

STYLE B, 7 octave, same as style A, with serpentine moulding on plinth, curved legs and lyre.....\$500

STYLE C, 7 octave, Front corners large round, serpentine bottom, mouldings same as on style D, curved lyre and desk, fancy carved legs.....\$550

STYLE D, 7 octave, Four large round corners, finished back, mouldings on rim and plinth, serpentine bottom, curved lyre and desk, elegant carved fruit legs.....\$650

The above styles are all finished in elegant Rosewood cases and have the full iron frame, French action, hard pedal, beveled top, ivory keys and key fronts, and exceed in overstrung bass, nearly all the 7 1/2 octave Pianos now manufactured. They are made of the best materials, and for finish, durability, purity and sweetness of tone, cannot be surpassed.

The four styles described above, embody all the essential changes in exterior finish of cases, which are by many manufacturers run up to 15 and 20 pattern.

We invite the attention of the public, of dealers and the profession, to a critical examination of the merits of our Pianos.

By avoiding the great expense attendant upon costly factories and expensive warehouses in the city, we are enabled to offer these Pianos at prices which defy competition, and invite all to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere.

When references and testimonials are required by those about to purchase, instead of presenting a display of professional names, we refer to the parties to whom we have sold our Pianos. Their judicious use as to the real merits of our instruments as to the durability, sweetness, and power of tone, standing in tune, &c., based on an actual experience, bring of far more value than the mere good opinion of the Artist, however capable, who merely tries them in a water-room, instruments in perfect tune and order, which have just received the workmen's last finishing touches.

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS." Send for a Circular, to BROWN & PERKINS, No. 420 Broome Street, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

THE LIFE, LETTERS, SPEECHES, &c., of HON. ALEXANDER H. STEVENS.

By Henry Cleveland, Late Editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Constitutionalist.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Atlanta, Ga. Feb. 16, 1867.

POSTIVELY The Last Notice.

THE Notes and Accounts due me in Calhoun county, are in the hands of H. A. EARNES, of Jacksonville. I have waited patiently for their payment for years; and now give fair warning to all persons indebted to me, that unless they call upon Mr. Earnes, and pay them, before the 10th day of August, 1867, they will be placed in the hands of an Attorney, for collection by law, as early as possible.

Wheat and Flour of good quality, will be taken at the market price, from those who prefer paying in these articles in place of money.

July 13, 1867.—3t. C. J. CLARK.

U. S. Internal Revenue,

Collector's Office, 3d District, Alabama. Huntsville, July 6, 1867.

To the Citizens of North Alabama:

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of one Execution issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county and house door in the Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala. to the best bidder for cash, on MONDAY the 2nd day of SEPTEMBER next, 1867, all the interest of WILLIAM B. COCHRAN has in and to the following described Lands, to-wit: The north east fourth of section 27, and the north east fourth of south west fourth of section 35, and the south west fourth of the south west fourth, and the north west fourth of the north west fourth of section 35, and the south east fourth of north east fourth of section 34, all in township 14, range 6—levied on as the property of W. B. COCHRAN.

Also, the west half of the south west fourth of section 15, and the east half of south east fourth of section 16, and the north east fourth of the north east fourth of section 21, and the north west fourth of north west fourth of section 22, and the north east fourth of section 16, Township 15, Range 6—levied on as the property of A. DOWNING.

Also, the west half of section 14, and the south half of the north east fourth of section 14, and the north west fourth of the north east fourth of section 14, and the north half of south east fourth of section 10, and the north east fourth of south east fourth of section 2, and south east fourth of south east fourth of section 36, and west half of south west fourth of section 13, all in Township 15, Range 6—levied on as the property of Noah Goode.

All the above Lands levied on by virtue of one execution issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county, in favor of Calhoun county and against James Meharg, A. Downing, W. B. COCHRAN, Noah Goode, et al., to satisfy said execution.

S. D. McCLELLAN, Shf. July 27, 1867.—\$12 00.

Also at the same time and place, BY virtue of one fi. fa. issued from the circuit court of Calhoun county and to be directed, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA
SATURDAY, SEPT. 14, 1867.

Terms of Subscription.
For one year, in advance, \$3 00
For 6 months, " " 1 75
Terms of Advertising.
One square of ten lines or less,
first insertion, \$2 00
Each subsequent insertion, 1 00
Over one square counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or 12 months.
Announcement of Candidates, \$5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

D. M. FULFORD, with
BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS, of Selma, is
our authorized Agent, to contract, receive
and receipt for subscription and advertising
for the Republican.

**BLANK LAND DEEDS and
DEEDS OF TRUST,** neatly and cor-
rectly printed, for sale by the quire
or single copy, at this office. Also
every description of Blanks for Jus-
tices of the Peace.

About this time last year, in con-
sequence of the scarcity of money, we
proposed to our patrons that we would
take various articles of produce at the
market price for subscriptions due and
in advance. But it turned out that the
crops failed and produce was about as
scarce as money; consequently we have
not collected during the last year ten
per cent. of the subscription due; but
we have waited patiently until the pres-
ent time. Now we renew the same propo-
sition to take wheat, flour, corn, tallow,
beeswax, &c., and as crops are abun-
dant, we know that those who desire to
pay can pay, and if they do not, we can
come to no other conclusion than that
they never intend to do so; and will be
compelled to discontinue their papers
and collect the amount due the best
way we can. We know this proposition
is not unreasonable, and hope it will not
be unheeded in a single instance, with-
out some satisfactory reason given.

Particular attention is invited
to the card of Messrs. **Woolsey,
Walker & Co.,** Commission Mer-
chants of Selma and Mobile. These
gentlemen have business connections
and facilities for information of the state
of the markets, equal to any other
house; they have also business qualifi-
cations of the first order, the advantage
of long experience, and a well earned
reputation for fidelity to the interest of
their patrons. They likewise propose
to make cash advances, furnish bagging
and rope and supplies. We heartily
commend them to the confidence and
patronage of our friends; and hope they
will receive a liberal share of the pa-
tronage of planters in this section, as we
know it will be their interest to extend
it to them. Try this house and you will
not wish to change.

The news in this paper will be
found cheering, at least in three particu-
lars. The President's amnesty Procla-
mation—the election in Maine—the
and the prospect of the speedy completion
of the Selma and Dalton Railroad and
the Griffin & Decatur Railroad, through
this place.

See advertisement of valuable
Lands for Rent by S. C. Kelly, Esq.

School Books.

It will be seen by reference to another
column that the "Teachers' Institute"
which met in this place on the 16th
August last, adopted and recommended
a series of text books to be used in all
our schools.

The list as published last week con-
tained some errors which have been
corrected in this.

On the subject of School Books we
take pleasure in publishing an extract
from the report of the committee on text
books, adopted by the "Institute."

"Next in importance to sound, prac-
tical, accurate and adequate instruction,
is to be reckoned the choice of the text
books by which that instruction is im-
parted.

The entire character of education will
be affected by the kind of books used,
if they are inaccurate, immaterial,
limited in range, and dull and spiritless
in style, no amount of skill or enthu-
siasm in the teacher can overcome the em-
barrassments which will impede the pu-
pils progress. While, on the other
hand, the stimulus and interest of the
adapted book will often throw a chasm
around a study even without the teacher's
aid. Especially is this true of the
elementary studies. An uninteresting,
or unintelligible Reading book, whose
contents supply no information and a-
wake no interest, will almost inevitably
make drawing and monotonous readers.

A diffuse, obscure, or inaccurate
Arithmetic may beget, in minds fitted
for the highest mathematical pursuit, a
disgust, which no subsequent study can
overcome.

The pupils opening views of the laws
and works of nature may be divested
of all zest, by the tame and spiritless
medium through which they are obtain-
ed.

"Though the controlling elements of
successful study are undoubtedly found
in the teacher's capacity, interest and

fidelity, the selection of the books used
can not fail to have an important bear-
ing on the result."

The committee further says, "There
is no book in the list which has not been
successfully used in the school room,
and received the highest approval of
teachers of known ability."

We hope this effort of the "Institute"
will result in the adoption of a uniform
series of text books in all the schools of
the County, so that parents may be
saved the expense of purchasing a new
set of books every few months, and
teachers the annoyance of having a
dozen different kinds of books, on the
same subject, in his school at once.

Important Order from Gen. Pope.

Election Ordered for Delegates
to a State Convention in Alabama.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD MILITARY DISTRICT,
(Georgia, Alabama and Florida),
ATLANTA, GA., Aug. 31, 1867.

General Orders No. 59.

I. WHEREAS, By the terms of an Act
of Congress, entitled an Act to provide
for the more efficient Government of Re-
bel States, passed March 21, 1867, and the
Acts Supplementary thereto, it is
made the duty of the Commanding Gen-
eral of this Military District to cause a
Registration to be made of the male citi-
zens of the State of Alabama, 21 years
of age and upwards, and by the terms
of said Acts qualified to vote. And af-
ter such registration is complete, to or-
der an election to be held, at which the
Registered voters of said State, shall
vote for or against a Convention for the
purpose of establishing a Constitution &
Civil Government for said State, loyal
to the Union; and for Delegates to said
Convention, and to give at least thirty
days notice of the time and place at
which the election shall be held; and
the said Registration having been made
in the State of Alabama:

II. It is Ordered, That an election
be held in the State of Alabama, com-
mencing on Tuesday, the 1st day Octo-
ber, A. D. 1867, and continuing three
days, at which the registered voters of
said State may vote "for a Convention,"
or "against a Convention," and for
Delegates to constitute the Convention;
in case a majority of votes given on that
question shall be for a Convention; and
in case a majority of all such registered
voters, shall have voted on the question
of holding such Convention.

III. It shall be the duty of Boards of
Registration in Alabama, commencing
fourteen days prior to the election here-
in ordered, and giving reasonable public
notice of the time and place thereof, to
revise, for a period of five days, the
Registration lists, and, upon being sat-
isfied that any person not entitled thereto
has been registered, to strike the name
of such person from the list, and such
person shall not be allowed to vote.—
The Board of Registration shall also,
during the same period, add to such regis-
try the names of all persons who at
that time possess the qualifications
required by said act who have not been
already registered.

IV. In deciding who are to be stricken
from, or added to, the Registration
lists, the Boards will be guided by the
law and their attention is especially
drawn to the Supplementary Act dated
July 19, 1867.

V. The said election shall be held in
each county at the county seat, under
the superintendence of the Board of
Registration as provided by law, and in
accordance with instructions to be here-
after issued to said Boards.

VI. All Judges and Clerks employed
in conducting said elections shall, before
commencing to hold the same, be sworn
to the faithful performance of the duties,
and shall also take and subscribe to the
oath of office prescribed by law for offi-
cers of the United States.

VII. The polls shall be opened at
each voting place during the days
specified, at seven o'clock in the fore-
noon, and closed at six o'clock in the
afternoon, and shall be kept open be-
tween those hours without interruption
or adjournment.

VIII. The commanding officer of the
District of Alabama will issue, through
the Superintendent of Registrations for
that State, such detailed instructions as
may be necessary to the conduct of said
election in conformity with the Acts of
Congress, and as far as may be, with the
laws of Alabama.

IX. The returns required by law to
be made of the results of said election to
the Commanding General of this
Military District, will be rendered by
the persons appointed to superintend the
same, through the Commanding Officer
of the District of Alabama, and in ac-
cordance with the detailed instructions
already referred to.

X. No register who is a candidate
for election as a delegate to the Con-
vention, shall serve as a Judge of the
election in any county which he seeks
to represent.

XI. All public bar-rooms, saloons,
and other places for the sale of liquors
at retail at the several county seats,
shall be closed from six o'clock on the
evening of the 30th day of September
until six o'clock on the morning of the
4th day of October, and the Sheriff of
the county shall be held responsible for
the strict enforcement of this prohibition
by the arrest of all parties who may
transgress the same.

XII. The Sheriff of each county is
further required to be present at the
place of voting during the whole time
that the polls are kept open, and until
the election or other interruption of
good shall occur and any sheriff or
other civil officer failing to perform with
energy and good faith, the duty requir-
ed of him by this order, will upon report

made by the judges of the election, be
arrested and dealt with by military au-
thority.

XIII. The following extracts from
General Orders No. 20, from these
Headquarters, are republished for the
information and guidance of all here-
with concerned.

"12. Violence, or threats of violence
or any other oppressive means to pre-
vent any person from registering his
name or exercising his political rights,
are positively prohibited; and it is dis-
tinctly announced that no contract or
agreement with laborers, which deprives
them of their wages for any longer time
than that actually consumed in register-
ing or voting, will be permitted to be
enforced against them in this District.
And this offense, or any previously men-
tioned in this paragraph will cause the
immediate arrest of the offender and his
trial before a Military Commission."

"13. The exercise of the right of
every duly authorized voter, under the
late Acts of Congress, to register and
vote, is guaranteed by the Military Au-
thorities of this District, and all persons
whoever are warned against any at-
tempt to interfere to prevent any man
from exercising this right under any
pretext whatever, other than objection
by the usual legal mode."

XIV. The registered voters of the
several counties of the State of Alabama
shall vote at said election for Delegates
to the Convention, according to the fol-
lowing apportionment, made in conform-
ity to the provisions of the second sec-
tion of the Supplementary Act, dated
March 25th, 1867:

APPORTIONMENT.

1. To the counties of Dale, Henry
and Coffee, three Delegates.
2. To the counties of Butler and Cov-
ington, two delegates.
3. To the county of Conecuh, one
delegate.
4. To the counties of Monroe and
Baldwin, two delegates.
5. To the county of Mobile, five de-
legates.
6. To the county of Barbour, three
delegates.
7. To the counties of Pike and Bul-
lock, four delegates.
8. To the county of Crenshaw, one
delegate.
9. To the county of Lowndes, three
delegates.
10. To the county of Wilcox, three
delegates.
11. To the county of Clarke, one de-
legate.
12. To the counties of Washington,
and Choctaw, two delegates.
13. To the county of Russell, two
delegates.
14. To the county of Macon, two de-
legates.
15. To the county of Montgomery,
five delegates.
16. To the county of Dallas, five de-
legates.
17. To the county of Marengo, three
delegates.
18. To the counties of Sumter and
Pickens, four delegates.
19. To the county of Lee, two de-
legates.
20. To the counties of Elmore and
Autauga, three delegates.
21. To the county of Perry, three
delegates.
22. To the counties of Green and
Hale, five delegates.
23. To the counties of Chambers and
Tallapoosa, three delegates.
24. To the county of Coosa, one de-
legate.
25. To the county of Shelby, one
delegate.
26. To the county of Randolph, one
delegate.
27. To the county of Bibb, one de-
legate.
28. To the counties of Talladega &
Clay, three delegates.
29. To the county of Tuscaloosa,
two delegates.
30. To the counties of Calhoun and
Cleburne, two delegates.
31. To the county of St. Clair, one
delegate.
32. To the county of Jefferson, one
delegate.
33. To the counties of Walker and
Fayette, one delegate.
34. To the counties of Jones, Ma-
rion and Winston, one delegate.
35. To the counties of Blount and
Baine, two delegates.
36. To the county of Cherokee, one
delegate.
37. To the county of DeKalb, one
delegate.
38. To the county of Jackson, two
delegates.
39. To the county of Marshall, one
delegate.
40. To the county of Morgan, one
delegate.
41. To the county of Lawrence two
delegates.
42. To the county of Madison three
delegates.
43. To the counties of Lauderdale
and Limestone, three delegates.
44. To the counties of Franklin and
Colbert, two delegates.

JOHN POPE.

Major-General Commanding

COTTON PLANTERS.—Should prepare for
gathering the crop, and we offer a little advice
on that subject, which may prove beneficial.

The season for chills and fever is now upon
you at a time when you need all the assist-
ance you can get. If you will send and pro-
cure a few bottles of Dromgoole & Co.'s King
of Chills, it will save you much time and money.

It will remove the torpid liver, cleanse
the stomach, opens the bowels, and never
fails to immediately break up all forms of
chills and fever, without affecting the head.
It makes permanent cures. See Advertis-
ment.

LATEST NEWS.



SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 5.—Waight,
elected Governor. Congressmen in the
First District and nearly all the solid
Democratic Legislative delegation from
San Francisco and Sacramento elected.
This prevents the re-election of Senator
Conniss.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Stocks dull but
steady. Sterling 9 1/2 to 10 Gold 42 1/2.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2, 1867.—John-
son's new policy which has been under
consideration for the last two weeks, is
now matured and will be publicly devel-
oped in a few days.

A general amnesty proclamation is
envisaged in the plan and will be speed-
ily issued.

This amnesty is intended to give the
right of suffrage to many now disfran-
chised.

Its constitutionality and legality will
be backed up with an elaborate opinion
of Attorney General Staunton.

The whole is to be issued in the form
of a military order and to be re-opened,
and elections are to be postponed or de-
layed until those newly enfranchised un-
der this order are registered.

**Three Cheers for
California!
Connecticut First,
Kentucky Next,
California Now,
Look out for the At-
lantic States!**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7, 1867.

President Johnson is said to be high-
ly elated with the Democratic victory in
California, and predicts similar results
at the elections in the Atlantic States.
Latest returns from there show a Demo-
cratic majority in the Legislature, thus
cutting off all probability of a Republi-
can Senator to succeed Conniss.

In the forthcoming pardon procla-
mation four classes are excepted. First,
those convicted, or against whom legal
proceedings are pending. Second,
the foreign agents of the Confederacy.
Third, Military officers above Brigadier
General, and Naval officers above Cap-
tains. Fourth, persons implicated in
the assassination of Lincoln.

The President has directed copies of
his late proclamation to be sent to all
who have taken the oath to support the
Constitution; so that they may know
officially what is required of them ac-
cording to the document.

The President has instructed the
heads of the several executive depart-
ments to furnish each person holding
appointment in their respective depart-
ments, with an official copy of the Procla-
mation of the 3rd inst. with instruc-
tions to observe strictly its requirements
for an earnest support of the Constitu-
tion and a faithful execution of the laws
which have been made in pursuance
thereof.

San Francisco advices announce the
election of an entire Democratic State
ticket by about nine thousand majority.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—Money closed
easier 3 to 5 on call, with large supply
and moderate demand. Gold closed at
42 1/2 to 43.

MOBILE, Sept. 6.—Cotton market
continues dull and almost nominal with
sales of 70 bales middlings at 22 to 22 1/2.

**FROM MONTGOMERY.
Colored Speaker Mobbed!**

The Military Ordered Out!!

Quiet and Order Restored!!!

Special to the Advertiser and Register.

MONTGOMERY, Sept. 5.

Williams, a colored man from Ten-
nessee, made a speech here to-day.—
His remarks were conservative and cen-
sorious, but denunciatory of the Loyal
Leaguers.

At the conclusion of his speech he
was assaulted by a mob of colored leagu-
ers, but before receiving any serious
damage, was rescued by the military, a
company of United States cavalry dis-
persing the rioters at the point of the
sabre.

Quiet has been restored. J. F. S.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.
Sept. 8, 1867.

The following proclamation was is-
sued this morning by the President of
the United States of America;

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, on the ninth of July, 1862
the two houses of Congress, with extra-
ordinary unanimity solemnly declared
that the war then existing, was not wag-

ed on the part of the government, in
any spirit of oppression, nor for any
purpose of conquest or subjugation, nor
purpose of overthrowing or interfering
with the rights or established institu-
tions of the states, but to defend and
maintain the supremacy of the Consti-
tution and to preserve the Union with
all the dignity, equality and rights of
the several states unimpaired; and that,
as soon as these objects should be ac-
complished, the war ought to cease;
and

Whereas: The President of the United
States on the 8th day of December
A. D. 1863, and on the 26th day of
March A. D. 1864, did with the object
of suppressing the then existing Rebel-
lion and of inducing persons to return
to their loyalty and restoring the au-
thority of the United States, issue Procla-
mations offering amnesty and pardon
to all persons who had directly or indi-
rectly participated in the then existing
rebellion, except as in those proclama-
tions was specified and reserved: and

Whereas: The President of the United
States did on the 29th day of May
A. D. 1865, issue a further proclama-
tion with the same objects before men-
tioned, and to the end that authority of
the Government of the United States
might be restored, and that peace, order
and freedom might be established;
and the President did in the last men-
tioned Proclamation proclaim and de-
clare that he thereby granted to all per-
sons who had directly or indirectly par-
ticipated in the then existing Rebellion,
except as therein excepted, amnesty and
pardon, with restoration of all rights of
property, except as to slaves, and ex-
cept in certain cases where legal pro-
ceedings had been instituted, but upon
condition that such person should take
and subscribe an oath therein prescribed
which oath should be registered for per-
manent preservation: and

Whereas: In and by the said last
mentioned Proclamation of the 29th of
May, A. D. 1865, fourteen extensive
classes of persons, therein specially de-
scribed were altogether excepted and
excluded from the benefits thereof: and

Whereas: The President of the United
States did on the 2nd day of April,
A. D. 1866, issue a proclamation de-
claring that the insurrection was at an
end, and was thenceforth to be so re-
garded: and

Whereas: There now exists no or-
ganized or armed resistance of misguid-
ed citizen or others to the authority of
the United States, in the states of Geor-
gia, South Carolina, Virginia, North
Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisi-
ana, Arkansas, Mississippi, Florida and
Texas, and the laws can be sustained
and enforced therein by the proper civil
authority, State or Federal, and the
people of said States are well and loyal-
disposed, and have conformed, or if
permitted to do so, will conform in their
legislation to the condition of affairs
growing out of the amendment to the
Constitution of the United States pro-
hibiting slavery within the limits and
jurisdiction of the United States: and

Whereas: There no longer exists any
reasonable ground to apprehend, within
the States which were involved in the
late rebellion, any renewal thereof, or
any unlawful resistance by the people of
said States to the Constitution and laws
of the United States: and

Whereas: Large standing armies,
military occupation, martial law, mili-
tary tribunals, and the suppression of
the privilege of the writ of habeas cor-
pus and the right of trial by jury, are
in times of peace dangerous to public
liberty, incompatible with the individual
rights of citizens contrary to the genius
and spirit of our free institutions, and
exhaustive of the national resources,
and ought not, therefore, to be sanction-
ed or allowed except in cases of actual
necessity for repelling invasion, or sup-
pressing insurrection or rebellion: and

Whereas: A retaliatory or vindictive
policy attended by unnecessary disquali-
fications, pains, penalties, confiscation
and disfranchisements, now as always,
could only tend to hinder reconstruction
among the people and national restora-
tion while it most seriously embarrass-
es and represses the popular energies
and national industry and enter-
prise: and

Whereas: For these reasons it is now
deemed essential to the public welfare
and to the more perfect restoration of
constitutional law and order that the
said last mentioned Proclamation as
aforesaid issued on the 29th day of May
A. D. 1865 shall be modified, and that
the full and beneficial pardon conceded
thereby should be opened and further
extended to a large number of the per-
sons who by its aforesaid exceptions
have been hitherto excluded from exec-
utive clemency: now therefore:

Be it known that I, **ANDREW
JOHNSON**, President of the United
States, do hereby proclaim and declare
that the full pardon described in the said
Proclamation of the 29th day of May,
A. D. 1865, shall henceforth be opened
and extended to all persons who direct-
ly or indirectly participated in the re-
bellion, with the restoration of all privi-
leges, immunities and rights of prop-
erty, except as to property with regard
to slaves, and except in cases of legal
proceedings under the laws of the United
States, but upon the condition never-
theless, that every such person who
shall seek to avail himself of this Procla-
mation shall take and subscribe the
following oath, and shall cause the same
to be registered for permanent preserva-
tion in the same manner and with the
same effect as with the oath prescribed
in the said Proclamation of the 29th
day of May, A. D. 1865, namely:

I do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the
presence of Almighty God, that I will
henceforth faithfully support, protect

and defend the Constitution of the United
States, and the Union of the States
thereunder; and that I will in like
manner, abide by and faithfully support
all laws and proclamations which have
been made during the late rebellion
with reference to the emancipation of
slaves. So help me, God.

The following persons, and no others
are excluded from the benefit of this
proclamation, and of the said proclama-
tion of the 29th day of May, A. D.
1865, to-wit:

1st. The Chief Magistrate, chief ex-
ecutive officers, including the President,
the Vice President, and all heads of
Departments of the pretended Confed-
erate or Rebel Government, and all who
were agents thereof in foreign States
and countries, and all who held or pre-
tended to hold in the service of the said
pretended Confederate Government, a
military rank or title above the grade of
Brigadier General, or naval rank above
captain, and all who were or pretended
to be Governors of States, while main-
taining, abetting or submitting to and
acquiescing in the Rebellion.

2nd. All persons who in any way
treated otherwise than as lawful prison-
ers all persons who in any capacity
were employed or engaged in the mili-
tary or naval service of the United
States.

3rd. All persons who at the time
they may seek to obtain the benefits of
this proclamation, are actually in civil,
military or naval confinement or custo-
dy, or legally held to bail, either before
or after conviction, and all persons
who were engaged directly or indirectly
in the assassination of the late President
of the United States, or in any plot or
conspiracy in any manner therewith
connected.

In testimony whereof, I have signed
these presents with my hand, and have
caused the seal of the United States to
be thereto affixed.

Done at the City of Washing-
ton on the 7th day of Septem-
ber, A. D. 1867.

ANDREW JOHNSON.
By the President,
WM. H. SEWARD, Sec'y of State.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 9.—Gov. Helm
died yesterday at his residence near
Elizabethtown. The funeral will take
place Tuesday, just one week from the
day of his inauguration.

MAINE ELECTION.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The heavy
Radical loss in Maine creates intense ex-
citement here. The Lower House which
last session had but 13 Democrats, is
now claimed by that party. The great
central States, New York, Pennsylvania
and Ohio are claimed as certain, &
the defeat of negro suffrage in Ohio
seems conceded.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Gold 44 1/2.

BANGOR, Maine, Sept. 10.—The re-
sult of the election yesterday in Maine
has astonished both parties. The im-
mense Republican majority of last year,
which was 23,000, has been nearly, if
not entirely overcome, and it will take
some days to decide certainly whether
the Radical candidate for Governor is
elected or not. The counties of York,
Knox, Lincoln, Washington and Ar-
rowsak have certainly been gained by
the Democrats, and others are in doubt.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Gold 45 1/2 &
strong.

Sims Kelley Estate.

Land Renting, for 1868.

BY virtue of an order from the Probate
Court, I will, on the 1st day of Octo-
ber, (being the 1st Tuesday) rent, on the
premises, 4 miles south of Jacksonville, the
Real Estate belonging to the Estate of Sims
Kelley, for the year 1868. The Land is in
good condition—well improved—and over
300 acres fit for cultivation. Note and secu-
rity required from the parties renting—fur-
ther particulars stated on day of renting.

SAM'L C. KELLEY,
Executor, &c.

September 10, 1867.—Ad.

House-Carpenters and Millwrights.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the
citizens of Jacksonville and surround-
ing country, that they are prepared to ex-
ecute promptly, and in the neatest and most
durable manner, all kinds of House-carpenter
and Millwright work, upon terms as low as
can be engaged elsewhere. One of them learned
the trade with Mr. J. J. Adolph, and the other
with Mr. E. G. Morris, both known
to be first class workmen.

Their shop is on Grove street Jacksonville.
Patrons respectfully solicited, and per-
fect satisfaction with work guaranteed.

GEORGE ROWLAND,
Sept. 14, '67. **JOHN RUSH.**

ADMINISTRATOR'S Sale of Land.

UNDER and by virtue of an order and
decree of the Probate court of Calhoun
county, Ala., made on the 3rd day of June,
1867, I will, as Administrator of the Estate
of Robert Harper, deceased, sell to the high-
est bidder, before the court house door in the
Town of Jacksonville, Calhoun county, Ala.,
on Tuesday the 15th day of October, 1867,
the following described Land, to-wit:

The south west fourth of south east fourth,
and north west fourth of south east fourth,
of section 4—the south half and north west fourth
of north east fourth, and south east fourth
of north west fourth, and 5 acres in the north
west corner of the north east fourth of north
east fourth, so as to include all of said Lot
lying on west of Cane creek of section 2—also
so south west fourth of north west fourth and
south west fourth of south west fourth of sec-
tion 10, all in Township 14 of Range 11 east
in Coosa Land District.

TERMS OF SALE. The above described
Land will be sold on a credit of TWELVE
MONTHS, with interest from date of sale and
approved security required.

JAMES D. THOMPSON, Admin-
istrator.
Aug. 31, 1867.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,
HAS recently acquired the
profession in all its branches, and
Office, N. W. Corner of Public
Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
November 12, 1867.—Ad.

For the Republican.

TWO PRISONS.

By J. L. JEFFERSON.

Above, beneath, and all around
Are flowing walls of rough-hewn
stone.
Whose arches echo every sound,
And make unearthly every tone;
Two massive doors of iron are fast
Across a threshold dark as night,
And oft my eyes toward them are cast,
But seldom ever see the light.

On either side there stands a grate,
But so filled up with iron and rust,
That scarce a ray dares penetrate
The spider webs and heaps of dust;
Each nook seems veiled with death-like
gloom.
And, sighing, look which way I will,
The light that shines across the room,
Makes gloominess more gloomy still.

With aching heart and weary mind,
I seek rest for my aching head,
But little is the rest I find
Reclining on a rough rock bed;
And here I'm doomed to spend my time
Alone and friendless now I stand,
Because I've been accused of crime
Committed by another's hand.

But still this cell, as thus described,
With all its gloom, so drear, so dark,
Would be a princely hall beside
The prison of a sinful heart;
For, all there is a prison cell,
Within the prison of the soul,
Whose wretchedness no tongue can tell
Till countless ages cease to roll.

Its walls are far more strong than these;
Unnumbered thousands dwell within,
And naught on earth can turn the keys
To free them from those walls of sin;
The inmates of that dreadful place
Are not held there without a cause,
For they have sinned the throne of
grace,
And disobeyed our Maker's laws.

But thanks to God! there is a key
Which can unlock that prison door,
And set the wretched convicts free,
If they will go and sin no more;
This key no human hand controls,
'Tis held by one who rules above—
'Tis peace, 'tis life to dying souls,
It is our great Redeemer's Love.
Jacksonville, Ala. Sep. 5, 1867.

The Montgomery Mail of the 7th
inst in commenting on the platform of
the recent Conservative Convention at
Montgomery, says:

The MAIL has never entered an opposi-
tion to the holding of a Convention,
for reasons which we stated in our reply
to the letter of Hon. B. H. Hill. Making
no opposition to what we believed
to be inevitable, the Conservatives find
themselves united upon what is really
the strong line of defence, the election
of able, honest, men to the Convention.
This is the only question now before us.
Shall we elect Conservatives or Republi-
cans, Moderates or Radicals, to the
State Convention? He who opposes the
Conservative organization! The mass-
ing of the forces of the latter into a
compact and threatening party, com-
pelled the former reluctantly to collect
their forces and intrench. The two
lines of battle are face to face in Ala-
bama. On the one side stand the
cohorts of Disruption, Military Violence,
Lawlessness, Secrecy, Confiscation,
Disfranchisement, banishment, and
Suppression of Free Press and Free
Speech! On the other side stand the
ranks of Rights of State, Union, Con-
stitutional Obligation, Judicial Supre-
macy, Freedom of Speech, Freedom
of the Press, Universal Amity,
Peace, Friendship of Races, Law and
Order! The skirmishers of the respec-
tive lines are already well to the front,
and the contest must soon begin. It is
no time for buttermilk rangers and
guerrillas to hang around the flanks.—
Every man to his post, and when the
signal gun is heard, let the Conserva-
tives, in a united line, advance to the
contest, and may God defend the right!

THE LATE DISTURBANCE.—The negro
League mob was expeditiously quenched
by the United States cavalry on Thurs-
day night. Joe Williams, the colored
Tennessee orator, was attended to the
depot by a detachment of cavalry yester-
day morning early, and he doubtless
filled his appointments at Natchez and
Lynchburg. Our streets yesterday
morning present a quiet appearance,
though small squads of insurrectionary
negroes were to be seen on the street
corners, discussing their late abortive
attempt at a riot.

This failure should be a fair warning
to the colored people of Montgomery.—
It should teach them that if they persist
in following the insidious counsel of the
bad white men in our midst, a war of
races will be the inevitable result; and
their extermination will follow as a nat-
ural sequence. The United States
soldiers at this post will preserve order
at all hazards, judging from their
prompt and efficient action on Thursday
evening. Of this, certain negroes and
their low white advisers may be certain.
The law and order of the State will be
maintained, and free speech and free
press guaranteed to all. We do not
attach much blame to the negroes who
attended the riot. They are deluded
and led on by base, bad white men,
who, as soon as they incite their cred-
ulous and ignorant followers to an open
violation of the law, will sneak out of
harm's way and thus preserve their
miserable, cowardly carcasses, and leave
their black followers, their superiors in
every respect, to take care of themselves.
The negroes of the South will yet learn
that the Southern people—those who

have been raised among them—are the
true and best friends of the black men,
and the sooner they learn this fact the
better for them. The late revolt and
gross violation of the law should be laid
at the door of the "Loyal League."—
That detestable oath-bound concern is
responsible for the outbreak.
Montgomery Mail 7th.

We are permitted to make the fol-
lowing extract from a letter addressed to
Col. R. B. Kyle of this place: We
give it as an item of vast importance to
the people of this section.

Gadsden Times.

GRIFFIN, GA., Sept. 2d, 1867.

Mr. R. B. Kyle, Gadsden, Ala.

Dear Sir: I have just concluded a
contract to construct and equip com-
plete, the Savannah, Griffin and North
Alabama Railroad from Griffin to Jack-
sonville, in your State, and thence to
Decatur according to the circumstances
which may transpire in regard to that
extension. I am contracting on behalf
of men of ample resources who are as-
sociated with me in New York, and we
shall complete the route with all pos-
sible despatch. P. C. WRIGHT.

SELMAS, ROME AND DALTON RAIL-
ROAD.—We were happy to meet on last
evening our fellow citizen, Judge Jno.
T. Heflin, who has just returned from
New York, whither he went in connec-
tion with other members of the Board of
Directors, on business connected with
the interests of that road.

We are gratified to learn from him
that such arrangements have been effect-
ed with New York capitalists as will,
it is believed, insure the completion of
this important road.

The connection with Rome will be
made by Dec. 1868, and with Dalton
in reasonable time thereafter. In the
meantime, funds have been arranged
for, to meet and provide for the bonded
and floating debt of the company. This
we doubt not, will be gratifying news
to all our citizens.—Selma Times.

Text Books.

The Convention of Teachers, which
assembled in Jacksonville on the 16th
of August, unanimously adopted the fol-
lowing text books, and recommended
their use in all the Schools of the Coun-
ty.

For Primary and Intermediate
Schools.

- Sanders' Union Pictorial Primer, or
Sterling's Southern
- Sanders' Primary Speller, or
Sterling's Elementary Speller,
Sellers' Union Speller,
- Union Readers Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, or
Sterling's Southern Readers Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4,
and 5.
- Sanders' and McElligott's Analysis,
Robinson's Primary Arithmetic,
Rudiments of Written Arithmetic,
Progressive Intellectual Arithmetic,
Practical
- New Elementary Algebra
- Kerl's First Lessons in English Grammar,
Common School
- Quackenbush's First Lessons in English Com-
position.
- Jay's Primary Physiology.
- Cornell's First Step in Geography.
- Grammar School Geography.
- Guyot's State Map Drawing Cards.
- Philips' Philosophy for Beginners.
- Chemistry for Beginners.
- Wood's Object Lessons in Botany.
- Spencerian Copy Books.
- Bryant & Stratton's Common School Book-
keeping.
- Sterling's Southern Speller.

For High Schools.

- Quackenbush's Composition & Rhetoric,
National Reader No. 5.
- Jay's Physiology & Laws of Health.
- Whately's Elements of Logic.
- Robinson's Higher Arithmetic.
- New University Algebra.
- " Geometry & Trigonometry.
- Surveying and Navigation.
- Analytical Geometry and Conic
Sections.
- Differential and Integral Calculus.
- Elementary & University Astron-
omy.
- Cornell's High School Geography & Atlas.
- Wells' Natural Philosophy.
- Elements of Chemistry.
- Elements of Geology.
- Colton's Physical Geography.
- Northeast's Dictionary Exercises.
- Problems in "Voice and Action."
- Hickok's Moral Science.
- Hickok's Mental Science.
- Alexander's Evidence of Christianity.
- Bryant & Stratton High School Book-keeping.

Classical Series.

- Bullions' Latin Lessons.
- " New Latin Grammar.
- " Reader.
- " Cicero's Commentaries.
- " Cicero's Virgil.
- " Cicero's Orationes.
- Bullions' Sallust.
- " Livy and Tacitus.
- Bullions' Latin-English Dictionary.
- Arnold's Latin Prose Composition.
- Bullions' Greek Lessons.
- " New Greek Grammar.
- " Reader.
- Owen's Xenophon's Anabasis.
- " Homer's Iliad.
- Johnston's Herodotus.
- Arnold's Greek Prose Composition

Miscellaneous Books, &c.

- Webster's Dictionaries, Primary, High School
and Quarto.
- Guyot's Wall-Maps, English and Classical.
- Clark's Comprehensive English Grammar.
- Clark's Elements of the English Language.
- Leverett's Latin Lexicon.
- Liddell & Scott's Greek Lexicon.
- Perce's Magnetic Globe.

Books of Reference.

- Webster's Illustrated Quarto Dictionary.
- Lippincott's Pronouncing Gazetteer of the
World.
- Appleton's Cyclopaedia of Biography.
- Appleton's New American Cyclopaedia.
- Cyclopedia of Useful Arts—A. S. Barnes & Co.
- Chambers' Encyclopedia.
- Author's Classical Dictionary.

Every Teacher should Possess the Fol-
lowing Books.

- Page's Theory and Practice of Teaching.
- Northeast's Parent and Teacher.
- The School and School Master.
- Northeast's Teacher's Assistant.
- Clark's Elements of Education.
- Ogden's Script of Teaching.
- Barnard's Paper for Teachers.
- Root's School Annals.

Stone's Teachers' Examiner.
Barnard's School Architecture.
History of Education.
Dewhite's Higher Christian Education.
Watson's Handbook of Calisthenics and
Gymnastics.

Teachers are requested to preserve a
copy of this list of books.

The "Teachers' Institute" will again
meet at Cross Plains, on Saturday, the
12th day of October next.

Jno. A. FLEMING,
Secretary.

Religious Notice.

The Jacksonville Bible Society at a
late meeting employed the Rev. B. B.
McClellan as a Colporteur for Calhoun
county, and other parts of the country,
that he may be able and see practicable
to visit. We ask of all, who love the
bible, the truth it contains and the
fruits that grow out of its practice, to
give him liberal contributions as well as
a warm and reception, thus enabling
the society to extend this important
work. Many families are without the
bible and have no money to buy, these
should be furnished; some are without,
not for the want of money, but from
the want of an opportunity to buy,
these should have a Colporteur.

We have a fine little lot of bibles and
testaments and can get more—with the
money help to distribute these, help
to buy more, and circulate them.
Help, the people are needy—the soci-
ety alive—willing; you will do nothing
more than your duty.
CHAS. KING, Ch'm'n,
Corresponding Committee.
Sept. 5, 1867.

New Sewing Machine.—We exam-
ined the other day a new Sewing Machine, man-
ufactured by Bliss & McCathorn, of Louis-
ville, Ky. This is called the "Common Sense
Family Sewing Machine," & comes nearer be-
ing what the name indicates, than any of
the machines we have ever examined, by its
simplicity of construction, its durability, and
freedom from complication and liability to
get out of order, and if it should, can easily
understand in all its parts, and repaired or
put in order by any lady using it. It works
smoothly, neatly and rapidly, and is warrant-
ed by the manufacturers to perform good
work for three years. It is cheap and we
have little doubt but it will be found more
useful and valuable than many descriptions
of machines which cost more than three times
its price.

Mr. J. M. Forbes, of Oxford, is agent for
the sale of these machines in this State, and
will take the names of persons who may de-
sire them, and deliver the machines at any
specified time. Mr. F. will pass through the
country, and exhibit a model machine, and in
his absence, a note addressed to him at
Oxford will be attended to.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to
health in a few weeks by a very simple reme-
dy, after having suffered for several years with
a severe lung affection, and that dread disease
Consumption—is anxious to make known to
his fellow sufferers the means of cure.
To all who desire it, he will send a copy of
the prescription used (free of charge), with
the directions for preparing and using the
same, which they will find a sure cure for
Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs,
Colics, and all Throat and Lung Affections.
The only object of the advertiser in sending
the prescription is to relieve suffering, and
spread information which he believes to be
invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will
try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing,
and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing
the prescription, name, by return mail, will
please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from
Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all
the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for
the sake of suffering humanity, send free to
all who need it, the recipe and directions for
making the simple remedy by which he was
cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the ad-
vertiser's experience, can do so by addressing,
in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN,
42 Cedar Street, New York.

THE
MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.

A New Feature.

Having determined, in addition to the us-
ual political, miscellaneous and local matter,
to devote a column daily and a page weekly,
to the promotion of the Agricultural, Stock
Raising, Domestic and Sporting interests of
Alabama, we respectfully solicit contributions
or correspondence on these topics. There be-
ing no other paper in the State giving special
attention to this department, we trust the Ad-
vertiser will receive the co-operation and sup-
port of those interested.

The politics of the *Advertiser* are thor-
oughly independent and conservative, dealing just-
ly and fairly with all men, and holding itself
above all factions and all parties, for the good
of the State and country.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY.	
One copy, one month	\$1 00
" " three months	2 50
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" " twelve months	10 00

WEEKLY.	
One copy, three months	\$1 50
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All subscriptions are payable strictly in ad-
vance; and, at the expiration of the time for
which payment is made, unless previously re-
newed, the name of the subscriber will be
stricken from our books.

REID & SCREWS,
Editors and Proprietors.

Just Received,
Domestic,
Calicoes, &c.

By
E. L. WOODWARD.

By the Governor of Alabama,
A PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
STATE OF ALABAMA.

WHEREAS, information has reached this
Department, that an atrocious murder
was recently committed in Cleburne county
upon the body of Michael Fessenden; and
Whereas, it is formally charged, that the
said murder was perpetrated by JOSEPH
MARKS; and it appearing that the said
Marks has fled from justice, and is still run-
ning at large:

Now, therefore, with a view of vindicating
the outraged law, and having the murderer
brought to condign punishment, I, R. M. Pat-
ton, Governor of the State of Alabama, by
virtue of the power and authority in me ve-
sted, do issue this my proclamation, offering
a reward of

Three Hundred Dollars

to any person who may arrest the said Jo-
seph Marks, and deliver him into the custo-
dy of the Sheriff of Cleburne county.

Given under my hand and the
Great Seal of the State, at the
city of Montgomery, this 5th
day of June, A. D. 1867, and
of the Independence of the United
States of America the
ninety-first.

R. M. PATTON.

By the Governor,
MICHAEL TALL,
Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Joseph Marks is low in stature; stout and
heavy built, weighs about one hundred and
seventy-five pounds; he is about twenty-five
years of age; he has blue eyes, light hair,
which was quite long when he fled; his com-
plexion is fair. He is short and stocky. The
scars on the left foot have been cut, so that
it hangs down. The first and third toes on
the same foot, incline towards each other, and
nearly if not quite touch.

REDUCED RATES.

THE
MONTGOMERY MAIL,
ISSUED

Daily and Weekly.

AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.

By J. CARR GIBSON & Co.,
Proprietors.

JOSEPH HODGSON, } Editors.
J. F. WHITEFIELD, }

The proprietors of the MAIL take pleasure
in announcing that they have materially re-
duced the Rates of Advertising and Subscrip-
tion, to wit:

On and after the first day of June, 1867,
rates of Subscription and Advertising will be
as follows:

TERMS OF THE DAILY MAIL.

Twelve months	\$10 00
Six months	5 00
Three months	2 00
One month	1 00
Two weeks	50
One week	25
Single copies	10

Newsboys and Dealers will be furnished at
the rate of 50 cents per dozen.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY MAIL

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY
MORNING.

One copy, 1 year	\$4 00
One copy, 6 months	2 50
Clubs of Ten, one year	30 00
Clubs of Twenty, one year	60 00

All subscriptions to the paper are discoun-
tined so soon as the time expires for which
payment has been made, unless renewed.

THE MAIL has a CIRCULATION IN ALABAMA
UNRIVALLED BY ANY OTHER NEWSPAPER, and is
rapidly on the increase. It is the official or-
gan of the City of Montgomery, and, since
the first day of January last, has been award-
ed the publication of the list of letters in ac-
cordance with the law, requiring this list to
be published in the paper having the

LARGEST CIRCULATION.

In Politics, the MAIL is a fearless and in-
dependent advocate of CONSTITUTIONAL CONSER-
VATIVE UNION PRINCIPLES.

THE DAILY MAIL contains all the latest be-
trugings of general intelligence, full proce-
dure of legislative bodies, &c., &c., while the
WEEKLY MAIL, being one of the Largest Sheets
in the South, is filled with reading matter of
interest, embracing all the current news of the
week.

Subscriptions, Advertising and Job Print-
ing solicited.

25¢ MONEY IN REGISTERED LETTERS, may be
sent at our risk.

JUST PUBLISHED.

NEW WORK ON SINGING.

BASSINI'S

Twenty Melodic Exercises,

IN FORM OF

SOLFEGGIOS FOR SOPRANO OR

MEZZO SOPRANO VOICES,

INTENDED AS

Studies to acquire the Art of Sing-
ing.

"These exercises were composed to be used
simultaneously with his system, 'THE ART
OF SINGING,' or with any other method for
the cultivation of the voice, and will take the
place of CONCONE'S SOLFEGGIOS; being
more melodious and better adapted for
teaching.

"Some of these exercises are specially beau-
tiful as well as useful, a mingling of the *duce*
et utile, which secures the interest as well
as the improvement of the student. The va-
rious styles developed in these exercises re-
view them invaluable in an educational point
of view, as they tend to enlarge the intelli-
gence of the pupil. They must be studied
carefully with reference to the innumerable
marks of expression and forms of ornamenta-
tion. Upon the minute accuracy with which
these are accomplished depends the actual ad-
vancement of the pupil; any evasion or
slurring in these respects is time and effort
wasted, while, on the other hand a
thorough and patient investigation, and minute
faithful execution of them, will give unex-
pected power and facility, and open to the
student the means and resources by which great
artists produce their most brilliant and pro-
found respect."—*Watson's Art Journal*.

In Two Volumes,

Price, each, in Boards, Retail, \$2 00
do. do. in Cloth, Retail, \$2 50

A Sample Copy sent by Mail, post-paid, on
receipt of Wholesale Price, \$1.50.

Published by WM. HALL & SON,

No. 543 Broadway, N. Y.

Publishers and dealers in Music and Manu-
facturers of CUTS, FIRES, PLATEGLASS,
&c., &c., &c. Send for catalogue of prices.

Woolsey, Walker, & Co.
COTTON FACTORS

AND
Commission Merchants,

SELMAS and MOBILE.

Are prepared to advance Bag-
ging, Rope, Ties, Supplies, &
Money to their friends, and to sell
at the highest market price all Cotton and
other produce consigned to them at either Selma
or Mobile. Sept. 7, 1867.—3m.

CHILLS AND FEVER.

Can the Chills be cured in every instance
without affecting the head? Is there no medi-
cine that will satisfy our people, that will
permanently eradicate all forms of Chills and
Fever? Yes, it can be done. What is its
name and where can it be had?

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
KING OF CHILLS

Is to-day, the most worthy and substantial
Chill medicine now before the Southern peo-
ple. It never fails to give the most perfect
satisfaction in every respect. Every planta-
tion should buy one dozen bottles at a time.

BILLIOUS FEVER

Which is so common on all our rivers, lakes,
bayous, swamps, etc. can be easily cured by
using our "King of Chills," which immedi-
ately arouses the Liver, cleanses the Stomach,
opens the bowels, and never fails to cure the
worst forms of Chills and Fever. Chills
are so easily cured by its use, that it is folly
to suffer any longer.

FARMERS & PLANTERS

Everywhere could save much time and money
among their hands by keeping a constant
supply of King of Chills on hand, as it makes
quick and permanent cures without affecting
the return, and is a powerful tonic to prevent a
return.

We appeal to all who suffer with chills.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
English Female Bitters,

A beautiful medicinal compound, prepared
by a course of regular and experienced phy-
sicians who have been practicing medicine in
the South for twenty years.

This Female Regulator is a powerful Uteri-
ne Tonic, arousing the Womb to a healthy
action, thereby curing painful, suppressed or
irregular menstruation, fainting of the Womb,
Constipation, Stomach, Nerves, Effects of
Mercury, Scrophula, Glandular Tumors and
Swelling, old Ulcers, and Stomach and
Intestines of the Head, Pimples of the Face,
Menstrual, Sick Headache, Ovarian Disease,
Displacement of the Kidneys and Bladder,
and all those peculiar complaints affecting

WIFE, MOTHER and SISTER.

Read a few extracts from letters.
"English Female Bitters cured me of falling
of the Womb." "My wife carried six babies
to full term, two bottles cured her of Leu-
corrhoea and she sold the remainder." "I
send one bottle English Female Bitters for
Painful and Sick Headache." "Three
bottles of English Female Bitters cured my
wife of painful menstruation." "O, I feel
so much better after using English Female
Bitters, it strengthens me." "Four bottles
of English Female Bitters cured my wife of
"Clotting of the Womb."

BLOOD and BONES

Are composed of certain materials which be-
come greatly changed from the effects of
many constitutional diseases, such as Skin
Diseases, Eruption on the Face, broken down
Constitutions, Stomach, Nerves, Effects of
Mercury, Scrophula, Glandular Tumors and
Swelling, old Ulcers, and Stomach and
Intestines of the Head, Pimples of the Face,
Menstrual, Sick Headache, Ovarian Disease,
Displacement of the Kidneys and Bladder,
and all those peculiar complaints affecting

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
CONSTITUTIONAL MONARCH

Which immediately purifies the blood and re-
stores health.

This Blood Purifier is composed of Stillin-
gia, Yellow Dock, Sassafras, Juniper, and
Lodice Potash, and all persons know them to
be good, all physicians say so, as well as those
who speak from experience.

KIDNEY and BLADDER

Affections which are so common among all
classes in the Southern climate, are immedi-
ately cured by the use of Dromgoole & Co.'s
Fluid Extract.

Bearberry, Cubeb and Buchu

It will cure Retention or Non-Retention of
Urine, Gravel, Thick or Milky Urine, Inflam-
mation of Urinating, Pain in the Back, Bloody
Urine, Melancholy and Evil Fancies, Ex-
treme Nervousness, Effects of Habits of Dis-
ipation or Early Abuses, Loss of Power and
Memory, affecting old or young, male or fe-
male.

Use Great Southern Preparations.

Use Great Southern Preparations.

Use Great Southern Preparations.

Why?

Because they are a class of medicines pre-
pared by the regular Medical profession in the
South, are genuine remedies, specially adapt-
ed to Southern diseases and are giving uni-
versal satisfaction.

J. P. DROMGOOLE & CO.,

Proprietors, Memphis, Tenn.

From the Gadsden Times.

We take great pleasure in publishing the following written by a friend.

A LEGEND

Of Nahuculla or Black Creek Falls.

Nahuculla, with its magnificent and picturesque scenery, is beginning to attract the attention of tourists and visitors. Yet few who visit these Falls, or even those living in the neighborhood have ever heard of the wild and tragic scene once enacted here.

Many years ago, (so runs the legend) ere the foot of the white man had pressed the soil of Alabama, there lived near Nahuculla an Indian who had an only daughter named Efoladela, the fairest maiden of the Cherokees. At all the national festivals her merry ringing laugh was heard, and when with twinkling feet and bounding step she threaded the mazes of the "green corn dance" the eyes of the young braves were turned with loving, longing gaze upon her. She was a child of nature and fearlessly roamed among these majestic cliffs and fairy glens, and looked with wondering eyes on the stupendous waterfall. Sometimes she bathed her lithe and beautiful limbs in the dancing waters of the lake below, and could one have seen her emerging from the jesty waves, her long black hair falling in rich luxuriant masses over her rounded form, or gazed when at gassy noon she stood beneath the arch of the rainbow, * which with an undulating motion swayed to her outline gracefully, he would have taken her for a Naiad or Spirit of the waterfall. For the Indians, like the Greeks and Romans, gave to every mountain and glen and stream a tutelary genius.

Efoladela was betrothed to a young Chief named Laniska, brave of heart and swift of foot, already distinguished in war and in the chase. A favorite resort of the lovers was a quiet nook in the elen below the waterfall, a huge tumult of rock, at this day known as the "Lovers Retreat," which looks as if it might have been the work of the elder "Titans," the giant sons of an embrace of angels' with a sex more beautiful than they. It is surrounded by the stately oak, the slender elm whose graceful foliage like the tresses of some suddenly metamorphosed nymph sweep the stream below, and the cedar which ever lifts its fadless plumes to sky. Here shut out from the rude world, the lovers indulged in fairy dreams of the future, and here, lingering at twilight hour had passed and one by one the stars came forth to watch the tired and slumbering earth, until all across the high blue dome sparkled the countless hosts of heaven which were mirrored in the placid depths at their feet, they thought what bright particular star would be their home "when love became immortal" and they were gathered to the pleasant hunting grounds of their Fathers.

But true love never ran smooth with the Indian any more than with the more cultivated and refined white man. At a Ball Play* of the Greeks and Cherokees, on the boundary line of the two nations, a few mile south of the Coosa, a large tract of land was staked as a prize, and the contest excited the deepest interest in the minds of the two nations. But the "Master of Breath" was angry with the Cherokees, "the well beloved people," on that day and the Cherokees were the victors and won that fair and fertile domain, embracing what is now the county of Calhoun. Many and loud were the boasts and taunts of the Cherokees. Sad and sullen the countenances of the Cherokees. But the contest was not to end thus—Ortus Mico, one of the leading Chiefs of the Cherokees, had seen and become enamored of Efoladela. Her father was deeply mortified at the unlooked for result. The stoicism of the Indian gave way to the excited passions of the contest, and in a mad hour he proposed to stake the hand of his daughter against the territory won by the Cherokees. Ortus Mico eagerly accepted the challenge and another game was at once arranged. The Great Spirit was still angry with the Cherokees, and the Cherokees were again the victors. Words cannot tell the agony of Efoladela when she heard her doom, for well she knew that the word of her father, like the vow of Jephtha, was irrevocable. She could only obtain the promise that the nuptials should be deferred for two months. Slowly and sadly amid the shouts and revelry of the conquerors, the Cherokees departed, Efoladela the saddest of them all. For days she sat within her father's cabin, mute and motionless. Then for days she would be absent, wandering around Nahuculla and scaling the highest cliffs of the surrounding mountains, like Jephtha's daughter bewailing her virginity. She never looked upon the Lovers Retreat, the spot endeared by so many pleasant but now mournful recollections. Her merry laugh was heard no more. The smile of gladness left her cheek, and her dark eyes shone with a fierce lustre, as if the fire of heaven had seared her brain. But time moved on. Soon she must give her hand to Ortus Mico. It was one of those bright autumn days, the last of the Indian Summer when earth and air are full of that sweet sense of joy and beauty which so raise the soul—when scarce a breath waves the light foliage of the forest trees, which arrayed in scarlet and gold awaiting the inexorable fiat of the Frost King; that Efoladela, arrayed too in her bridal robes, went forth to the mountains. Sadly she gazed on each loved familiar scene, for the first time she visited the "Lovers Retreat" and a few unbidden tears rose to her eyes as she departed forever. She ascended the tremendous precipice over which Nahuculla rolls its flood.

In mournful tones she began to chant her death song, the deep base of the waterfall joining in the chorus. She gave one farewell look to earth and sky, then swift as an arrow she descended the awful depths below, the bubbling water closed over her and she sank as the echo of her song was borne by on the fitful breeze. The next day that mangled form yet beautiful in death was found. It was borne to a quiet spot near the "Lovers Retreat" and with many a savage rite laid to rest. At the head of the grave there gush forth a tiny rivulet, now known as the "Weeping Spring," which making a gentle curve around the grave, seems to encircle in a fond embrace the loved form sleeping below. Its sad wailing tone and the eternal anthem of the waterfall, softened by distance and mellowed into beauty seem ever more chanting the funeral dirge of that dusky maiden.

Laniska lived many years and became renowned in war and in peace. But he was the last of his lineage. After a long life he was gathered to his fathers. He now sleeps on the banks of the Coosa, a few miles above Nahuculla. A rude stone marks the spot and on it is this simple inscription—
"Path Killer—The last King of the Cherokees."

* As the sun strikes the Falls, rainbows are reflected in the air.

* A Township in Calhoun County where the above event took place, is still called "Ball Play."

Path Killer's Grave is in Cherokee County, on the north bank of the Coosa near Mrs. Garrett's ferry.

Puns from the Louisville Democrat
Sheridan pretends to take his removal very coolly, but every one knows he was very much "put out."

Using Sickles is a poor way to harvest a crop of Southern loyalty.

To learn flute-playing, all that is necessary is a proper tooter.

Radicals claim to go to the root of the matter. So does a hog.

The treasury is on its last legs, and they are shin-plastered.

The oldest woman in the world is Anny Doinny.

DOOTIE AND BEAUTY.—The little footed Kentucky girls.

"The life of grease, where burning Sappho loved and sung," differs from petroleum "ie."

Killing cattle on a railroad shows the conductor to be governed by a low-motive.

Hogs cannot be carried on shipboard for fear they would eat the mast.

Every house has a skeleton that contains a modern dressed lady.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
501 BROADWAY, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS we are headquarters for the following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES and STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS.
Of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, etc.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR,
From negatives made in the various campaigns and forming a complete photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS,
Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties from 50 cents to \$50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, Statesmen, Actors, etc. etc.

Our Catalogue embraces over five thousand different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent of the amount with their order.

The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy.

Just published—Stereoscopic Views of the interior of the Mammoth Cave of Ky, taken by aid of the new Magnesium Light.
August 31, 1867.

Important Notice.

I will meet the Tax payers of Calhoun county at the times and places mentioned below, for the purpose of collecting the State and County Tax for the year 1867.

Pre No. 8—Walden's Shop, Monday Sept. 16
" 7—Vessels, Tuesday " 17
" 6—Peck's Hill, Wednesday " 18
" 21—Sulphur Spr., Thursday " 19
" 2—Alexandria, Saturday " 20
" 10—Rabbit Town, Monday " 21
" 11—White Plains, Tuesday Oct. 1
" 12—Davis Town, Wednesday " 2
" 13—Oxford, Thursday " 3
" 4—Madison, Friday " 4
" 3—June Bug, Saturday " 5
" 9—Ladiga, Monday " 6
" 1—Jacksonville, Tues & Wed. 8 & 9

Under the present tax law I shall be compelled to make speedy collections—Tax payers would do well to be ready to meet the demands upon them and save unpleasant feelings.

H. GRAHAM, Tax Col. C. C.
August 28, 1867.

Empire Shuttle Sewing Machines

ARE SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS
For Family and Manufacturing Purposes.
Agents wanted. Address,
EMPIRE S. M. CO.
616 Broadway, New York.

WATCH SALE.

ON THE POPULAR ONE PRICE PLAN.

Giving every Patron a Handsome and Reliable Watch for the low Price of Ten Dollars!

WITHOUT REGARD TO VALUE, AND NOT TO BE

Paid for Unless Perfectly Satisfactory.

100 Solid Gold Hunting Watches \$250 to 750
100 Magic Cased Gold Watches, 200 to 500
100 Ladies Watches, 100 to 300
200 Gold Hunting Chronometers do 250 to 500
200 Gold Hunting Eng. Levers, 200 to 250
200 Gold Hunting Duplex Watches 150 to 200
400 Gold Hunting Amer. Watch. 100 to 250
500 Silver Hunting Levers, 50 to 250
500 Silver Hunting Duplexes, 50 to 250
500 Gold Ladies' Watches, 50 to 250
1,000 Gold Hunting Lappers, 50 to 75
1,000 Miscellaneous Silver Watches, 50 to 100
2,500 Hunting Silver Watches, 25 to 50
5,000 Assorted Watches, all kinds, 10 to 75

Every patron obtains a watch by this arrangement, costing but \$10, while it may be worth \$750. No partially shown. Messrs. Hill, Porter & Co., 2 & 4 Dey St., New York City, wish to immediately dispose of the above magnificent stock. Certificates, naming the articles, are placed in sealed envelopes, and well mixed. Holders are entitled to the articles named on their certificate, upon payment of \$11, whether it be a watch worth \$750 or less. The return of any of our certificates entitles you to the article named thereon, upon payment, irrespective of its worth, and as no article valued less than \$10 is named on any certificate, it will at once be seen that this is

No Lottery, but a straight forward legitimate Transaction, which may be participated in even by the most fastidious.

A single certificate will be sent by mail, post paid, upon receipt of 25 cents, five for \$1, eleven for \$2; thirty-three and an elegant premium for \$4; sixty-six and a more valuable premium for \$10, one hundred and a most superb watch for \$15. To agents or those seeking employment this is a rare opportunity. It is a legitimately conducted business, daily authorized by the government and open to the most careful scrutiny. TRY IT.

Address HILL, PORTER & CO.,
2 & 4 Dey St., N. Y.

The Jacksonville Female Academy.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday, August 5th, 1867, under the direction of Rev. D. F. SMITH, Principal, Miss MARY A. TURNER, Assistant, and Mrs. MARTHA E. FRANCIS, Teacher of Music.

Other competent Assistants will be employed if needed.

The course of study embraces all branches of instruction usually taught in Academies and High Schools.

Rates of Tuition per Session of 20 weeks.

First Class, \$15 00
2nd " 20 00
3rd " 25 00
4th " 30 00
Music, Extra, 25 00
French, 10 00
Contingent Fund, 2 00

A deduction of 20 per cent. will be made in favor of those who will pay in advance or quarterly.

No pupils will be received for a less period than two months.

No deduction for absence, except in cases of sickness.

Parents and guardians may feel assured that the intellectual and moral improvement of the pupils will be faithfully sought.

Free access will be granted to the different Sabbath Schools and Churches in the Town, as parents may direct.

As to health, good society, and opportunities for religious instruction, Jacksonville presents advantages equal, if not superior to those of any Village or Town in Alabama.

Lectures will be delivered to the whole school, at least, once every two weeks, on some practical, moral or religious topic.

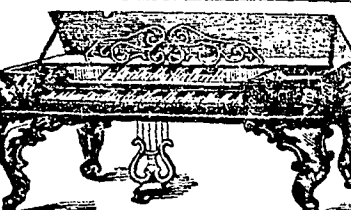
A Board can be had in good families on reasonable terms.

E. L. WOODWARD, Chm'n.
J. F. GRANT, Sec'y.

J. C. FRANCIS,
A. ADAMS,
B. C. WYLY,
H. PRYETT,
M. J. TURNLEY,
L. W. CANNON,
W. H. FLEMING,
A. WOODS.
July 13, 1867.

Bible Agency.

Rev. E. B. McClellan has been appointed by the Jacksonville Bible Society, a branch of the American Bible Society, Agent for the sale and distribution of Bibles, and also for the collection of donations to aid in that cause. He is commended by the Society to the confidence, friendship, co-operation and assistance of members of all religious denominations, and benevolent friends of morality and religion generally.



MUSIC LESSONS.

ON THE PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E. FRANCIS, commencing with the sessions of the Jacksonville Female Academy. Pupils can commence at any time during the session, and be charged for the time. Country Produce at the market price taken in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '66

Bargains, Bargains.

All persons indebted to the undersigned are earnestly requested to give him a cue, and if you cannot pay, talk about it. You may forget small matters after awhile. You have doubtless known it to be the case. "Come and let us reason together."
D. P. GUNNELS.
Oxford, Ala. August 3, 1867.

To the Afflicted.

DR. GEORGE W. LEACH proposes a new system of cure in place of the vast internal doses which enfeeble the stomach, poison the blood and endanger the life. He can be consulted at any time in Jacksonville, personally or by letter, giving name of the person, whether over or under 35 years of age, and the disease. He cures cancer, venereal, ulcers, scrofula, piles, diseases of the lungs, spine, kidneys, and some others; charging but a very small amount in advance, afterwards if no cure is paid. He has a number of testimonials of cure—has recently treated 11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entirely well and the others getting well.
G. W. LEACH, Faith Doctor.

NEW WOOL FACTORY,

At McKibben's old stand on Choccolocco Creek, 7 1/2 miles below Oxford and 2 1/2 above Mound. This Splendid Machinery has been purchased with a view to suit the wants of the Southern people, being equipped with a superior quality of ENGLISH CARDS, it cannot fail to give satisfaction where the wool is properly prepared. Wool will be conveyed from the Depot at Mound and returned free of charge. Our old friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to call and examine our machinery.
McKIBBEN & BROTHER.
June 22, 1867.—3m.

MONTEALE SPRINGS—1867.

THIS popular Summer resort having been placed in thorough repair, and furnished with new furniture, will be opened for visitors on the 1st of June under the direction and control of the undersigned proprietors of the American Hotel, Atlanta Ga. Montvale presents the strongest attractions to both the invalid and pleasure seeker, no less on account of its retirement and the beauty of its surrounding scenery, than of the restorative powers of its waters. We have reduced the price of board to the lowest figures consistent with a proper provision for the entertainment of our guests.
Board per day \$3.00, per week \$20.00, per month \$60.00, with an allowance for families. Travellers by rail reach the Springs by special conveyance from Loudon, or by regular daily mail coaches from Knoxville Tenn.
WHITE & WHITLOCK.

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, &c.

E. G. COOKE, Artist.
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Wood ward's Store.
June 16, 1866

W. C. LAND, Watchmaker,

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClellan's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with despatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

House and Lot to Rent.

A house containing four large rooms and two entries, suitable for a boarding house, with kitchen, smoke-house, and a good garden, with choice fruit trees, and well watered, will be rented on good terms. For particulars enquire at this office.
April 20, 1868.

HERE'S YOUR STOVE!

The Home Comfort!

H. G. NOBLE,
DEALER IN

Tin Ware Stoves, &c.

HAS the pleasure of informing the public that the above named COOKING STOVES, which is rapidly coming into use, has arrived, and can be seen at his Shop, Corner of Alabama and Franklin streets. Having the advantage of twenty-five years' experience in the business, he can safely recommend the "Home Comfort" as being superior to any other ever offered in this market. It is more convenient, durable and economical, and therefore the most desirable. Call and see for yourself.
H. G. NOBLE.

SPUN COTTON; FOR SALE;

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Sewing Machine for Sale.

A First-class Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine, but little worn and in good order, for sale, very low.
Enquire at this Office.
Feb. 16 th

Notice.

I AM preparing to go North for a Fall stock, and shall need every dollar that has been loaned me at this time. I hope therefore that none will fail to meet their engagements promptly.
If you want cheap goods keep me in funds and I will furnish them.
P. ROWAN.

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FIVE or six young men, who may wish to go to school or study a profession, can be accommodated in a private family in this place, with boarding, lodging, room, fire-wood and lights, at \$15 per month, one half or more taken in produce at the market price. For further information, enquire at this Office.
Jacksonville, August 10, 1867.

"WANTED to make an arrangement" with a live man in every county, who wishes to make money, and can give good references. No capital required. Will sell a business now paying \$1,500 per month, and rely on the profits for my pay. Address J. C. TILTON, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
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AND
Solicitors in Chancery,
General Collecting Agents.

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LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the public that they have procured the large and commodious Livery stable recently kept by Mr. J. H. Sargeant, and will be prepared to accommodate all persons who may wish to hire Hacks, Buggies or saddle Horses. They will also feed transient horses and mules, and be prepared to work Gardens and Patches, and have Horses and Mules for sale upon advantageous terms to purchasers.
They will endeavor to be at all times prepared to accommodate promptly those who may desire their assistance, and therefore solicit a liberal patronage.
R. H. WYNNE & CO.
Jacksonville, Feb. 9, 1867.

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OF

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Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A LECTURE on the Nature of Treatment, and Radical Cure of Seminal weakness, or Spermatorrhea, induced by self-abuse; Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, Mental & Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed, without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. This Lecture will prove a Boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the publishers.

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CHEAP PRINTING PAPER.

To Editors and Publishers.

LETTER FROM W. G. CLARK, Esq., PRESIDENT OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

ATLANTA, April 10, 1867.

J. S. Thrasher Esq.:
Dear Sir—It affords me much pleasure to communicate to you the following resolution of the Southern Press Association:

Resolved, "That as a testimonial of our appreciation for the zealous, faithful and effective service of John S. Thrasher, Esq., as Superintendent of this Association in years past, we hereby tender him the thanks of this Association, and confer upon him the complimentary position of Agent of the Southern Press Association in the City of New York."

The terms of commendation employed in the above resolution do no more than justice to your important services during your Superintendency—services which none can more highly appreciate than myself. Should occasion require, I shall be glad to avail myself of the aid provided for by the resolution.

Very Respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
W. G. CLARK, President.

NOTICE.

I would respectfully request every daily, tri-weekly, semi-weekly, weekly and monthly journal South of the Potomac and Ohio rivers and the 36 deg. 30 min. parallel of latitude West of the Mississippi, to publish this advertisement twice, and send to me at New York, each time, a copy of the paper containing it, post paid, with bill for the same.

It is desirable in my contributions to secure cheaper printing paper for our Southern journals, that I shall have the fullest information regarding the sizes of paper used by the several publications, and I can procure it in no other way than by requesting particular attention to the need of sending copy of the publication with the bill.

I desire it sent twice to provide against mail failures, and that they be postpaid to secure post office delivery.

J. S. THRASHER,
Box 5039 New York, N. Y.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

12 Hours to Atlanta and \$8.00 sav. d.
24 Hours to Chattanooga & \$16 saved.

On and after Monday June 4th, 1866, Trains on this road will run as follows:

Through Passenger & Freight Trains.

Passenger trains will leave Selma daily, (except Sundays) at 4 P. M.

do will arrive at Blue Mountain (except Sunday) at 12 night

do will leave Blue Mountain (except Sundays) at 4 A. M.

do will arrive at Selma (except Sundays) at 12 noon.

Freight Trains, until Further Notice,

Will leave Selma Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5:15 A. M.

And arrive at Blue Mountain at 7:50 P. M.

Will leave Blue Mountain Tuesdays, Thursdays & Saturdays at 5:15 A. M.

Arrive at Selma at 7:30 P. M.

Passenger trains connect at Selma with boats to Montgomery and Mobile, and with the Selma and Meridian Railroad for Vicksburg, New Orleans and the West. At Blue Mountain they connect with Taylor, Gilmer & Co's splendid line of Coaches from there to Rome, Ga., and thence by rail to Atlanta, Savannah, Charleston, Chattanooga and all points North and East.

Through fare from Selma to Kingston on Western and Atlantic Railroad ONLY \$12.00

E. G. BARNEY
June 6, 1866. Sept. & Agent for Ticket

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499, Broadway, New York.

THE attention of the public is invited to our New Scale Seven Octave, Rosewood Piano-Fortes, which for volume and purity of tone are unrivalled by any hitherto offered in this market. They contain all the modern improvements—French grand action, harp pedal, iron frame, over-string bass, etc.—and each instrument being made under the personal supervision of Mr. J. H. Grovesteen, who has a practical experience of over thirty years in their manufacture, is fully warranted in every particular.

The "Grovesteen Piano-Forte" Received the highest award of merit at the celebrated World's Fair.

Where were exhibited instruments of the best makers of London, Paris, Germany, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York, and also at the American Institute for five successive years, the Gold and Silver Medals from both of which can be seen at our warehouses.

By the introduction of improvements we make a still more perfect Piano-Forte; and by manufacturing largely, with a strict cash system, are enabled to offer these instruments at a price which will preclude all competition.

Our prices are from \$100 to \$200 cheaper than any other first-class Piano-Forte.

Jacksonville Republican

VOL. 31.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA. SEP. 21, 1867.

WHOLE NO. 1590.

Jacksonville Republican.
EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY
SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. GRANT.

ELECTION REGULATION.—Judge W. I. Smith, Superintendent of Registration for Alabama, dated "Montgomery, Ala., Sept. 7, 1867," issues detailed instructions to Boards of Registration in this State, in compliance with General Order No. 5, from District Headquarters. The following paragraphs give all necessary information to the voter:

Montgomery Mail.

I. The revision of the registration which is directed by law to commence fourteen days before the election, will be made in the set of books retained by each board, using for that purpose the blank pages left at the end of each precinct. A duplicate list of the names added or struck off will be sent to this office, for the completion of the record. Each name should be numbered as in the preceding registration.

II. Printed lists of Registered voters, arranged for convenient use at the election, are in preparation, and will be dispatched to the several boards as fast as completed. Should doubt arise in any case as to the accuracy of any of these, they will be verified by reference to the books of registration, which should be at the place of election for that purpose. Such correction as the revision of the registration may require should be carefully made beforehand.

III. Boards of registration will provide at each place of election within their respective districts, such number of ballot boxes (the same that are used at ordinary elections) as shall be ample to receive within three days the vote of the county. When more boxes than one are used, the county will be divided among them by precincts and such publication made as shall avoid confusion.

IV. Boards of registration will assign to each ballot box three judges of election, who shall also act as clerks, and to whom compensation will be made from this office. They will also be sworn, as required by paragraph VI, General Order No. 59, above referred to. Members of board of registration will, when convenient, act as judges of election.

VI. But one ballot will be received from each voter, which shall contain his vote upon the question of convention, and for delegates, either or both, as he may desire.

VII. Each voter, in presenting a ballot, shall give his name to the judges of election. One of the judges shall receive the ballot, call his name audibly, and if he be registered, and be the man he represents himself to be, deposit the ballot in the box. At the same time the name of the voter on the printed lists shall be so marked as to prevent a repetition of his vote.

VIII. The ballots shall be counted by the judges, one of whom shall take them separately from the box reading aloud "for a convention" or "against a convention" as the case may be, and the names of the persons voted for as delegates to the convention! An account shall be made by the other two of the number of votes given each class as regards the Convention and for each person as a delegate.

The Amnesty Proclamation North

The New York Tribune, referring to President Johnson's new amnesty proclamation, remarks:

We were in favor of a sweeping amnesty when Mr. Johnson was raving and roaring thrice a day, that "treason was a crime, and traitors must be punished." We are in favor of it now, and would gladly have every peaceable, well-disposed man in the South assured that no harm will befall him because of his share in the rebellion so long as he deports himself as a good citizen should. Let those who were rebels feel and know that they may plant and till, build and trade, buy lands and sell them, without fear of confiscation or molestation. So far as President Johnson's new proclamation tends to secure this end it has our hearty approval.

The New York Times takes ground against the proclamation, and says: The true place for amnesty is after reconstruction. It would then be available as a recognition of compliance with the law on the part of the Southern people. It would then entail no risk, and encounter but slight hostility. As proclaimed by Mr. Johnson, it is a premium on disloyalty and an incentive to opposition. Instead of pacifying the country it will add to its disturbing influences; instead of hastening Southern peace, and promoting the reconciliation of the sections, it will encourage rebels to renewed disorder, and will most likely delay the completion of the task which Congress has undertaken.

Forney's Philadelphia Press, the organ of the Radicals in Congress, thus assumes to mark out the course of the President:

It is certain, however, that the promulgation of the amnesty proclamation is the first step towards the inauguration of his new policy to override the Unionists of the South, and it is equally well known that the newly-fledged expounder of constitutional law, Blunt, is preparing the requisite opinion to carry it in its full effect. The fact that the Administration organ here indorses the scheme, and that several members of the Cabinet have publicly expressed the opinion that the constitutional pardon power carries enfranchisement with it, seems to indicate that the plan will soon be put in operation. In short, it is announced, with apparent authority, that as soon as Pope is removed an order delaying registration, in accordance with the programme heretofore foreshadowed in these dispatches, will be issued, and that the Military commanders in the South will be instructed to allow the registration of the newly-pardoned rebels in sufficient number to overcome the Union majorities promised by the present situation in that section.

THE SITUATION.

The New York Tribune has a masterly review of the situation and finds no hesitancy in declaring that the President has determined to make a relentless stand for his head and his country. Speaking of the coming wrestle of giants, the great Radical organ says: "That it will be fierce and vehement, few will doubt; but let us all firmly resolve that it shall be marked by no bloodshed, but that all shall implicitly abide the deliberate judgment of the people."

"Bloodshed" eh! The organ of Devilry then begins to think such an end to Radical crimes and cruelties a thing possible! We say, let the struggle be as "fierce and vehement" as human struggles for liberty ought to be, and if the blood of tyrants and oppressors needs to be shed to attain it let it be.

A NATIONAL DILEMMA.—The New York Herald thus speaks of the war between the Federal Executive and the United States Congress: "The battle has to be fought out at Washington, and must now rapidly narrow down to that point where the two great powers will strike at each other. Whichever wins, the result is an overthrow of the government."

Jay Cooke made over \$12,000,000 profits out of Government securities during the war. He pays no taxes on this amount, but draws an interest in gold each year \$840,000! Quite a little contribution from the tax payers of America.

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ENGLISH & CLASSICAL.

Prof. W. J. BORDEN, Principal, Rev. R. J. C. HAY, Assistant.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 24th inst. in the large and commodious buildings provided for this purpose.

Such additional teachers will be employed as the number and wants of the pupils may require.

The plan of instruction is thorough and practical.

The regulations, framed for the moral and intellectual improvement of the pupils, are mild, though positive, and are rigidly enforced.

The location is in the midst of a healthy and refined community.

The expenses are moderate—from \$15 to \$30 per session for tuition, and from \$15 to \$20 per month for board in private families.

Pupils received at any time and charged from the date of admission to the close of the session.

All interested are invited to give this Institution a rigid scrutiny, and if found worthy, to give it also their patronage and support.

For further particulars address the principal, or Secretary Board of Trustees, G. B. DOUTHETT, Jacksonville, July 20, 1867.

LEE, LEE, LEE!

THE undersigned is the only authorized agent to receive subscriptions in Calhoun county, Ala. for "The Life and Campaigns of Gen. Robert E. Lee," by James D. McCabe, Jr. of Va.

The Standard Biography of the greatest Military Leader and Strategist that the New World has ever produced.

Sold only by subscription—apply at once. April 13, 1867. M. T. LEIBETTER.

DR. C. C. PORTER,

Surgeon Dentist, Jacksonville, Alabama.

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Over 60,000 manufactured and now in use in this country and Europe.

These world renowned machines were awarded the first prize, Ten Pounds Sterling, at the Great Quadrennial Trial at Plymouth England, July, 1865, and at the Great National Field Trial, held at Auburn, N. Y., in July, 1866, the First Premium, GRAND GOLD MEDAL.

THE PRIZE MOWER,

While it retains all the advantages which have made it so universal a favorite, is greatly improved by the addition of

Steel Lined Guards,

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Stronger Knives,

Spring Seat,

Adjustable Folding Shoe,

Making it a perfect machine. The lightest draft, the most durable, and at the same time the most simple, and best cutting machine in the world.

THE SELF-RAKE REAPER!

Is justly called the "Victor of every contest" and is constructed on the most scientific principles. The new Mowing Attachment gives general satisfaction and makes one of the most convenient combined Self-Rake Reapers known, and we fully warrant it.

THE HAND RAKE REAPER,

Is at the same time the cheapest and the best of its kind ever offered.

It cuts a swath five feet wide in Reaping, and four and a half feet in Mowing. As a Mower it is equal to the best Folding Bar Machine in use. The ease with which it is managed, and its changing from Mower to Reaper, or vice-versa, will at once recommend it.

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WALTER A. WOOD

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With his PATENT CUSHIONS,

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Balls, Cues and Trimmings constantly on hand. Old Cushions repaired at short notice. Orders by mail punctually attended to.

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Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State. Dec. 23d, 1865.

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Stonewall! Stonewall!!

THE undersigned are authorized agents to receive subscriptions in Calhoun county, Ala. for "The Life and Campaigns of General (Stonewall) Jackson," by Prof. R. L. Dabney, of Virginia.

The Standard Biography of the Immortal Hero. The only edition authorized by his hand. The authors, a personal friend and Chief of Staff of the Christian Soldier.

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It is well known that alumina gives to oil its lustre and its lasting virtues; therefore, a chemical combination of alumina with any other oil would make it equally valuable.

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It may be thinned with turpentine or raw linseed oil.

With lead it dries in six hours!

With zinc it gives the lustre of Danmar varnish.

For a roofing oil it will be found just the thing.

The price is about two-thirds that of linseed oil.

It will not injure the most delicate colors, nor will it crack or peel off.

Furniture Manufacturers will like it for first coats to varnish on.

Boiler makers and Iron Finishers will here find a substitute having the appearance of copal varnish.

Ship Painters are asked to give it a trial.

Among the many parties who have tried it we take pleasure in referring to

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New York, Nov. 16, 1867.

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Brown Metallic Paint, 3¢ cents per lb.

Varnish for Housework, and First Coats Furniture, \$2 per gallon.

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AND

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Prices will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South.

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Wm. NOBLE, GEORGE NOBLE, SAMUEL NOBLE, Superintendent.

July 21, 1866.

ATTENTION:

Notice to Debtors.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of Stevenson & Pinson, either by note or account, are earnestly requested to come forward without delay and make payment.

We sold you Goods at cash prices on short time. For your accommodation, and you ought to see to it, that we are not disappointed, and our business impeded by your long neglect and delay. We need money and must have it; and know of no other or better way to obtain it, than from those who owe us. STEVENSON & PINSON. Jacksonville, July 6, 1867.

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned, respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to execute Blacksmith work on every description, in the neatest and most durable manner, and at prices as favorable as any other workmen. Their shop is near the Stage Stable, on the west side of Main street, south of the public square. One of us, who has worked with Mr. A. Adams, to whom he refers for information relative to his ability to do good and faithful work. Terms cash, or Produce at market price. STEPHEN L. MCLEAN, STEPHEN L. HOKE. Jacksonville, June 29, 1867.

WILLIAM B. MARTIN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS returned and re-opened his office at No. 8, Office Row, Jacksonville Ala. He will practice in Calhoun, the adjoining counties, the District Court of the United States at Huntsville and the Supreme Court of the State at Montgomery.

Any business confided to his care will be promptly and vigilantly attended to. Feb. 9, 1867.

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D. M. FULENWIDER, with BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS, of Selma, is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and correctly printed, for sale by the quire or single copy, at this office. Also every description of Blanks for Justices of the Peace.

About this time last year, in consequence of the scarcity of money, we proposed to our patrons that we would take various articles of produce at the market price for subscriptions due and in advance. But it turned out that the crops failed and produce was about as scarce as money; consequently we have not collected during the last year ten per cent. of the subscription due; but we have waited patiently until the present time. Now we renew the same proposition to take wheat, flour, corn, tallow, beeswax, &c., and as crops are abundant, we know that those who desire to pay can pay, and if they do not, we can come to no other conclusion than that they never intend to do so; and will be compelled to discontinue their papers and collect the amount due the best way we can. We know this proposition is not unreasonable, and hope it will not be unheeded in a single instance, without some satisfactory reason given.

ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS.—Cures Female complaints and irregularities. Cures Falling of the Womb and the Whites. Cures Obstructed and Painful Menstruation. Cures Sick Headache and Pains in the Side. Cures Hysterics, Melancholy and Swelling of the Head. Cures old or young married and single females. Cures an Ulcerated and Irritable Womb. It arouses and re-invigorates the Uterine Organs.

Attention is invited to the change of time of Renting valuable Lands by S. C. Kelly, Ex'r. The time is changed from the 1st to the 8th of October.

Hemlock Leather & Kerosene Oil.—Any person wishing to purchase a good article of Hemlock Leather and Kerosene Oil, can do so by applying to J. M. Carroll, west side of the public square.

An ear of corn, of a new and valuable variety, has been sent to our office by R. B. Angle, living near Cedar Bluff. The ear of corn measures 11 inches in length and is large around in proportion; and has a stem 2½ feet in length. We understand he has a large field of this kind of corn that will average from 45 to 50 bushels per acre.

GEN. GRANT.—The Radicals have been intensely exercised recently relative to the political status of Gen. Grant. Some of them claim him as thoroughly radical, while others say he is in full accord with the President. The truth is, he is not their first choice. He displays rather too much patriotism and honesty. They would like if they could, to get him far enough committed to radicalism to make him unacceptable to the Democrats and Conservatives, and then they would lay him aside for Sheridan, Chas. Stanton, Wade, or some other thorough Radical. They will not probably know more of his real sentiments until after the Pennsylvania and Ohio elections, when if the Radicals are defeated or lose heavily, he will not be the last rat to desert a sinking ship.

Wm. M. GILMER, a citizen of Selma, died in this place, on Thursday morning, 19th inst. His remains were conveyed on Friday to Selma for interment.

Several varieties of Dromgoole & Co's. valuable Medicines can now be obtained at the Jacksonville Drug Store.

L. W. Cannon has the proper blanks for planters who may wish to recover cotton tax heretofore paid.

MARRIED.—At the residence of the Bride's father, in this place, on Thursday evening last, by Rev C. A. King, EDWARD T. CLARK to Miss NANNIE E. SHED.

The happy pair have the best wishes of the printer, for their kind remembrance.

There is a popular notion that oatmeal has made the Scotchman, and that

LATEST NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Stevenson was inaugurated Governor of Kentucky to-day. He endorses, and will carry out the principles enunciated by the Helm Cabinet.

Grant is inclined to favor simultaneous elections on the first Monday in November. It is confidently expected that the District Commander will concur.

A Herald's Washington dispatch says on the subject of the effect of the amnesty the Cabinet is said to be a unit.

In the discussion of the amnesty proclamation the Cabinet agreed that its legal effect would be to relieve the excluded whites from the disability as to the exercise of the right of suffrage.

The Secretary of War to-day issued the President's Proclamation for the information of all concerned.

The Dubuque, Iowa, Herald, in speaking of the election in Montana, says, "and in Montana, Jas M. Cavanaugh is said to have been handsomely elected to Congress. Old Ben Butler will probably move his expulsion.—Cavanaugh slapped the Beauty's face at the Charleston Convention, and told him he was a dirty dog."

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Pressing duties prevented Grant's visiting Antietam.

The Herald's special says: In view of anticipated troubles with the President, there is a manifest disposition on the part of the Radicals to cultivate Grant. Secretary Seward has returned from Antietam.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 17.—For some days past there have been rows between the soldiers and freedmen. One negro is reported to be mortally wounded. One soldier badly wounded.

The freedmen threatened to attack the barracks last night, but no collision occurred. It is said that the soldiers were the aggressors.

NOTICE, Sept. 17.—Cotton in good demand—chiefly for higher grades, which are scarce and relatively higher. Market closed steady. Middlings 21. Sales 400 bales. Receipts 634 bales.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 17.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; sales 87 bales. Receipts 840 bales; middlings 22½.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 18.—A delegation from Jackson county has arrived with a petition for the removal of the militia, who are depredating. The delegation includes Senator Muse, a Radical—Three militia implicated in the murder of Maj. Hartman have escaped.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Gold strong at 44½.

FAST.—A letter to the Omaha Herald from the fast city of "Julesburg on wheels," says that in one day recently they had two street fights, hung a man, rode three men out of town on a rail, got up a quarter race, a turkey shooting, a gander pulling, a match dog fight, had preaching by a circus rider, who afterwards ran a foot race for apple jack all round; and, as if that was not enough, the Judge of the Court, after losing his fees at single handed poker, and whipping a fellow for saying he didn't understand the game, went out and helped to lynch his grandfather for horse stealing.

The Signal Effect of the Proclamation of Amnesty.

During the deliberations of the Cabinet yesterday says the *National Intelligencer* of the 7th, it is understood that it became evident that, in the opinion of every member present, the legal effect of the contemplated amnesty proclamation would be to relieve all persons included within its terms from all disqualifications, as well as all penalties incurred by their complicity in the late rebellion, as of course, so far as the Government is concerned,—from disability as to the exercise of the right of suffrage. We may, therefore, congratulate the country upon the prospect of a speedy settlement of all our difficulties upon principles conformable to the Constitution, and in harmony with our republican form of government. That such will be its effect no sound lawyer entertains a doubt, nor is it to be presumed that it will be seriously denied by any considerable number of respectable men of the Radical party, in or out of Congress.

This announcement in a paper usually considered as possessing an official character and representing the views of the President, is most important. The *Intelligencer* states distinctly, as the unanimous opinion of the Cabinet, under the Amnesty Proclamation removes all the disabilities, imposed by Congress and otherwise, and that among these is the "disability as to the exercise of the right of suffrage." It is, therefore, settled, so far as the action of the general Government is concerned, that citizens of the South included in the amnesty may vote at the coming elections without reference to the "Reconstruction Acts," which exclude them from the registry.

Such is said to be the "legal effect" of the late Amnesty Proclamation, and we are told that "no sound lawyer entertains a doubt" on the question, and that probably it "will not be seriously denied by any respectable number of respectable men of the Radical party, in or out of Congress." We hope this confidence in Radical convictions and action may not be misplaced. Certain it is, that the view pre-entertained in direct conflict with that provision of the Supplementary Act which declares the

with any of its restrictions upon persons on the question of suffrage. We hope, however, that there is, and will be that general acquiescence in the views of the Cabinet as are set forth by the *Intelligencer*. It would be a happy thing for the country, and an indication of a return of reason.

But the question arises: how will the President put his views into practical operation by securing suffrage to parties excluded by the Supplementary Act and included by his proclamation? He must take some positive, direct steps toward that end, or registry and the elections will both be conducted after the Congressional plan already inaugurated and nearly completed. He will have to reopen the registry in the States where it is closed, and instruct the military commanders to conform further registration to the Amnesty Proclamation. If Grant and the district commanders refuse, he must set them aside and put men in their places who hold the law, as authoritatively interpreted, above the will of the political faction who have control of Congress. Such is clear course of duty. Trouble with the revolutionists, or at least some of them, will doubtless arise, but the President has only to hold aloft the law and call upon all good and true men to rally around him. And they will rally.

From this statement of the *Intelligencer* we begin to see through the import of a prediction made by the correspondent of the Charleston Courier some days ago, viz: that the Amnesty Proclamation was only the first of a series of important measures, forming, as a whole, a grand plan for reconstruction upon the principles of the Constitution, and that another proclamation would soon follow at its heels. The document, reopening the registry and defining the duties of the district commanders under the new situation, will doubtless be forthcoming in the course of a few days, and then—"we shall see what we shall see."

Important Order from Gen. Pope.

Election Ordered for Delegates to a State Convention in Alabama.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD MILITARY DISTRICT, (Georgia, Alabama and Florida.) ATLANTA, GA., Aug. 31, 1867.

General Orders No. 59.

I. WHEREAS, By the terms of an Act of Congress entitled an Act to provide for the more efficient Government of Rebel States, passed March 21, 1867, and the Acts Supplementary thereto, it is made the duty of the Commanding General of this Military District to cause a Registration to be made of the male citizens of the State of Alabama, 21 years of age and upwards, and by the terms of said Acts qualified to vote. And after such registration is complete, to order an election to be held, at which the Registered voters of said State, shall vote for or against a Convention for the purpose of establishing a Constitution and Civil Government for said State, loyal to the Union; and for Delegates to said Convention, and to give at least thirty days notice of the time and place at which the election shall be held; and the said Registration having been made in the State of Alabama:

II. IT IS ORDERED, That an election be held in the State of Alabama, commencing on Tuesday, the 1st day October, A. D. 1867, and continuing three days, at which the registered voters of said State may vote "for a Convention," or "against a Convention," and for Delegates to constitute the Convention; in case a majority of votes given on that question shall be for a Convention; and in case a majority of all such registered voters, shall have voted on the question of holding such Convention.

III. It shall be the duty of Boards of Registration in Alabama, commencing fourteen days prior to the election here- in ordered, and giving reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise, for a period of five days, the Registration lists, and, upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list, and such person shall not be allowed to vote.—The Board of Registration shall also, during the same period, add to such registry the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said act who have not been already registered.

IV. In deciding who are to be stricken from, or added to, the Registration lists, the Boards will be guided by the law and their attention is especially drawn to the Supplementary Act dated July 19, 1867.

V. The said election shall be held in each county at the county seat, under the superintendence of the Board of Registration as provided by law, and in accordance with instructions to be here- after issued to said Boards.

VI. All Judges and Clerks employed in conducting said elections shall, before commencing to hold the same, be sworn to the faithful performance of the duties, and shall also take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

VII. The polls shall be opened at each voting place during the days specified, at seven o'clock in the forenoon, and closed at six o'clock in the afternoon, and shall be kept open between those hours without intermission or adjournment.

VIII. The commanding officer of the District of Alabama will issue, through the Superintendent of Registrations for that State; such detailed instructions as may be necessary to the conduct of said election in conformity with the Acts of Congress, and as far as may be, with the

IX. The returns required by law to be made of the results of said election to the Commanding General of this Military District, will be rendered by the persons appointed to superintend the same, through the Commanding officer of the District of Alabama, and in accordance with the detailed instructions already referred to.

X. No register who is a candidate for election as a delegate to the Convention, shall serve as a Judge of the election in any county which he seeks to represent.

XI. All public bar-rooms, saloons, and other places for the sale of liquors at retail at the several county seats, shall be closed from six o'clock on the evening of the 30th day of September until six o'clock on the morning of the 4th day of October, and the Sheriff of the county shall be held responsible for the strict enforcement of this prohibition by the arrest of all parties who may transgress the same.

XII. The Sheriff of each county is further required to be present at the place of voting during the whole time that the polls are kept open, and until the election or other interruption of good shall occur and any sheriff or other civil officer failing to perform with energy and good faith, the duty required of him by this order, will upon report made by the judges of the election, be arrested and dealt with by military authority.

XIII. The following extracts from General Orders No. 20, from these Headquarters, are republished for the information and guidance of all here- with concerned.

"12. Violence, or threats of violence or any other oppressive means to prevent any person from registering his name or exercising his political rights, are positively prohibited; and it is distinctly announced that no contract or agreement with laborers, which deprives them of their wages for any longer time than that actually consumed in registering or voting, will be permitted to be enforced against them in this District, and this offense, or any previously mentioned in this paragraph, will cause the immediate arrest of the offender and his trial before a Military Commission."

"13. The exercise of the right of every duly authorized voter, under the late Acts of Congress, to register and vote, is guaranteed by the Military Authorities of this District, and all persons whosever are warned against any attempt to interfere to prevent any man from exercising this right under any pretext whatever, other than objection by the usual legal mode."

XIV. The registered voters of the several counties of the State of Alabama shall vote at said election for Delegates to the Convention, according to the following apportionment, made in conformity to the provisions of the second section of the Supplementary Act, dated March 28th, 1867:

APPORTIONMENT.

1. To the counties of Dale, Henry and Coffee, three Delegates.
2. To the counties of Butler and Covington, two delegates.
3. To the county of Conecuh, one delegate.
4. To the counties of Monroe and Baldwin, two delegates.
5. To the county of Mobile, five delegates.
6. To the county of Barbour, three delegates.
7. To the counties of Pike and Bullock, four delegates.
8. To the county of Crenshaw, one delegate.
9. To the county of Lowndes, three delegates.
10. To the county of Wilcox, three delegates.
11. To the county of Clarke, one delegate.
12. To the counties of Washington, and Choctaw, two delegates.
13. To the county of Russell, two delegates.
14. To the county of Macon, two delegates.
15. To the county of Montgomery, five delegates.
16. To the county of Dallas, five delegates.
17. To the county of Marengo, three delegates.
18. To the counties of Sumter and Pickens, four delegates.
19. To the county of Lee, two delegates.
20. To the counties of Elmore and Autauga, three delegates.
21. To the county of Perry, three delegates.
22. To the counties of Green and Hale, five delegates.
23. To the counties of Chambers and Tallapoosa, three delegates.
24. To the county of Coosa, one delegate.
25. To the county of Shelby, one delegate.
26. To the county of Randolph, one delegate.
27. To the county of Bibb, one delegate.
28. To the counties of Talladega & Clay, three delegates.
29. To the county of Tuscaloosa, two delegates.
30. To the counties of Calhoun and Cleburne, two delegates.
31. To the county of St. Clair, one Delegate.
32. To the county of Jefferson, one Delegate.
33. To the counties of Walker and Fayette, one Delegate.
34. To the counties of Jones, Marion and Winston, one Delegate.
35. To the counties of Blount and Baine, two Delegates.
36. To the county of Cherokee, one

37. To the county of DeKalb, one Delegate.
38. To the county of Jackson, two Delegates.
39. To the county of Marshal, one Delegate.
40. To the county of Morgan, one Delegate.
41. To the county of Lawrence two Delegates.
42. To the county of Madison three Delegates.
43. To the counties of Lauderdale and Limestone, three Delegates.
44. To the counties of Franklin and Colbert, two Delegates.

JOHN POPE,

Major-General Commanding

Religious Notice.

The Jacksonville Bible Society at a late meeting employed the Rev. E. B. McClelen as a Co-porteur for Calhoun county, and other parts of the country, that he may be able and see practicable to visit. We ask of all, who love the bible, the truth it contains and the fruits that grow out of its practice, to give him liberal contributions as well as a warm-hand reception, thus enabling the society to extend this important work. Many families are without the bible and have no money to buy, these should be furnished; some are without, not for the want of money, but from the want of an opportunity to buy, these should have a Colporteur.

We have a fine little lot of bibles and testaments and can get more—with the money. Help to distribute these, help to buy more, and circulate them.

Help, the people are needy—the society alive—willing; you will do nothing more than your duty.

CHAS. KING, Ch'm'n, Corresponding Committee.

Sept. 5, 1867.

New Sewing Machine.—We examined the other day a new Sewing Machine, manufactured by Bliss & McCathorn, of Louisville, Ky. This is called the "Common Sense Family Sewing Machine," & comes nearer being what the name indicates, than any of the machines we have ever examined, by its simplicity of construction, its durability, and freedom from complication and liability to get out of order, and if it should, can easily understood in all its parts, and required or put in order by any lady using it. It works smoothly, neatly and rapidly, and is warranted by the manufacturers to perform good work for three years. It is cheap and we have little doubt but it will be found more useful and valuable than many descriptions of machines which cost more than three times its price.

Mr. J. M. Forbes, of Oxford, is agent for the sale of these machines in this State, and will take the names of persons who may desire them, and deliver the machines at any specified time. Mr. F. will pass through the country; and exhibit a model machine, and in his absence, a note addressed to him at Oxford will be attended to.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address—

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar Street, New York.

THE MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.

A New Feature.

Having determined, in addition to the usual political, miscellaneous and local matter, to devote a column daily and a page weekly, to the promotion of the Agricultural, Stock Raising, Domestic and Sporting interests of Alabama, we respectfully solicit contributions or correspondence on these topics. There being no other paper in the State giving special attention to this department, we trust the Advertiser will receive the co-operation and support of those interested.

The politics of the Advertiser are thoroughly independent and conservative, dealing justly and fairly with all men, and holding itself above all factions and all parties, for the good of the State and country.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY.

One copy, one month \$1 00
" " three months 2 50
" " six months 5 00
" " twelve months 10 00

WEEKLY.

One copy, three months \$1 50
" " six months 2 50
" " twelve months 4 00
Six copies twelve months sent to one Post office address. 20 00
Ten copies twelve months sent to one Post office address. 30 00

Clubs received for six months at the foregoing rates.

All subscriptions are payable strictly in advance; and, at the expiration of the time for which payment is made, unless previously renewed, the name of the subscriber will be stricken from our books.

By the Governor of Alabama,

A PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA.

WHEREAS, information has reached this Department, that an atrocious murder was recently committed in Cleburne county upon the body of Michael Pughall; and

Whereas, it is formally charged, that the said murder was perpetrated by JOSEPH MARKS; and it appearing that the said Marks has fled from justice, and is still running at large;

Now, therefore, with a view of vindicating the outraged law, and having the murderer brought to condign punishment, I, R. M. Patton, Governor of the State of Alabama, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested, do issue this my proclamation, bearing a reward of

Three Hundred Dollars

to any person who may arrest the said Joseph Marks, and deliver him into the custody of the Sheriff of Cleburne county.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of Montgomery, this 5th day of June, A. D. 1867, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the ninety-first.

R. M. PATTON.

By the Governor,

MICAH TAUL,

Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Joseph Marks is low in stature; stout and heavy built, weighs about one hundred and seventy-five pounds; he is about twenty-five years of age; he has blue eyes, light hair, which was quite long when he fled; his complexion is fair. He is slow spoken. The second toe on the left foot has been cut, so that it hangs down. The first and third toes on the same foot, incline towards each other, and nearly if not quite touch.

REDUCED RATES.

THE MONTGOMERY MAIL,

ISSUED

Daily and Weekly,

AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.

By J. CARR GIBSON & Co.,

Proprietors.

JOSEPH HODGSON, } Editors.

J. F. WHITFIELD, }

The proprietors of the MAIL take pleasure in announcing that they have materially Reduced the Rates of Advertising and Subscription, to-wit:

On and after the first day of June, 1867, rates of Subscription and Advertising will be as follows:

TERMS OF THE DAILY MAIL.

Twelve months \$10 00
Six months 5 00
Three months 2 00
One month 1 00
Two weeks 70
One week 40
Single copies 10

Newsboys and Dealers will be furnished at the rate of 60 cents per dozen.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY MAIL

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING.

One copy, 1 year \$4 00
One copy, 6 months 2 50
Clubs of Ten, one year 40 00
Clubs of Twenty, one year 60 00

All subscriptions to the paper are discontinued so soon as the time expires for which payment has been made, unless renewed.

THE MAIL HAS A CIRCULATION IN ALABAMA UNEQUALLED BY ANY OTHER NEWSPAPER, and is rapidly on the increase. It is the official organ of the City of Montgomery, and, since the first day of January last, has been awarded the publication of the list of letters in accordance with the law, requiring this list to be published in the paper having the

LARGEST CIRCULATION.

In Politics, the MAIL is a fearless and independent advocate of CONSTITUTIONAL CONSERVATIVE UNION PRINCIPLES.

The DAILY MAIL contains all the latest telegraphic and general intelligence, full proceedings of legislative bodies, &c., &c.; while the WEEKLY MAIL, being one of the Largest Sheets in the South, is filled with reading matter only, embracing all the current news of the week.

Subscriptions, Advertising and Job Printing Solicited.

Money, in REGISTERED LETTERS, may be sent at our risk.

JUST PUBLISHED.

NEW WORK ON SINGING.

BASSIN'S

Twenty Melodic Exercises,

IN FORM OF

SOLFEGGIOS FOR SOPRANO OR

MEZZO SOPRANO VOICES.

INTENDED AS

Studies to acquire the Art of Sing-

ing.

"These exercises were composed to be used simultaneously with his system, 'THE ART OF SINGING,' or with any other method for the cultivation of the voice, and will take the place of CONCON'S SOLFEGGIOS; being more melodious and better adapted for teaching."

"Some of these exercises are specially beautiful as well as useful, a mingling of the dulce et utile, which secures the interest as well as the improvement of the student. The various styles developed in these exercises render them invaluable in an educational point of view, as they tend to enlarge the intelligence of the pupil. They must be studied carefully with reference to the innumerable marks of expression and forms of ornamentation. Upon the minute accuracy with which these are accomplished depends the actual advancement of the pupil; any evasion or slurring in these respects is time and effort utterly wasted, while, on the other hand, a close and patient investigation, and minutely faithful execution of them, will give unexpected power and facility, and open to the student the means and resources by which great artists produce their most brilliant and profound respect

For the Jacksonville Republican.

GATHERING FLOWERS.

BY FRED. JEFFERSON.

The morning, when I was a child,
I gathered buds from places to place,
And then arranged them in a vase,
And looked on them with pleasure;
Next morning early I arose,
And soon as I arranged my clothes,
With happy heart, I leaped away
To see my highly prized bouquet,
My pretty floral treasure.

Alas how sadly I did feel,
When I saw down my cheeks did steal,
That I beheld the naked stems
That yesterday sustained the gems
Which I so fondly cherished;
The leaves lay scattered on the floor,
Their brightness gone for evermore;
And, oh! how bitterly I wept,
As to my mother's side I crept,
And told her they had perished.

She wiped away my youthful tears,
And told me that in coming years,
I might be called upon to stand,
While at my feet, on every hand,
Life's flowers would be lying—
That I would see them fade away,
And those most cherished soon decay,
But I should learn to gather more,
For grieving never would restore
The ones that I'd see dying.

I could not fully comprehend
The meaning that she did intend;
But now I understand it all,
And find among both great and small,
All earthly things wither;
And those the dearest to the heart
Are those from which we soonest part,
Their sweetness is the soonest fled,
Their beauty numbered with the dead,
And gone we know not whither.

My own pathway of life has lain
Thro' one wild, rough, bewild'ring plain;
And thus my years have passed away,
In gathering flowers every day,
For fleeting time to sever;
And oft at daylight's golden close,
I have admired some charming rose;
Next day I'd raise its drooping head,
And find it drooping—dying—dead—
Its charms all gone forever!

Jacksonville, Sep. 12, 1867.

"I say, Sambo, does you know what
make de corn grow so fast when you
put de manure on it?" "No, I don't
hardly." "Now, I'll just tell ye.—
When de corn begins to smell de ma-
nure out, it don't like de fumery, so it hur-
ries out of de ground."

Gen. Grant—What Destructives
Say of Him.

We commend the following to those
the "Destructives," who are accus-
tomed to boast of the great political power
of Gen. Grant, and to claim that he is
in full accord with them in their plots
and conspiracies against the Govern-
ment, the Constitution and perpetuity
of the Union.

It would seem that he is not so ac-
ceptable to the Northern wing of the
Destructives, and that it will be neces-
sary for them to begin looking up some
other "available" man.

Here is Wendell Phillips' manifesto
in the last Anti-Slavery Standard:

Grant, at last, has spoken and—
blundered. How he stalked into the
Secretaryship, his friends boasting his
great power to prevent mischief! What
mischief has he prevented? None.—
The only power he claimed against the
President, a moment's thought obliges
him to renounce. This is our "practi-
cal" statesman, whose first move is a
blunder! This was our St. Michael,
whose resistless sword was to mow down
the Satan of the fallen host! Instead
of that, we find that he does not even
know how to draw it!

"The great popular leader sinks to be
only the President's Secretary, issuing
orders he abhors: sits like 'an
ancient Pistol,' eating his lack and grum-
bling! Was ever boastful promise fol-
lowed by such miserable failure? The
General of the United States is to-day
a weed caught in the Presidential ma-
chine, and, unless some better brains
than his own come to the rescue, sure
soon to be swallowed in the vortex. Let
no Grant-man after this call Johnson a
clumsy knave; he has found wit enough
to befoul the model reader, whose silence
passed for the highest wisdom—the puff
of whose cigar was statesmanship.—
Once before, there was an animal which
passed for a lion till he spoke."

Here is what Tilton says in the In-
dependent:

General Grant has surrendered to the
President. This fact was unexpected.
It took the country by surprise. It is
still the theme of universal talk.

But it is neither to be denied, nor
concealed, nor explained away, that
General Grant has, within the last few
weeks, greatly disappointed the Ameri-
can people. He has, within this period,
been more criticised, both in the public
press and to private circles, than at any
former time since he became a famous
man. Moreover much as we dislike to
make the confession, these criticisms
have been just. There is a natural
desire among men to have one's heroes
perfect, without blemish or flaw; and
when they are not, so, in reality, we
strive to paint them so in our imagina-
tion. But even General Grant is now
proven to be not a hero to all points.

Greely, in the Tribune, keeps up the
same kind of sneering criticism, and
throughout the country the Radical pack
are at General Grant's heels.

A Remarkable Phenomenon.

Under the title of "The Earth Burn-
ing," the Corinth News relates the fol-
lowing:

Several persons were in Corinth last
Saturday, who gave some startling ac-
counts of the earth's being on fire about
four miles southwest of Hamburg, Tenn.
Mr. Brooks, who lives fourteen miles
north west of Corinth, had a pasture in
which was a pond of water about twenty-
five by seventy-five feet, and the water
during the summer having disap-
peared, he cleared off the ground to sow
it in turnips. While burning the brush
from this piece of ground, the locality
that had been covered with water,
ignited from the burning brush, and
the entire space where the pond had
formerly stood has continued to blaze
brilliantly for the past ten days. He
became alarmed and fearing that his
entire farm would be consumed and
turned into an embankment of ashes,
dug ditches around the burning space
and filled them with water. He has
poured large quantities of water on the
burning earth, but it did not extinguish
the flames. The smell from the burn-
ing earth is represented as being pecu-
liar and marked.

The Augusta Chronicle learns
that the 16th U. S. Infantry, now gar-
risoning that city, will be transferred to
Atlanta, and that only a small detach-
ment will be left at Augusta.

It has been understood in Atlanta for
some time that about one thousand
troops would be kept at this post. This
we presume is a precautionary meas-
ure on the part of the commanding
general, and one that will enable him
to send detachments post haste to points
in this district where troubles may take
place in the coming elections. We ap-
prehend no such trouble, notwithstanding
certain lying radical papers say
that there is a disunion or secession ele-
ment ready for another revolution.—
True enough, a revolution is ardently
hoped for, but it is that kind which
Connecticut, California, Maine and
Montana have inaugurated, and which
is quietly moving this way. The true
sons of the South are ripe for such a
revolution, anxious as they are to throw
off their shackles and rush to a banner
which is inscribed "Constitutional
Liberty." It can be described in the
distance now, and the people of the
South are quietly biding their time. It
will come. This chosen spot of God's
domain is too fair to be converted into
a charnel house. The pestilence of
radicalism—native and imported—will
be swept away, and our people left to
breathe a political atmosphere no longer
tainted by the cod-fish and onion
stench of puritanism. There is hope
for us, people of Georgia! Bear your
wrongs like men. Learn to labor and
to wait.—Atlanta Intelligencer.

Stirring Times Ahead

The indications are that the contest
between the President and Congress
will soon be brought to a final issue—
One or the other will have to give way.
The antagonism cannot much longer
continue in its present arms-length po-
sition. "A fight or a back down" now
seems probable. The President's re-
cent proclamations are now being offi-
cially furnished to all the officers in all
the departments, civil and military,
of the government. A third proclamation
is confidently looked for, which will
make more definite and specific the
duties required by the first two.

We have a rumor that orders have
already been issued to the military,
having reference to some contemplated
movement. The Race Track in
Atlanta has been leased by the mili-
tary and barracks are being made of suf-
ficient capacity to accommodate all the
troops in the State. Most of the gar-
rison at Augusta has been ordered to
Atlanta, and the indications from all
quarters are that some general move-
ment, or change in location is contem-
plated.

We have no doubt that the President
has counted the cost and thoroughly
understands the situation. The Radicals
are rampant and defy him—threaten-
ing impeachment. It may not be long
before it shall be known who com-
mands the Army and Navy of the United
States. Let the South stand firm,
obeying all laws while maintaining their
constitutional rights.—Rome Courier.

Gov. Parsons of Alabama in Consul-
tation With the President.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—Gov. Par-
sons, of Alabama, reached here this
morning to consult with President
Johnson touching the interest of his
State. He had a long interview with
Mr. Johnson, during which he paid a
high tribute to the honor and gentle-
manly bearing of Gen. Swayne, who has
been in immediate command in Ala-
bama. Gov. Parsons urges that Gen.
Pope's order, directing the election for
the State Convention, to be held on the
1st of October, be so modified as to
extend the time for registration. Nev-
ertheless he admits that the negro vote
in the State will be double to that of
the white, and that several negro Con-
gressmen will undoubtedly be elected.
The report that Governor Parsons was
radical in his views is without founda-
tion. He has been a firm, consistent
Union man throughout, but is entirely
conservative in sentiment. He fears
the South will be Africanized and
placed under negro supremacy. Gen.
Swayne, who is to be the successor of
Gen. Pope, is a decided negro suffrage
advocate, though he favored conferring
the right of franchise on the more in-
telligent of the freedmen. He was
willing even to adopt a property qualifi-

cation, so that there could be a clear
admission of the principle. The Presi-
dent, I understand, has taken the propo-
sition of Gov. Parsons under consid-
eration.—Cor. Boston Post.

DEATHS BY LIGHTNING.—Few people
are aware how many are the deaths from
lightning. It appears, from statistics
kept in France, that during the last
thirty years more than ten thousand
people were struck by lightning, of
whom two thousand two hundred and
thirty two were killed out right.—
Eight hundred and eighty were killed
during the last ten years, and of these
only two hundred and forty-three were
females. If lightning falls on a crowd
it does more mischief among the men
than among the women, the taller
persons being most exposed. Again,
animals are frequently stricken, while
the persons in charge of them are spared.
The old idea that the beech tree is a
protection is a fatal error—the neigh-
borhood of all isolated trees being dan-
gerous, like that highly projecting
objects, except when they are in me-
tallie connection with the soil. Railroads
and telegraph wires are protectors, in
so far as they are able to absorb and
convey considerable amounts of electri-
city. Every locomotive does this unper-
ceived—its metallic mass being an
excellent conductor. Walking along a
railroad track where it runs through a
country without trees is as dangerous
as taking shelter under a tall tree. That
windmills are dangerous is believed to
be an error, for experience does not
show that lightning strikes through
open windows or follows a draft of air.

"CONFEDERATE BONDS WANTED."—
The following advertisement appeared
in the National Intelligencer, the other
day, and excited much comment:

Confederate Bonds Wanted First
National Bank, August 29, 1867. We
have an order for a moderate amount
of eight per cent. bonds, C. S. A., and
unfilled will buy all that are offered
at best rates. W. S. Huntington, Cash-
ier.

A young soldier attached to Gen.
Schofield's headquarters guard, in
Richmond, committed suicide the other
day by cutting his throat with a razor.
He had just heard of the death of his
father.

Col. F. R. Shepard, died in Mo-
bile, on the 6th inst., from the effects of
a wound from a pistol shot, discharged
by Capt. Schaff, at Mt. Vernon Arsenal,
some ten days ago.

James Yancy, of Shelbyville, Ten-
nessee, stabbed and killed his father-in-
law, in that place a few days ago because
the latter remonstrated with him on ac-
count of his intemperate habits.

The earnings of the Atlantic cable
during the past year are reported at
\$1,660,000 in gold, of which sum the
Newfoundland line received \$500,000
in gold as its share. Ocean telegraph-
ing evidently pays; but before long the
cable company will have plenty of
rivals, and the more there are the better
it will be for the public.

Mexico.

The New York Herald has received
Mexican dates to the 20th ult. We
copy the following summary of news:
President Juarez had completed the
formation of his new Cabinet. The
whole country has been laid off into dis-
tricts, to which Regules, Diaz, Escobedo,
Corona and Alvarez have been as-
signed in command. On the 15th of
July the President was accorded an in-
formal reception, which was rather an
indifferent affair, the people being con-
spicuously wanting in the usual Mexi-
can enthusiasm for brilliant pageantries.
A youth named Maximilian read a poem
dedicated to Juarez, and a little girl
named Carlotta presented him with a
golden crown. Diaz has had almost a
rupture with Juarez on the subject of
the expected execution of fourteen more
prisoners of war, and it was through
his efforts that they were respited. He
is reported to have threatened Juarez
with the forcible intervention of the ar-
my which he commands unless the sen-
tences were suspended. Carlos Mir-
amon has 2600 men in the mountains,
and recently shot ninety Liberals in re-
venge for his brother's death.

Impending Danger.

Startling Revelations as to the
Plans of the Radical Leaders.
[From the Washington Correspondent of the
Boston Post.]

Some startling revelations are leaking
out here touching the revolutionary
schemes of the Radical leaders. It has
been discovered that the plan for Rad-
ical government and negro supremacy in
the Southern States was concluded and
matured at the Convention of Southern
loyalists on the 13th of September last,
in Philadelphia, where were present the
Radical Governors of the several Nor-
thern States. It was then and there de-
termined to organize a revolutionary
army which should hold the South un-
der the control of the Radicals, regard-
less of what might be the popular vote.
It was also determined that E. M. Pease
should by some means be placed at the
head of the State organization in Texas,
and in obedience to this plot of the re-
volutionists Gen. Sheridan deposed Gov.
Throckmorton and installed Pease in
the Executive chair. In further contin-
uation of the same plot, Gen. E. J. Davis
was given a roving commission by
Gen. Sheridan, ostensibly for the pur-
pose of superintending the registration,
but really to organize the Texas quota
of the Grand Army of the Republic,
the members of which are sworn to hold

the power of the South regardless of the
Constitution or legal barriers. That
work is now in rapid progress, and
funds are being supplied through the
Loyal Leagues by the Radical Con-
gressional Committee of this city, of which
Mr. Schenck is Chairman. My infor-
mation is to the effect that this military
organization is now being rapidly push-
ed forward in all the Southern States,
and it is reported that the supreme com-
mand of this revolutionary force has
been bestowed upon the late commander
of the Fifth Military District. In view
of this powerful organization, which
stands ready to throttle the government,
the late proclamation of the President
may not be ill-timed; of the truth of
this statement there is abundant proof,
and steps will be taken by the Govern-
ment to meet the impending danger.

Gen. John C. Breckinridge.

From a letter from New York to the
Lexington Observer & Reporter dated
August 23d, we copy the following in-
telligence concerning General John C.
Breckinridge:

Knowing that any tidings of Ken-
tucky's noble son, Gen. John C. Breckin-
ridge, who is now an exile from his
old home, are gladly received by his
many friends, we state that he has to-
day had a long and highly agreeable
interview with an esteemed friend,
of New Orleans, Dr. W. C. who was a
surgeon in Gen. B.'s division during
the late war, and gathered these facts.
Dr. D. is just from Paris, where he fre-
quently saw General Breckinridge.—
He met him with his lady at the Grand
Hotel, where he had an opportunity of
seeing the respect and deference shown
here by all the Americans there.

Gen. Breckinridge was handsomely
dressed, "looked splendidly," and was
in fine health. He is residing, with
his interesting family in the Champs
Elysees, about one mile from the palace
of the Emperor, and near the Grand
Royal arch.

To the inquiry addressed General B.
by our friend as to his desire in reference
to an early return to the United States,
this was the response, "I trust the day
is not far distant, when the political
condition of the United States will en-
courage me to return there. I am
hopeful of the future, and favor any
plan of reconstruction that will bring
about permanent peace and harmony to
the entire people."

He seemed very cheerful and happy,
and spoke gratefully of the affections
exhibited toward him by the Americans
who visit Europe.

He stated that he was most comfort-
ably situated in every respect, and with
his family around him and all in health,
he was content.

With what elegant circumlocution it
is possible to call a man a liar may be
seen in the following little passage in
the British House of Lords, in which a
noble lord blandly says to a noble Duke.
"I beg to call the attention of my noble
friend, the noble Duke, to an observa-
tion which my friend, the noble Duke,
is reported to have made and which my
noble friend the noble Duke, will find,
upon reflection, to be inconsistent with
strict veracity."

SUCCESSOR TO GOV. HELM.—The
Louisville Courier, anticipating the
death of Gov. Helm, says the Lieut.
Governor of Kentucky does not succeed
to the office of Governor for the unex-
pired term of Governor Helm, but that
under the law of Kentucky a new elec-
tion must be held immediately to fill
the vacancy; the Lieut. Governor acting
only until such election.

BROWN & PERKINS.

Pianos for the People
420 Broome St., N. Y.

We would call the attention of the public
and the trade to our elegant New Scale Pianos
in the following styles:

STYLE A, 7 octave, Front large round
corners, finished back, plain case, either octagon or
carved legs, straight bottom, bead mould-
ing on plinth.....\$450

STYLE B, 7 octave, same as style A,
with serpentine moulding on plinth,
carved legs and lyre.....\$500

STYLE C, 7 octave, Front corners large
round, serpentine bottom, mouldings
same as on style D, curved lyre and
desk, fancy carved legs.....\$550

STYLE D, 7 octave, Four large round
corners, finished back, mouldings on
rim and plinth, serpentine bottom, carved
lyre and desk, elegant carved fruit
legs.....\$600

The above styles are all finished in elegant
Rosewood cases and have the full iron frame,
French action, harp pedal, beveled top, ivory
keys and key fronts, and exceed in overstrung
bass, nearly all the 74 octave Pianos now
manufactured. They are made of the best
materials, and for finish, durability, purity
and sweetness of tone, cannot be surpassed.

The four styles described above, embody
all the essential changes in exterior finish of
cases, which are by many manufacturers run
up to 15 and 20 pattern.

We invite the attention of the public of
dealers and the profession, to a critical exam-
ination of the merits of our Pianos.

By avoiding the great expenses attendant
upon costly factories and expensive ware-
rooms in the city, we are enabled to offer these
Pianos at prices which defy competition, and
invite all to call and examine them before
determining elsewhere.

When references and testimonials are re-
quired by those about to purchase, instead of
presenting a display of professional names,
we refer to the parties to whom we have sold
our Pianos. Their judge merit as to the real
merits of our instruments as to the durability,
touch, sweetness, and power of tone, standing
in time, &c., based on an actual experience,
being of far more value than the mere good
opinion of the artist, however capable, who
merely tries them in a warehouse, instruments
in perfect tune and order, which have just re-
ceived the workmen's last finishing touches.

Our motto is
"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS."

Send for a Circular, to
BROWN & PERKINS,
No. 420 Broome Street, N. Y.

SELMA Advertisements.

J. A. Curry. J. H. Aunsbaugh.

J. A. CURRY & CO.

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

Water Street, SELMA, Ala.

We will make advances on Cotton
and furnish Bagging and Rope to all
who favor us with their patronage.

We have good Brick Warehouses constant-
ly under guard for the storage of Cotton and
other produce consigned to us.
Aug. 24, 1867.—6m.

BOWEN & HOOPER,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Western Produce.

Corner Water and Washing-
ton Streets, directly oppo-
site the "Trump House."

Are now opening a full and complete as-
sortment of Groceries and Western Produce,
which they offer in Packages or at Retail at
the lowest market rates.

Consignments of Cotton, Flour and other
Produce, for storage, sale or shipment, res-
pectfully solicited, and faithfully and prompt-
ly attended to.

Thankful for former favors, they will be
happy to again meet their old friends, and
ask a fair share of patronage from the public
generally.
BOWEN & HOOPER.

August 24, 1867.—1y.

ABNER WILLIAMS,

COTTON FACTOR

AND

Commission Merchant.

Selma, Ala.

THANKFUL for the patron-
age heretofore extended him
again tenders his services to
the public in the sale of Cotton, Flour, &c.
Will advance Bagging & Rope to his patron.
A liberal share of patronage respectfully
solicited.
Aug. 5th, 1867.

WM. WHITE. A. J. PHARES.

WHITE & PHARES,

Commission Merchants,

SELMA, ALA.

Sole agents consignments of
COTTON, WHEAT,
FLOUR, & other Pro-
duce.

Liberal cash advances made on shipments.
Respectfully refer to the following Mer-
chant:

Messrs. S. & T. J. Morgan, Oxford.
E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville,
J. D. Hoke,
P. Rowan,

July 13, 1867.—6m.

ROGGS, MOFFET & WOODS,
GROCERS

Central Block, Water Street,
SELMA, ALA.

Will keep on hand a com-
plete assortment of Groceries,
and will pay prompt attention to
all business entrusted to them
for shipment.

Will advance liberally on consignments of
Cotton & other produce left with them for sale.

G. MC CONNICO, Selma.

J. A. JONES, Bibb Co.

R. H. CROSWELL, Selma.

RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

SELMA, ALA.

SPECIAL attention given to the sale and
purchase of merchandise and supplies of
every description.

We respectfully solicit consignments,
on which liberal cash advances will be made,
and close storage given in a fire-proof ware-
house.

All Goods consigned to Central Ware
House will be received directly from Steam-
boats on a first class Wharf Boat, and not ex-
posed to the weather. No charges for dray-
age to Railroad depot. March 2, 1867.

ROBT. A. PETTIBONE,

(Successor to N. D. JOHNSON & Co.)

RECEIVING

AND

Forwarding Merchant,

Selma, Alabama.

Ware House and Wharf at
the terminus of the Alabama
& Tennessee Rivers Rail Road.

Cotton or Merchandise of any description
Consigned to this House will be forwarding
promptly and as low as through any house in
Selma. Feb. 16, 1867.—1y.

J. G. BELL.

W. T. BELL.

J. G. BELL & BRO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

WATER STREET,

SELMA, ALA.,

Special attention given to the Sale & Ship-
ment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully
solicited. Sept. 8, 1866.

Just Received,

Domestics,

Calicoes, &c.

By E. L. WOODWARD.

Woolsey, Walker, & Co.

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

SELMA and MOBILE,

Are prepared to advance Bag-
ging, Rope, Ties, Supplies &
Money to their friends, and to sell
at the highest market price all Cotton and
Produce consigned to them at either SELMA
or MOBILE. Sept. 1, 1867.—5m.

CHILLS AND FEVER.

Can the Chills be cured in every instance
without affecting the head? Is there no medi-
cine that will satisfy our people, that will
permanently eradicate all forms of Chills and
Fever? Yes, it can be done. What is its
name and where can it be had?

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S

KING OF CHILLS

Is to-day, the most worthy and substantial
Chill medicine now before the Southern peo-
ple. It never fails to give the most perfect
satisfaction in every respect. Every planta-
tion should buy one dozen bottles at a time.

RELIOUS FEVER

Which is so common on all our rivers, lakes,
bayous, swamps, etc can be easily cured by
using our "King of Chills," which immedi-
ately arouses the Liver, cleanses the Stom-
ach, opens the Bowels, and never fails to cure
the worst forms of Chills and Fever. Chills
are so easily cured by its use, that it is folly
to suffer any longer.

FARMERS & PLANTERS

Everywhere could save much time and money
among their hands by keeping a constant
supply of King of Chills on hand, as it makes
quick and permanent cures without affecting
the head, and is a powerful tonic to prevent a
return.

We appeal to all who suffer with chills.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S

English Female Bitters,



POETRY.

PRESENTMENTS

You call me sweet and tender names
And softly smooth my tresses,
And all the while my happy heart
Beats time to your caresses.
You love me in your master way,
I answer—as you let me:
But ah! there comes another day,
The day you will forget me.

I know that every fleeting hour
Is marked by thoughts I bring you,
I know there dwells a subtle power
In the old songs I sing you,
I do not fear the darkest way
With those dear arms about me;
Ah! no—I only dread the day
When you can live without me.

And still call me tender names,
And softly smooth my tresses;
And still my happy answering heart
Beats time to your caresses.
Hush!—let me put that touch away
And clasp your hands above me,
So—while I ask to die that day,
The day that you will not love me.

You need not check the thoughts that
rise
With darkness wrapped about them
For gazing in your earnest eyes
My heart can almost doubt them,
Yet hush my whispers as you may,
Such chidings do not fret me;
Ah! no—I only fear that day
The day you will forget me.

THE SECRET WELL.

BY C. W. STODDARD.

I know a well so deep and cool
And hid the crystal-hearted pool
Hath never thrilled a swallow's throat
Or sweetened a lark's note.

No fainting stag, though perishing,
Hath ventured to disturb this spring;
No leopard with its fiery breast
This fountain dares molest.

No cunning silver-cased trout
The sheltered source can e'er search
out—
No tongues but mine can ever tell
The secret of this well.

I built about its guarded rim
With added stones; I know the dim
Still twilight its mossy cell,
Where the sweet waters dwell.

For spirits go between us two
With flocks; they brim with softest dew,
I drink and am refreshed, and seem
As living in a dream.

This well, that is alone for me,
Is all a fount of memory;
And every year that I have known
Is as an added stone.

My willing thought's, as spirit, hastes
To draw the draught I love to taste;
There is an ever full supply
Yet why may I drink but I?

The Cross of Love.

Among its old oaks long since laid
aside, the Southern Cultivator resurrects
the following gem of beauty:

Oh, I was sad and weary; weary with
the conflicts of life, with its heavy toil,
with its bitter strifes. I reposed with
myself and thought they might be trials
of my faith and love. Then I looked
around upon my fellow mortals, and
thought not one of them had as much
to endure as I had. Some friends were
taken from me by death, others by es-
trangement worse than death, and I was
obliged to toil for my daily bread. Oh,
how I would change places with any
of my friends; their burdens could be eas-
ily borne, but mine were too heavy, my
cross I could not bear.

As I mused, the angel of sleep passed
by, and the breeze wafted by his
wings felt soothingly upon my spirit,
and I slept.

Soon a soft and silvery light seemed
to surround me. The sweetest and
most beautiful music filled the air. A
form of the angelic beauty approached
me. His brow shone with a clear res-
plendent light; his face was calm and
so radiant, so God-like, that I felt like
one entranced. I could neither speak
nor move. As he came near, he gently
waved his hand and said, "Follow me,
I am the way." Involuntarily I arose
and followed. I seemed to float through
the blue ether, and most delicious frag-
rance filled the balmy air. After tra-
versing what seemed to be almost illim-
itable space, he stopped and addressed
me thus: "Mortal, I have witnessed
thy conflicts and struggles. Thou think-
est the cross given thee too heavy
to bear; lay it aside and take one of thy
own choosing," at the same time point-
ing to a place where lay myriads of
crosses of divers sizes and fashions.

I felt inexpressibly happy as I laid
aside my cross and looked about for one
to supply its place. Soon my eyes fell
upon a small but brilliantly looking one
composed of jewels and precious stones,
and I said, "I will take this, it must be
easy to bear." But soon I began to tot-
ter; the weight was too much, and I
said, "Oh, I must take it off, I cannot
walk." Gently he said, "Try again."
Then I selected one of gold, elaborate
work, thinking surely I could wear a
golden cross. But that too pressed so
heavily upon me that I was obliged to
lay it down. Then the angel smiled

mournfully upon me, and said: "Don't
weary, try again." This time I selected
one composed of most beautiful flowers,
thinking this is for me, the burden must
be light. But it soon made its hidden
sorrows known to me; thorns pierced my
flesh, and I cried in anguish: "This one
I may not bear!" and I said, "Oh! I
why need I have any cross? I do well
enough without." Then the angel gen-
tly answered, "No cross, no crown."

Sadly I gazed, but the angel said,
"Fear not; there must be one here to
suit your need." Slowly passing along,
I espied a plain unpretending looking
cross with the word Love engraved upon
it in letters of gold, I exclaimed,
"Oh, I know I can bear this one!" As
I raised it a smile of ineffable sweetness
illuminated the face of the angel, and I
found I had chosen "my own old cross
again." But Oh, how differently it
seemed to what it used; it fitted exactly
and joyfully acknowledged it the best
for me to bear.

Then the angel said, "For he so loved
thee that he gave his only begotten Son
that thou, by bearing the cross given
thee, might inherit eternal life."

With grateful heart and suffused with
tears, I looked to thank the angel, but
he had vanished, and I awoke.
But what a lesson I had learned.—
Surely the cross "my Father" gave me
was the best. With grateful and con-
tented heart I thanked the giver, never
again doubting that the way he had pre-
pared and appointed was the one for me;
never praying that whatever he thought
necessary for the discipline of my life,
I bear with patience, and trust in "Him
who doeth all things well."

A touching instance of family devo-
tion and affection occurred near Rock-
town, Illinois, a few days ago, in which
a mother and her child, together with
her brother and his wife, all perished in
attempting to rescue the child and each
other from drowning. It appears that
the child went into the water beyond its
depth, and others, in following and at-
tempting to rescue it, lost their presence
of mind and were also drowned.

Five thousand dollars have been sub-
scribed by some gentlemen of New York
to build a new fashioned submarine ex-
plorer, with which to endeavor to recover
the £1,300,000 from the wreck of the
frigate Hussar, sunk near Hell Gate.
If this experiment proves successful,
they will try their fortunes with the
Golden Gate, which sunk at sea with
\$2,000,000, and the Yankee Blade,
which went down with a treasure of
\$2,400,000.

CONCESSION IS AGITATION.—Sam Slick
says: "Concession never stopped agita-
tion since the world was first squeezed
out of a card—it only leads it. Throw-
ing slops to a varmint only brings him
back again; and when you have nothing
more to throw 'em, they are plaguy
apt to turn and tare you to pieces."

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Mate-
rials,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
501 BROADWAY, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of photo-
graphic materials we are Headquarters for
the following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES AND STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS.
Of American and Foreign Cities and Land-
scapes, Groups, Statuary, etc.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR.
From negatives made in the various cam-
paigns and forming a complete Photographic
history of the great conflict.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS.
Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the
Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to
any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
We manufacture more largely than any
other house, about 200 varieties from 50 cents
to \$50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputa-
tion of being superior in beauty and durability
to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, States-
men, Actors, etc. etc.

Our Catalogue embraces over five thousand
different subjects, including reproductions of
the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings,
Statues, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of
stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods
C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent of the
amount with their order.

The prices and quality of our goods
cannot fail to satisfy.

Just published—Stereoscopic Views of the
Interior of the Mammoth Cave of Ky, taken
by aid of the new Magnesian Light.
August 31, 1867.

Important Notice.

I will meet the Tax payers of Calhoun county
at the times and places mentioned be-
low, for the purpose of collecting the State
and County Tax for the year 1867.

Pre No. 8—Walden's Shop, Monday Sept. 16
" 7—Vessels, Tuesday " 17
" 6—Peck's Hill, Wednesday " 18
" 21—Sulphur Spg's, Thursday " 19
" 5—Polkville, Friday " 20
" 2—Alexandria, Saturday " 21
" 10—Rabbit Town, Monday " 30
" 11—White Plains, Tuesday Oct 1
" 12—Davis Town, Wednesday " 2
" 13—Oxford, Thursday " 3
" 4—Maddox, Friday " 4
" 3—June Bug, Saturday " 5
" 9—Ladiga, Monday " 7
" 1—Jacksonville, Tues & Wed. 8 & 9

Under the present tax law I shall be com-
pelled to make speedy collections.—Tax pay-
ers would do well to be ready to meet the
demands upon them and save unpleasant feel-
ings.

H. GRAHAM, Tax Col. C. C.
August 28, 1867.

GREAT WATCH SALE.

ON THE POPULAR ONE PRICE PLAN.
Giving every Patron a Handsome and
Reliable Watch for the low
Price of Ten Dollars!
WITHOUT REGARD TO VALUE,
AND NOT TO BE

Paid for Unless Perfectly Satisfactory.

100 Solid Gold Hunting Watches \$250 to 750
100 Magic cased Gold Watches, 200 to 500
100 Ladies Watches, enameled, 100 to 300
200 Gold Hunting Chronometer do 250 to 300
200 Gold Hunting Eng. Levers, 200 to 250
200 Gold Hunting Duplex Watch 150 to 250
500 Silver Hunting Levers, 100 to 250
500 Silver Hunting Duplexes, 75 to 250
500 Gold Ladies' Watches, 50 to 250
1,000 Gold Hunting Lapines, 50 to 75
1,000 Miscellaneous Silver Watches, 50 to 100
2,500 Hunting Silver Watches, 25 to 50
5,000 Assorted Watches, all kinds, 10 to 75

Every patron obtains a watch by this
arrangement, costing but \$10, while it may be
worth \$750. No partiality shown.

Messrs. Hill, Porter & Co., 2 & 4 Dey St.,
New York City, wish to immediately dispose
of the above magnificent stock. Certificates,
naming the articles, are placed in sealed en-
velopes, and given to the patrons. Holders are en-
titled to the articles named on their certificate,
upon payment of \$11, whether it be a watch
worth \$750 or less. The return of any of our
certificates entitles you to the article named
thereon, upon payment, irrespective of its
worth, and no article valued less than \$10
is named on any certificate, it will at once be
given to this is

No Lottery, but a straight forward leg-
itimate Transaction, which may be
participated in even by the most fasti-
dious.

A single certificate will be sent by mail,
post paid, upon receipt of 25 cents, five for
\$1; eleven for \$2; thirty-three and an elegant
premium for \$5; sixty-six and a more valuable
premium for \$10, one hundred and a most
superb watch for \$15. To agents or those
seeking employment this is a rare opportunity.
It is a legitimately conducted
business, duly authorized by the government
and open to the most careful scrutiny. TAYLOR.

HILL, PORTER & CO.,
2 & 4 Dey St., N. Y.

The Jacksonville Female ACADEMY.

THE exercises of this In-
stitution will be resumed on
Monday, August 5th, 1867,
under the direction of Rev. D. F.
SMITH, Principal, Miss MARY A. TURN-
LEY, Assistant, and Mrs. MARTHA E.
FRANCIS, Teacher of Music.

Other competent Assistants will be
employed if needed.
The course of study embraces all
branches of instruction usually taught
in Academies and High Schools.

Rates of Tuition per Session of
20 weeks.

First Class,\$15 00
2nd " 20 00
3rd " 25 00
4th " 30 00
Music, Extra, 25 00
French " 12 00
Contingent Fund, 2 00

A deduction of 20 per cent. will be made
in favor of those who will pay in advance or
quarterly.

No pupils will be received for a less period
than two months.

No deduction for absence, except in cases
of sickness.

Parents and guardians may feel assured
that the intellectual and moral improvement
of the pupils will be faithfully sought.

Free access will be granted to the different
Sabbath Schools and Churches in the Town,
as parents may direct.

As to health, good society, and opportuni-
ties for religious instruction, Jacksonville
presents advantages equal, if not superior to
those of any Village or Town in Alabama.

Lectures will be delivered to the whole
school, at least, once every two weeks,
on some practical, moral or religious topic.

Board can be had in good families on rea-
sonable terms.

E. L. WOODWARD, Chm'n.
J. F. GRANT, Sec'y.

J. C. FRANCIS,
A. A. ADAMS,
B. C. WYLY,
J. H. PRIVETT,
M. J. TURNLEY,
L. W. CANNON,
W. H. FLEMING,
A. WOODS.

July 13, 1867.

Bible Agency.

Rev. E. B. McClellan, has been ap-
pointed by the Jacksonville Bible Society,
a branch of the American Bible Society, Agent
for the sale and distribution of Bibles, and
also for the collection of donations to aid in
that cause. He is commended by the Society
to the confidence, friendship, co-operation
and assistance of members of all religious
denominations, and benevolent friends of mor-
ality and religion generally.

As to health, good society, and opportuni-
ties for religious instruction, Jacksonville
presents advantages equal, if not superior to
those of any Village or Town in Alabama.

Lectures will be delivered to the whole
school, at least, once every two weeks,
on some practical, moral or religious topic.

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J. H. PRIVETT,
M. J. TURNLEY,
L. W. CANNON,
W. H. FLEMING,
A. WOODS.

July 13, 1867.

Music Lessons.

ON the PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E.
FRANCIS, commencing with the ses-
sions of the Jacksonville Female Academy.

Pupils can commence at any time dur-
ing the session, and be charged for the time.
Country Produce at the market price taken
in payment. Jacksonville, Jan 30, '68

Bargains, Bargains.

ALL persons indebted to the undersigned
are earnestly requested to give him a
check for the amount due, and if no check
You may forget small matters after a while.
You have doubtless known it to be the case—
"Come and let us reason together."

D. P. GUNNELS.
Oxford, Ala. August 3, 1867.

To the Afflicted.

DR. GEORGE W. LEACH propo-
ses to erect a new system of cure in place of
the vast internal doses which enfeeble the stom-
ach, poison the blood and endanger the life.
He can be consulted at any time in Jack-
sonville, personally or by letter, giving name
of the person, whether over or under 35 years
of age and the disease. He cures cancers, ven-
erous, scrofula, piles, diseases of the lungs,
spine, kidneys, and some others; charging
but a very small amount in advance, after-
wards if no cure is paid. He has a number
of testimonials of cure, has recently treated
11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entire-
ly well and the others getting well.

NEW WOOL FACTORY.

At McKibbin's old stand on
Choccolocco Creek, 2 1/2 miles be-
low Oxford and 2 1/2 above Mun-
ford. This Splendid Machinery
has been purchased with a view
to suit the wants of the Southern people,
being clothed entirely with a superior quality
of ENGLISH CARDS. It cannot fail to
give satisfaction where the wool is properly
prepared. Wool will be conveyed from the
Depot at Munford and returned free of charge.
Our old friends and the public generally
are respectfully invited to call and examine
our machinery. McKIBBIN & BROTHER.
June 22, 1867.—3m.

MONTVALE SPRINGS—1867.

THIS popular Summer resort having been
placed in thorough repair, and furnished
with new furniture, will be opened for visit-
ors on the 1st of June under the direction and
control of the undersigned proprietors of the
American Hotel, Atlanta Ga.
Montvale presents the strongest attractions
to both the invalid and pleasure seeker, no
less on account of its retirement and beauty
of its surrounding scenery, than of the res-
torative powers of its waters. We have re-
duced the price of board to the lowest figures
consistent with a proper provision for the en-
tertainment of our guests.
Board per day \$3 00, per week \$20 00,
per month \$60 00, with an allowance for
families. Travellers by rail reach the Springs
by special conveyance from London, or by
regular daily mail coaches from Knoxville
Tenn.

WHITE & WHITLOCK.

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, &c. E. GOODE, Artist, (Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)

Rooms first door north of E. L. Wood-
ward's Store. June 16, 1866

W. C. LAND, Watchmaker,

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing
business above McClellan's store, at the
old site of the public square. A good lot
of materials on hand, and work done with
despatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

House and Lot to Rent.

A house containing four large rooms
and two entries, suitable for a boarding
house, with kitchen, smoke-house, and a
good garden, with choice fruit trees, and
well watered, will be rented on good
terms. For particulars enquire at this
office. April 20, 1868.

HERE'S YOUR STOVE!

The Home Comfort!

H. G. NOBLE,

DEALER IN

Tin Ware Stoves, &c.

HAS the pleasure of informing the
public that the above named COOK-
ING STOVES, which is rapidly
coming into use, has arrived, and can be seen
at his shop, Corner of Alabama and Franklin
streets. Having the advantage of twenty-
five years' experience in the business, he can
safely recommend the "Home Comfort" as
being superior to any other ever offered in this
market. It is more convenient, durable and
economical, and therefore the most desirable.
Call and see for yourself.
H. G. NOBLE.

SPUN COTTON; FOR SALE; At Wholesale and Retail; BY E. L. WOODWARD.

A First-class Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing
Machine, but little worn and in good
order, for sale, very low.
Enquire at this Office.
Feb. 16 11

Notice.

I AM preparing to go North for a Fall stock,
and shall need every dollar I can command,
promised me at this time. I hope therefore
that none will fail to meet their engagements
promptly.

If you want cheap goods keep me in funds
and I will furnish them.
P. ROWAN.

Boarding.

FIVE or six young men, who may wish
to go to school or study a profession, can
be accommodated in a private family in this
place, with boarding, lodging, room, fire-
wood and lights, at \$15 per month, one half
or more taken in produce at the market price.
For further information, enquire at this Office.
Jacksonville, August 10, 1867.

"WANTED to make an arrangement"
with a live man in every county,
who wishes to make money, and get good
references. No capital required. Will
sell his business now paying \$1,500 per month,
and rely on the profits for my pay. Address
J. C. TILTON, Pittsburgh, Pa.

M. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY.

M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,

Attorneys at Law

AND

Solicitors in Chancery,

General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Cal-
houn, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne,
Cherokee, Blaine, St. Clair and DeKalb, in
the Supreme Court, and in the U. S.
District Court, Northern and Middle Divi-
sion of Alabama.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the
public, that they have procured the large
and commodious Livery stable recently kept
by Mr. J. H. Sargent, and will be prepared to
accommodate all persons who may wish to
hire Buggies, or saddle Horses. They
will also feed transient horses and mules, and
be prepared to work Gardens and Patches,
and have Horses and Mules for sale upon ad-
vantageous terms to purchasers.

They will endeavor to be at all times pre-
pared to accommodate promptly those who
may desire their assistance, and therefore so-
licit a liberal patronage.

R. H. WYNNE & CO.

Jacksonville, Fla. 1st rate

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY.

Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price
six cents.

A LECTURE on the Nature
Treatment, and Radical Cure of
Seminal weakness, or Spermator-
rhea, induced by self-abuse; Involuntary Em-
issions, impotency, Nervous Debility, and
Impediments to Marriage generally; Con-
sumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, Mental & Phys-
ical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CUL-
VERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green
Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admi-
rable Lecture, clearly proves from his own ex-
perience that the awful consequences of self-
abuse may be effectually removed without
medicine, and without dangerous surgical op-
erations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cor-
dials, pointing out a mode of cure at once cer-
tain and effectual, by which every sufferer,
no matter what his condition may be, may
cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.
This Lecture will prove a Boon to
thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any
address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or
two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's
"Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address
the publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.

127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

NEW GOODS. CALICOES, DOMESTICS &c. Just Received and For Sale by WOODWARD

June 8, 1867.

KEROSENE & GAS STOVES.

TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE
POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.,

All the Cooking for
family may be done with
Kerosene Oil, or Gas.
With less trouble, and at
less expense, than by any
other fuel.

Each Article manufactured by this Company is
guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.

Send for Circular.

Liberal Discount to the Trade.

KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO.,
117

206 PEARL STREET N. Y.

Empire Sewing Machine Co.

Principal Office, 610 Broadway,
NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Ma-
chines. Embrace Shuttle, Crank Motion
Sewing Machine. It is thus rendered noise-
less in action. Its motion being all positive,
it is not liable to get out of order. It is the
best Family Machine! Notice is called to our
new and improved Manufacturing Machine,
or Tailors and Boot and Shoe Fitters. A-
gents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will
be given. No consignments made.
EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.

CHEAP PRINTING PAPER.

To Editors and Publishers.

LETTER FROM W. G. CLARK, ESQ., PRESIDENT
OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

ATLANTA, April 19, 1867.

J. S. THRASHER, Esq.:

Dear Sir—It affords me much pleasure to
communicate to you the following resolution
of the Southern Press Association:

Resolved, "That as a testimonial of our ap-
preciation for the zealous, faithful and effec-
tive service of John S. Thrasher, Esq., as
Superintendent of this Association in years
past, we hereby tender him the thanks of this
Association, and confer upon him the com-
plimentary position of Agent of the Southern
Press Association in the City of New York."

The terms of commendation employed in
the above resolution do no more than justice
to your important services during your Su-
perintendency—services which none can more
highly appreciate than myself. Should occa-
sion require, I shall be glad to avail myself
of the aid provided for by the resolution.

Very Respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
W. G. CLARK, President.

NOTICE.

I would respectfully request every daily,
tri-weekly, semi-weekly, weekly and month-
ly journal South of the Potomac and Ohio
rivers and the 36 deg. 30 min. parallel of lat-
itude West of

Jacksonville Republican.
EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY
SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. GRANT.

The Great Reaction.

To every mind not debased or debilitated by power, or by sympathy with power lawlessly and revolutionarily exercised, the great reaction which has taken place from California to Maine, wherever the public mind has had an opportunity to show itself, and to protest in thunder-tones against the usurpation and crimes of a reckless, dominant Radical majority, must be a source of unalloyed satisfaction. It has long been coming, long been looked for with an anxious and sometimes almost hopeless solicitude, long been lost in the labyrinth of clashing and confused political opinions; distinct and too potent to be misunderstood or disregarded. It comes up as a voice from the great deep of the common American heart, in profound and solemn warning to the destroyers of the common American heritage to cease their unallowable work, and crying aloud for the vindication of the written fundamental law as the only guide which the people have that can direct them wisely, and the only foundation on which they can rest with safety. It calls the dark and midnight murderers of the life of States from their prey; it calls to secret caucuses, plotting with shrewd and lecher their country's overthrow and ruin, to disband and flee for safety; it calls upon legislative corsairs to abandon their desperate enterprises, and return to ways and works that are lawful; it calls the good, the patriotic everywhere, all who stand fast to the ark of their country's salvation, all who have slumbered within them the conviction, which has never forsaken them through years of unexampled trial and obloquy, that through obedience to the Constitution alone can this form of government, its institutions, with all their attending blessings and benefits, be preserved and handed down, as was intended by those wise and sober-minded men of old who created it, to our children, to their children, and so onward to the remotest times; it calls upon all such, upon every citizen who would preserve, not destroy, what was bequeathed to the American people by the venerated fathers and founders of the American Republic, to arouse themselves to the consciousness of impending, threatened calamities, and stand forth in defence of the Republic's vital principles, which are attempted to be overborne and defied by desperate and dangerous men in the name (with what atrocious duplicity let the world and their own political history attest!) of a more advanced and comprehensive liberty.

This is the true meaning of the reaction, which is but another word for condemnation of leagued revolutionists at the judgement seat of the people. No deeper meaning could lie in the uplifted voices of men. It is the voice of law, the common arbiter among men, and the guard of the weak against the strong calling for its own. The laws, fruitfully in the bosom of the great, all-powerful underlying mass of the people, infusing, as it were, their very being, have been trampled upon, despised, pushed to such an extremity, that forbearance is longer impossible, and to reassert themselves, in all their majesty and power, a necessity in order to their own salvation and to the fulfillment of the promises of defence and protection which in their very nature they have made to the citizen. But they have spoken at last for themselves, and with power. They have given a warning like the deep vibration of moving foundations when a whole people rise. They for whom warning was intended have not failed to hear it, and they will hear it louder yet.

The consciences of the guilty are trembling, unsupported in their. The destroyer is quaking in his lair. The combined evils which have taken life and shape from Radicalism stand out, with the signs of their pedigree upon them, for common condemnation, approved by the universal judgment of the American people, and sealed with their signet, is coming, and it is not far off. Radicalism is doomed, and Radicalism knows it. To shrink away into its grave of corruption, followed thither by the execrations, loud and deep, of a too trusting and too indulgent people which it has betrayed, is the destiny that awaits it. "Die it must," and it is death with no resurrection. If the Government is to survive, it cannot live, for there is nothing left but the vitality and veins of the country which can feed and nourish it.

The people have a profound cause for gratitude and reciprocal congratulation that the spell of the usurpers is broken, and that they themselves have shaken off the dangerous lethargy into which they had fallen; and stand forth clothed and armed in their right mind.

first to come forth from the tyranny and chains of Radical dominion completely emancipated and disenthralled. The heavens shook with the acclamations of that triumph and that redemption, and a fresh hope was born for constitutional freedom. This was about the first blast that shook and breached the citadel of Radicalism, and proclaimed along the land the gathering elements that should ere long shiver it to atoms. New Hampshire and Vermont followed in the fight and did nobly, covering themselves with honor. Grand old Kentucky next came up with her legions, and with powerful and majestic arm swept her enemies from the field. And now Maine, from the far East, and California, from the far West, blend their voices in triumph across a continent, and the glad tidings of great joy are taken up by the whole land, reverberating through and through, echoed and re-echoed by every honest and patriotic heart.

Surely, in these demonstrations—so full of meaning, and so prophetic of the coming storm which is to sweep clear away the sophistries and delusions which have obscured the patriot's path, and make it plain, and sweep with them those who, for ignoble ends, placed them there—there is reason for hearty rejoicings, albeit the Radicals affect to see in them nothing damaging to their cause. But the Radicals are hypocrites in this as in other and graver matters. High up in the political heavens, arching over all, is the bow of promise. Throughout the political night of the last few years the burning love of country in the hearts of the people, which no adversity could subdue or quench, but which the darkness only made more visible, has been as the pillar of fire to guide the nation through; and now that the day is breaking, the pillar of cloud appears as a guide for all towards the national altar, where is inscribed in living characters the nation's recognition and obedience—"THE CONSTITUTION IS THE SUPREME LAW."

National Intelligencer.

Important Order from Gen. Mower.

HEADQUARTERS DIST. OF LOUISIANA,
New Orleans, La., Sept. 16, 1867.

General Orders No. 11.

It having come to the knowledge of the Brevet Major General commanding that in various parts of the State the assembling of armed men for political or other purposes is of frequent occurrence, and that well disposed citizens are often subject to annoyance from armed persons being posted as sentinels or pickets. It is hereby ordered that such practices, and all other acts tending to disorder and violence, must be at once discontinued. Commanders of posts, detachments and stations within this command will arrest and retain until further orders, all armed men found posted as sentinels, pickets or pickets, or pretending to be on guard duty for any purpose, or by authority not duly authorized by law.

By order of Brevet Major General Joseph A. Mower.
Official, NATHANIEL BURBANK,
2d Lieut. 24th Inf. A. A. G.

\$2 TO \$5 FOR EVERY HOUR'S SERVICE.
VICE. Pleasant and honorable employment without risk; desirable for all ladies, clerical men, teachers, students, farmers, merchants, mechanics, soldiers, every body. Please call on, or address,
C. W. JACKSON & CO.,
58 Beaver Street,
New York.

ILLINOIS LANDS WANTED.
50,000 acres of good farming lands in Illinois wanted. Also, 20,000 acres of good Iowa land. Address, giving names of the lands and lowest cash price,
E. C. DAVIDSON, Real Estate Agt.,
Galesburg, Ill.

JACKSONVILLE ACADEMY.

ENGLISH & CLASSICAL.

Prof. W. J. BORDEN, Principal,
Rev. R. J. C. HALL, Assistant.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 29th inst. in the large and commodious buildings provided for this purpose.

Such additional teachers will be employed as the number and wants of the pupils may require.

The plan of instruction is thorough and practical.

The regulations, formed for the moral and intellectual improvement of the pupils, are mild, though positive, and are rigidly enforced.

The location is in the midst of a healthy and refined community.

The expenses are moderate—from \$15 to \$30 per session for tuition, and from \$15 to \$30 per month for good board in private families.

Pupils received at any time and charged from the date of admission to the close of the session.

All interested are invited to give this Institution a rigid scrutiny, and if found worthy, to give it also their patronage and support.

"WOOD'S" PRIZE MOWERS AND REAPERS!

Over 60,000 manufactured and now in use in this country and Europe.

These world renowned machines were awarded the first prize, Ten Pounds Sterling, at the Great Quadrennial Trial at Plymouth, England, July, 1865, and at the Great National Field Trial, held at Auburn, N. Y., in July, 1866, the First Premium, Grand Gold Medal.

The PRIZE MOWER.

While it retains all the advantages which have made it so universal a favorite, it is greatly improved by the addition of
Steel Lined Guards,
New Pitman Connections,
Stronger Knives,
Spring Seat,
Adjustable Folding Shoe,

Making it a perfect machine. The lightest draft, the most durable, and at the same time the most simple, and best cutting machine in the world.

The SELF-RAKE REAPER!

Is justly called the "Victor of every contest" and is constructed on the most scientific principles. The new Mowing Attachment gives general satisfaction and makes one of the most convenient combined Self-Rake Reapers known, and we fully warrant it.

The HAND RAKE REAPER,

Is at the same time the cheapest and the best of its kind ever offered.
It cuts a swath five feet wide in Reaping, and four and a half feet in Mowing. As a Mower it is equal to the best Folding Bar Machine in use. The ease with which its management, and in changing from Mower to Reaper, or vice-versa, will at once recommend it.

Manufactured by the

WALTER A. WOOD

Mowing & Reaping Machine Co.

Hosick Falls, N. Y.

GENERAL SALES ROOMS,

49 Courtlandt Street, N. Y.

206 Lake Street, Chicago.

FOREIGN OFFICE,

77 Upper Thames Street, London.

Descriptive Catalogues sent on application.

April 13, '67.

AMERICAN HOTEL,

ALABAMA STREET,

Atlanta Georgia.

WHITE and WHITE, OCK, Proprietors.

ERYSON and WILEY, Clerks.

WILLIAM J. SHARP'S

Improved Billiard Tables,

With his PATENT CUSHIONS.

Well known to be superior to any now in use.

Manufactured, 43 Mercer St., N. Y.

THE great popularity of SHARP'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES has rendered it necessary to make arrangements, in order to supply the increasing demand, and he is now prepared to fill any order with which his patron, or the public generally may favor him.

W. J. Sharp having had practical experience for nearly twenty years, in the manufacture of Billiard Tables, and having made a number of valuable improvements, he guarantees a Table, which for elasticity of touch, mechanical elegance of appearance, will challenge competition.

His newly invented patent Cushions having been pronounced by the most competent judges to be superior to any now in use, he is enabled to furnish the best Billiard Table manufactured in the United States, and sustain the name which Sharp's Tables so justly have acquired.

Balls, Cues and Trimmings constantly on hand. Old Cushions repaired at short notice. Orders by mail punctually attended to.

Send for descriptive circular and price list.

W. J. SHARP,

43 Mercer Street, New York.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee and DeKalb, and the Supreme Court of the State.

Dec. 23d, 1865.

WANTED. AGENTS.—\$250 per month

THE YEAR ROUND, or 200 PER CENT PROFIT ON COMMISSIONS.

We guarantee the agency or commission to active, industrious agents at their own homes, to introduce an article of indispensable utility in every household. For full particulars call on, or address

G. W. JACKSON & CO.,

11 South Street, Baltimore, Md.

Stonewall! Stonewall!

THE undersigned are authorized agents to receive subscriptions in Calhoun county Ala., for "The Life and Campaigns of General (Stonewall) Jackson," by Prof. R. L. Dabney, of Virginia.

The Standard Biography of the Immortal Hero. The only edition authorized by his widow. The author, a personal friend and Chief of Staff of the Christian Soldier.

Sold only by subscription.—Apply at once.

D. F. SMITH,

Pat. 15

DURYEE'S VIOLINE.

[TRADE MARK.]
A New Writing Fluid.

Of a Beautiful Violet Color,

ALSO

VIOLINE COPYING FLUID,

To Copy Without Press.

MANUFACTURED BY THE

Manhattan Ink and Color Co.

49 LIBERTY STREET.

To Painters Furniture and other Manufacturers

YOUR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO

THE MANHATTAN PAINT OIL,

90 Cents Per Gallon.

Invented by G. DURYEE, M. D. Chemist of New York.

Who has spent several years experimenting for a substitute for Linseed Oil.

It is well known that alumina gives to oil from linseed all its lasting virtues; therefore, a chemical combination of alumina with any other oil would make it equally valuable.

Knowing the prejudice against a new oil, especially after the oil of many failures, we have awaited severe tests before entering the arena. Neither shall we make vain promises or boast, but leave the merits of our oil with those who use it. We dare say this much, that after two years' trial, in all weather, this oil has been found as indestructible as the best boiled linseed oil.

It may be thinned with turpentine or raw linseed oil.

With lead it dries in six hours!

With zinc it gives the lustre of Damar varnish.

For a roofing oil it will be found just the thing.

The price is about two-thirds that of linseed oil.

It will not injure the most delicate colors, nor will it crack or peel off.

Furniture Manufacturers will like it for first coats to varnish on.

Boiler makers and Iron Finishers will here find a substitute having the appearance of copal varnish.

Ship Painters are asked to give it a trial.

Among the many parties who have tried it we take pleasure in referring to

The Mosely Corrugated Iron Roofing and Bridge Co., of Boston & New York.

G. Whitlock, Brook. F. Long, New York.

Wm. Xerox Yard, Mr. Gibbs, of Pacific

J. C. Follows, N. Y. S. S. Co., N. Y.

New York, Nov. 16, 1867.

To MANHATTAN PAINT OIL CO.

I take pleasure in stating that I have used your Paint Oil on wood and iron, with different kinds of paint, and have no hesitation in saying that, in my opinion, it makes a better coating than linseed, and that, for all purposes where exposed to weather, is much preferable. Yours, J. T. WILBURN.

Brown Metallic Paint, 25 cents per lb.

Varnish for Housework, and First Coats Furniture, \$2 per gallon.

SOLD BY DEALERS IN PAINT OIL, &c.

MANUFACTURED BY

The Manhattan Paint Oil Co.,

49 Liberty St., New York.

O. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CHANCERY CASES, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1866.

A. D. PITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER.

PITNER, COOPER & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Pitner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

Will Receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planters. Mr. J. H. Cooper, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1866.—Gm.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW!

LIGHT FOR THE MILLION!

A VALUABLE DISCOVERY!

The Eureka Illuminating Oil

Costs only One Cent for three-hour. Cheap, Clean and Neat. No Smoke. No Offensiveness. No Grease. No Chimney. No Explosive. Costs only

25 Cts. Per Gallon.

No Family should be without it.

Samples for testing will be sent prepaid, on receipt of 50 cents. County and State Rights for sale on liberal terms, either for Cash, Real Estate or Personal Property.

Eureka Oil Manufacturing Co.,

87 Park Row, New York.

Cheap but Valuable Land

480 ACRES of Land, lying on Little Wacey Creek, 12 miles west of Jacksonville, and one-half mile from the Jacksonville and Gulfstream Railroad, is now offered for sale by the owners, who wish to remove to Louisiana, at a price more than government price. The land lies well, is well timbered, has on it fine springs, a large portion good soil, and 40 acres believed to contain a valuable slate quarry. It will be sold altogether, or in subdivision of 40 or 20 acres; for further particulars, enquire at this office.

CHOICE HOTEL,

BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.
J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot free of charge. Aug. 25...t

Something New, Useful and Saleable!

Hawthurst's Soluble Blue and Bleaching Powder.

"TABLE MANN," for Family Use, "NATIONAL WASHING FLUID," "STARCH POLISH," "MAGIC SOLDERING FLUID," "INDIAN PAINT ANNIHILATOR," "Good Samaritan's Liniment," Silver Solution," &c. &c.

FAMILY RIGHTS FOR SALE

1000 Agents Wanted, Male and Female.

A good reliable agent wanted in every town to take entire control, for his neighborhood, of several of the best, most saleable and profitable articles of every day life ever presented to the public. Profits large—satisfaction guaranteed. The right man or woman can make from \$10 to \$20 a week easily. Enclose stamps for full description and illustrated catalogue. Samples sent free. Exclusive control of territory given. Address

New York Manufacturing Co.,

37 Park Row, New York.

ROME STEAM ENGINE AND MACHINE WORKS,

ROME, GA.

NOBLES & MITCHELL,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Horizontal, Vertical and Portable

STEAM ENGINES,

From one to Five Hundred Horse Power

Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cylinder BOILERS,

Gasometers, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks,

BLAST PIPES,

COTTON PRESSES,

SUGAR MILLS, &c.

MACHINERY FOR

Rolling Mills,

Blast Furnaces,

Railroads,

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CASTINGS

Of every description up to 25,000 lbs. weight

Car wheels, Dammed, Locomotive and Car Axles;

Mining Machinery

For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines;

Bridge-castings and Bolts;

All kinds of Machinery and BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD MEN, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, AND MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to send us their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and the large contracts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NOBLES & MITCHELL,

JAS. NOBLES, JR., THOS. P. MITCHELL, Cash.

JOHN W. NOBLE, Master Mechanic & Draughtman

Wm. Noble, GEORGE NOBLE,

SAMUEL NOBLE, Superintendent.

July 21, 1866.

ATTENTION:

Notice to Debtors.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of Stevenson & Pinson, either by note or account, are earnestly requested to come forward without delay and make payment.

We sold our Goods at cash prices on short time, for your accommodation, and you ought to see to it, that we are not disappointed, and our business impeded by your long neglect and delay. We need money and must have it, and know of no other or better way to obtain it, than from those who owe us.

STEVENS & PINSON.

Jacksonville, July 6, 1867.

Blacksmithing.

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA
SATURDAY, SEPT. 23, 1867.

Terms of Subscription.
For one year, in advance, \$3 00
For 6 months, " " 1 75

Terms of Advertising.
One square of ten lines or less,
first insertion, \$2 00
Each subsequent insertion, 1 00
Over one square counted as two, over two as
three, &c. A liberal discount made on
advertisements continued for three, six,
or 12 months.
Annunciation of Candidates, \$5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

We are authorized to announce JAMES H. AWTREY, as the Republican candidate for the approaching State Constitutional Convention, for the District composed of the counties of Calhoun and Cleburne—election to take place on Tuesday the first day of October, and continue three days.

We are authorized to announce BURELL SLAYTON, as a Republican candidate for Delegate to the State Convention—election 1st, 2nd and 3rd days of October.

D. M. FULENWIDER, with BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS, of Selma, is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and correctly printed, for sale by the quire or single copy, at this office. Also every description of Blanks for Justices of the Peace.

Attention is respectfully invited to the advertisement of **Stovall & Butler**, Cotton Warehouse and General Commission, Merchants of Augusta, Ga.; and we would remind our readers, that one of the firm is the same M. P. Stovall, who transacted business in a manner so perfectly satisfactory for many planters in this section before the war. He is the same competent and energetic business man, with fidelity and devotion to the interests of his patrons, and the superadded advantages of a lengthened experience. Let him bear, the present business season, in that excellent cotton market, Augusta, from many of his old friends.

The True friends of Freedom and Equal Rights to all classes of men, and exclusive privileges to none; the true friends of reconstruction and union under the Constitution and laws made in pursuance thereof; the true friends of Peace, Harmony, Union, brotherly love and good will to all classes—announce the names of **James F. Grant**, of Calhoun, and **Wilson P. Howell**, of Cleburne, as candidates for Delegates to the State Convention, who will serve if elected.

RECONSTRUCTION & UNION.

Jacksonville Academy—
Rev. R. J. C. Hall.—We witnessed the exercises of the pupils of this institution for a few hours on Friday evening 20th inst., which we are pleased to say were highly creditable to teachers and pupils, and proved the institution to be in a flourishing condition now numbering about one hundred and ten or fifteen.

At the close of the exercise, Rev. R. J. C. Hall, who has been engaged as Assistant Teacher for some time past, in a brief but eloquent address to Teachers, Students and patrons, announced his resignation of that position, and engagement in a new field of labor in South Alabama. This announcement was received with regret by all present, and will be learned with like regret by our entire community. Mr. Hall has been a resident among us for several years, during which time he has filled the arduous and responsible positions of Minister of the Gospel and Teacher, with signal ability, usefulness and success. As minister, teacher and citizen, he has made many warm and devoted friends, and we have never learned that a single enemy. We consider such a man a great loss to any community he may leave, and a great gain to any among whom he may cast his lot.

We tender our thanks to the young men composing the "Jacksonville Debating Club," of which Mr. John D. Rowland in President and Walter Caldwell, Secretary, for our election as an honorary member, of which we were notified by the Secretary a few days since. The next meeting of the Club will take place at the Female Academy, on Tuesday evening.

We tender our thanks to Messrs. Woolley Walker & Co., Commission Merchants of Selma and Mobile for their price current lists, and will in future avail ourselves of the advantages they afford of giving our readers the latest cotton price news.

The printers of the Republican office return their thanks to Mr. J. A. Bailey, for complimentary tickets to his truly entertaining and attractive Concert, Vaudeville and Comic recitations. So far as they could judge the entire audience, for the two nights, were high-

The Election for Delegates to the State Convention

The citizens of Calhoun and Cleburne Counties, will remember, that on the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd days of October, by order of Gen. Pope, an election will be held, to elect two Delegates to a Convention to form a Constitution for the State of Alabama, and also to vote for or against said Convention.

This is a very important election, in which every citizen of the State is deeply and vitally interested. The formation of a Constitution—the fundamental law—and future rule of action for the protection of life and property of every person in the State, ought to elicit, a lively feeling and interest in every one, and bring out every man to the polls. No election within our recollection, surpasses this in importance; and none surpasses it in seeming apathy and indifference on the part of the voters.

The very nature of civil society, of government, and of law and order, have been shaken by the revolution, and a new order of things is about to be inaugurated, which demands and calls into action all our energies—all our thoughts—all our wisdom and ability. Every man is now looked upon as equal before the law—and the present emergency demands the ablest, wisest, and purest patriots in the land to frame the Constitution—that fundamental law, which is to be the basis and foundation of our State Government.

Without enlarging on this subject further, we would earnestly urge upon every man to come out—to come to the election—come free and untrammelled—come like patriots, at the country's call, free from chafing bitterness—free from party shackles and party oaths, and cast your vote for the best, wisest and most capable men to represent you.

As far as possible, imitate the example of your noble ancestors, when they selected delegates to frame the Constitution of the United States. They selected men, who guided by an all-wise Providence, "wrought better than they knew," and framed a Constitution wiser than the age in which they lived.

Our unhappy and distracted country desires union and peace—untrammelled union and peace—freedom and equal rights to all classes of men—and exclusive privileges to none.

The Printer, whose death is mentioned in the following notice from the Rome Courier, was for several years in the employment, as apprentice and journeyman, of the publisher of this paper, during which time he was industrious and faithful in the performance of all his duties and obligations. He was indeed a true man. True to his religious sentiments and conviction—true to his political principles—true to his friends, and forgiving to his few if any enemies.

A VETERAN PRINTER GONE TO HIS REST.—Mr. Samuel B. Hunt died of a congestive chill, at his home, in this county, on Friday last. His age was about fifty-four years, and he had been employed as a printer almost constantly ever since his early youth. He was employed in the Courier office when purchased by the present proprietor in January, 1855, and has been constantly employed in this office—except for about two years ever since until, less than one week before his death.

He was a faithful, industrious, quiet Christian, who pursued the even tenor of his way with earnestness and singleness of heart. Few men ever lived, who, apparently thoughtless of self or did more, according to their means, for the comfort and happiness of those dependent upon them.

His aspirations were not so much to attain high position as to be true to the trusts imposed upon him, and faithful in his sphere of action. His widow and ten children, in great distress, at this sudden bereavement, have our tenderest sympathies. May a merciful Providence protect and defend them, afford spiritual consolation, supply their earthly wants, and prepare them all to meet their earthly protector in that Heavenly land where labor and sorrow shall be known no more forever.

Rome Courier.

About this time last year, in consequence of the scarcity of money, we proposed to our patrons that we would take various articles of produce at the market price for subscriptions due and in advance. But it turned out that the crops failed and produce was about as scarce as money; consequently we have not collected during the last year ten per cent. of the subscription due; but we have waited patiently until the present time. Now we renew the same proposition to take wheat, flour, corn, tallow, beeswax, &c., and as crops are abundant, we know that those who desire to pay can pay, and if they do not, we can come to no other conclusion than that they never intend to do so; and will be

and collect the amount due the best way we can. We know this proposition is not unreasonable, and hope it will not be unheeded in a single instance, without some satisfactory reason given.

LATEST NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The National Council of the American Mechanics assembled at Baltimore on the 24th inst.

Hancock, Sheridan and Sickles dined together. Their presence creates but little sensation.

A. T. Stewart is dead. He leaves \$70,000,000.

Gov. Fenton has had a prolonged interview with Grant.

Revenue receipts to-day \$260,000.

Brevet Lieutenant Colonel C. A. Reynolds, Q. M., has been assigned to duty at Mobile.

Chase has gone to Ohio.

Doctor Luke Blackburn has left Canada for New Orleans under the amnesty.

The Bureau of Indian Affairs has received nothing confirmatory of the extraordinary demands of the Indians on the North Platte.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 20.—Col. E. Bucks and his overseer, Mr. Lancaster, of Camp Pickens, Charlton county, Ga., had a difficulty with the negroes working on the place on last Saturday, which resulted in the shooting of one negro in the thigh. On Sunday two armed negroes went to the house and demanded satisfaction of Lancaster. Several shots were exchanged and one of the negroes was killed and other wounded. Mr. Lancaster was badly wounded and his horse killed. Mr. Lancaster and Mr. Nugazer left on Monday for St. Mary's, when an armed band of negroes seized them, but Nugazer escaped by swimming the river. Lancaster was left in the hands of the negroes, and it is feared they killed him.

Gen. Fairbanks sailed for New York to-day.

Weather clear and quiet.

CHATTANOOGA, Sept. 21.—The Crutchfield House was totally destroyed by fire at six o'clock this morning. The fire was caused by the breaking of a number of kerosene lamps in the oil room which the waiters were carrying. The fire caught the oil in the barrels, the flames spreading upward and all over the house in ten minutes. But little property was saved, except in the lower story. The fire originated in a wooden addition and ascending, caused in the upper story of the brick part several narrow escapes, but no lives were lost. There was no water near and no engines in town. The water applied through five hundred yards of hose, from the fire engine of the machine shop of the N. & C. Railroad, was too late to check the fire. Other houses were damaged by the sparks, though not seriously. Loss one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Insurance fifty-five thousand dollars in the Aetna company, of Hartford, Home company, of New Haven, and other companies. The walls nearly all down.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The Tribune's dispatches from the North Platte say that peace is declared with the Brules and Sioux Indians. They receive powder and balls. The Pawnee chief, Killer, left the council in anger. Commissioners have left for Omaha. It is urged upon Hancock at headquarters that there is no immediate necessity for his presence in the Fifth District.

The President expresses confidence that notwithstanding appearances the elections in the South will occur simultaneously.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 21.—Interments from yellow fever up to 6 this A. M.; 64.

The Picayune of to-day says that the disease is wider spread and the number of cases much greater than during the epidemic of 1853, but owing to the milder type the disease is not as mortal comparatively.

ST. PIERRE, Sept. 17.—The fire last night destroyed two hundred houses. There were no lives lost.

Boston, Sept. 21.—The Mount Haze Iron Works, on Taunton river, covering three acres ground, has been burned. Loss \$150,000—mostly insured. They employed 250 men.

HARTFORD, Sept. 21.—The steamer Hartford, of the New York Steamboat Company, has been burned with her freight. Loss \$100,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—Gov. Haight declines being a candidate for the United States Senate.

The steamer Shubrick is stranded at Brooks Island.

Three steamers, valuably freighted, left for the Pacific coast to-day.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The correspondence between Orr and Sickles will be published. Alluding to Sickles removal, Orr says: "I desire to express to you the great regret which I feel personally and officially at the course taken by the President and his advisers in this matter."

Sickles replies explaining his course, thanking the Governor, and arguing the case generally.

General Stanberry, General Fitz John Porter's application for a new trial. The documents cover letters from Gen.

Gen. Banks accompanies Senor Romero to Mexico.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Arrived: Steamers Bremen, Iowa City, and Livingston, from Charleston; and Terry, from Newbern.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 22.—Arrived: Steamer General Barnes.

Sailed: Steamer Zodiac for New York. CHARLESTON, Sept. 23.—Accounts from Edisto, and other islands, say the third brood of caterpillars have appeared, and are destroying the crops with great rapidity and it is feared that the Sea Island crops will almost be a total failure.

WHEELING, Sept. 23.—The stables with thirty of Adams' express horses were burned to-day; one man badly injured.

The New York Herald's city of Mexico special says Maximilian's body arrived there.

CHATTANOOGA, Sept. 23.—J. J. Nelson, Treasurer of the Wills Valley Railroad, died at Trenton, Ga., on Saturday the 21st, of kidney disease.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The War Department has a dispatch from the Dry Tortugas, stating that Major Stone's wife, Dr. Smith's son, and Lt. Orr are dead. Major Stone is sick. The fever is not abating.

AUGUSTA SEPS. 23.—Judge Reese, of the Supreme Court, writes to Gen. Pope that he cannot carry out the recent jury orders, the same being violative of the laws of Georgia and of State and Federal Constitutions. Judge Reese claims that registration is entirely optional and not compulsory, and that because a man, who may be otherwise a loyal citizen, does not register, it is no reason why he should be excluded from serving on a jury.

Gen. Pope replies that the Military Bills give him the right to set aside any law of the State which comes in contact with the Military Bills.

Orders 53 and 55 were issued by virtue of the power vested in him by Congress. He considers the jury orders necessary to the execution of the reconstruction acts, which become the law of the land, as provided by the Constitution. As a question of its constitutionality has been presented to the Supreme Court, and that tribunal has decided that it had no jurisdiction, the further consideration of that question by subordinates, military or judicial officers, is scarcely admissible.

Gen. Pope concludes by requiring Judge Reese to carry out his jury orders. Reese in his second letter goes over similar ground, arriving at the conclusion that he cannot conform to Pope's orders, but that he shall continue the duties of his office as heretofore, until prohibited.

Pope then requested Reese to resign, which he refuses to do, but considers his letter as a positive prohibition against the further exercise of judicial powers.

TROY, Sept. 23.—One million feet of lumber and two horses was burned at Freeman & Co.'s yard.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—A dispatch received from Lancaster, Pa., stated that Stevens was very sick, and it is supposed he is dying.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 24.—The interments of deaths from fever up to 6 o'clock this morning, was 82.

Letters from Lagrange, Texas, Texas, to be laid before the Howard Association here state the number of citizens remaining in town barely to be 300.—Yesterday's interments reached twenty-four. Two days average mortality 8.—Those attacked are almost sure to die,—the disease proving fatal nine cases in ten. Every house is filled with sickness and death. Whole families are swept away. In some cases no one left to bury the dead. The disease is spreading in the country. There are no provisions in town. The country people will not venture in with produce.—On the 9th, not even meal could be had to make gruel for the sick. Business has ceased entirely. Stores all closed. The newspapers have ceased publication. Jail emptied of its inmates, who fled in terror from such a scene of desolation.

RICHMOND, Sept. 23.—Schofield has decided that the only restriction imposed upon the eligibility to membership of the State Convention, is having taken the oath to the United States, and afterwards aided the rebellion.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—There were five cholera deaths yesterday.

Omaha special of yesterday from North Platte, reiterates that the conference is very unsatisfactory. The Indian affairs are threatening as ever.

The Cabinet was in session two hours to-day. Stevens still improves.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—It is said that Stevens has the dropsy of the chest. A dispatch from Nashville to President Johnson and General Grant, state that the city authorities intend to hold city elections under the charter in defiance of Brownlow and State authorities, and are equally determined to hold election under the new franchise laws, but not to interfere.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Advices from Nashville report affairs more quiet in consequence of the Federal provisions to suppress disorder. Both parties will probably hold elections, and take the question to the courts.

A bet was made here to-day of \$6,000 to \$4,000 that Pennsylvania would

To THE COLORED MEN.—Mr. Aaron Hart, a colored mechanic of Washington, presents the following views through the Washington Index.

"We of the South have to be ope; what is the white man's interest must and will be the colored man's. All have been born on Southern soil—some masters and some slaves. I was born a slave; this was not my master's fault.—That some (white and colored) are trying to make the former slaves hate their former masters, is plain. This I will not do. I know those among whom I was raised; I do not know those that come to me and take me by the hand at night, give advice in the dark, and when it is light do not notice me on the street. I notice another thing; those white men that tell us we must vote the Radical ticket and we shall have a farm, do not have enough to build a chicken coop. I think they want the negroes to do the voting, but they want the farms. I was a minister of the Gospel—belonged to the Baptist church—and think I have studied the interest of my race since I have been set free, and give it as my opinion, it is best for the colored people to make friends at home. As to politics, I do not know much, but from what I do know, I am a Conservative. They seem not to have any secrets, but talk out. This I like."

Hemlock Leather & Kerosene Oil.—Any person wishing to purchase a good article of Hemlock Leather and Kerosene Oil, can do so by applying to J. M. Carroll, west side of the public square.

Several varieties of Dromgoole & Co's. valuable Medicines can now be obtained at the Jacksonville Drug Store.

ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS.—Cures Female complaints and irregularities. Cures Falling of the Womb and the Whites. Cures Obstructed and Painful Menstruation. Cures Sick Headache and Pain in the Side. Cures Hysterics, Melancholy and Swelling of the Head. Cures old or young married and single females. Cures an Ulcerated and Irritable Womb. It arouses and re-invigorates the Uterine Organs.

Religious Notice.

The Jacksonville Bible Society at a late meeting employed the Rev. E. B. McClellan as a Colporteur for Calhoun county, and other parts of the country, that he may be able and see practicable to visit. We ask of all, who love the bible, the truth it contains and the fruits that grow out of its practice, to give him liberal contributions as well as a warm-hand reception, thus enabling the society to extend this important work. Many families are without the bible and have no money to buy, these should be furnished; some are without, not for the want of money, but from the want of an opportunity to buy, these should have a Colporteur.

We have a fine little lot of bibles and testaments and can get more—with the money Help to distribute these, help to buy more, and circulate them. Help, the people are needy—the society alive—willing; you will do nothing more than your duty.

CHAS. KING, Ch'm'n,
Corresponding Committee.
Sept. 5, 1867.

New Sewing Machine.—We examined the other day a new Sewing Machine, manufactured by Bliss & McCuthorn, of Louisville, Ky. This is called the "Common Sense Family Sewing Machine," & comes nearer being what the name indicates, than any of the machines we have ever examined, by its simplicity of construction, its durability, and freedom from complication and liability to get out of order, and if it should, can easily understood in all its parts, and repaired or put in order by any lady using it. It works smoothly, neatly and rapidly, and is warranted by the manufacturers to perform good work for three years. It is cheap and we have little doubt but it will be found more useful and valuable than many descriptions of machines which cost more than three times its price.

Mr. J. M. Forbes, of Oxford, is agent for the sale of these machines in this State, and will take the names of persons who may desire them, and deliver the machines at any specified time. Mr. F. will pass through the country; and exhibit a model machine, and in his absence, a note addressed to him at Oxford will be attended to.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Tax advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, rates, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar Street, New York.

BLANK DEEDS,

By the Governor of Alabama, A PROCLAMATION.

RESOLVE DEPARTMENT.
STATE OF ALABAMA.
WHEREAS, information has reached this Department, that an atrocious murder was committed in Cleburne county upon the body of Michael Pennell; and Whereas, it is formally charged, that the said murder was perpetrated by JOSEPH MARKS; and it appearing that the said Marks has fled from justice, and is still running at large;

Now, therefore, with a view of vindicating the outraged law, and having the murderer brought to condign punishment, I, R. M. Patton, Governor of the State of Alabama, by virtue of the power and authority in me reposed, do issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of

Three Hundred Dollars to any person who will arrest the said Joseph Marks, and deliver him into the custody of the Sheriff of Cleburne county. Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of Montgomery, this 5th day of June, A. D. 1867, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-first.

R. M. PATTON,
By the Governor,
MICHAEL TAYLOR,
Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Joseph Marks is low in stature; stout and heavy built, weighs about one hundred and seventy-five pounds; he is about twenty-five years of age; he has blue eyes, light hair, which was quite long when he fled; his complexion is fair. He is slow spoken. The second toe on the left foot has been cut, so that it hangs down. The first and third toes on the same foot, incline towards each other, and nearly if not quite touch.

REDUCED RATES.

THE
MONTGOMERY MAIL,
ISSUED
Daily and Weekly,
AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.

By **J. CARR GIBSON & Co.,**
Proprietors.

JOSEPH HODGSON, } Editors.
J. F. WHITEFIELD, }

The proprietors of the Mail take pleasure in announcing that they have materially Reduced the Rates of Advertising and Subscription, to-wit:

On and after the first day of June, 1867, rates of Subscription and Advertising will be as follows:

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Six months5 00
Three months2 00
One month1 00
Two weeks75
One week40
Single copies10

Newspapers and Dealers will be furnished at the rate of 60 cents per dozen.

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THE MAIL HAS A CIRCULATION IN ALABAMA UNEQUALLED BY ANY OTHER NEWSPAPER, and is rapidly on the increase. It is the official organ of the City of Montgomery, and, since the first day of January last, has been awarded the publication of the list of letters in accordance with the law, requiring this list to be published in the paper having the

LARGEST CIRCULATION.

In Politics, the MAIL is a fearless and independent advocate of CONSTITUTIONAL and UNION PRINCIPLES.

The DAILY MAIL contains all the latest telegraphic and general intelligence, full proceedings of legislative bodies, &c., &c., while the WEEKLY MAIL, being one of the Largest Sheets in the South, is filled with reading matter of all kinds, embracing all the current news of the week.

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JUST PUBLISHED.

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SOLFEGGION FOR SOPRANO OR

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Price, each, in Boards, Retail,\$2 50
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Published by **WM. HALL & SON,**
No. 543 Broadway, N. Y.

Publishers and Dealers in Music, and Musical Instruments of FLUTES, PIPES, FLAGOLLS,

For the Republic.
MY MOTHER.
Respectfully inscribed to Mrs. F. J. of Ma.
ryland.

The bright and golden wreath of love
That hangs around my mother's name
Contains more charms than garlands
wove
Around a monarch's dazzling fame.

Although upon my mem'ry's tree
Are hanging priceless jewels rare,
The dearest of them all, to me,
Are those my mother's hand placed
there.

My mother's love, the first I knew,
Has clung to me through weary years,
Though others' love may prove untrue;
Her's is the same thro' smiles & tears.

My mother learned me how to say
"Our Father," and with reverent head,
She taught my lisping tongue to pray,
"Give us this day our daily bread."

My mother taught me how to look
Through nature up to nature's God,
To bear afflictions, read His book,
To meekly bow and kiss the rod.

My mother was the first to see
My youthful follies, and to blame;
But she would not abandon me,
Tho' clouds might hover o'er my
name.

My mother's prayers have helped me
stand
When almost fainting on my way;
Her faith has told me of a land
Where shines one everlasting day.

And when life's stormy clouds are past,
I hope to stand on Heaven's shore,
And meet my mother there at last,
Where griefs and partings are no
more.

Jacksonville, Ala., Sept. 18, 1867.

GEN. GRANT AND THE PRESIDENCY.
—A Washington correspondent of the
New York Post (Radical) sends the fol-
lowing to that paper:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 11, 1867
To the Editors of the Evening Post:

An officer of Gen. Grant's staff re-
lates a conversation which he had a few
days ago, wherein the General remark-
ed, concerning the talk of making him
President, that "he would not be Presi-
dent of the United States if the opportu-
nities were offered; that he was no
politician; that he hated politics; that,
so far as reputation and honor were con-
cerned, he thought he ought to be sat-
isfied with what of these he already en-
joyed; that holding the office of Presi-
dent would mar his present comfort, and
drag him into the storms and excitement
of politics; that, as the General of the
Army, he had all the work he could do,
and time enough to enjoy the comforts
of his family and home; and that he,
as a soldier, had gained friends enough
in the country without now seeking a
place where he should gain no more,
but probably lose those whom he had
gained."

The Radicals of Montgomery came
very near getting up a serious riot, last
week, when Joe Williams the colored
Conservative orator from Tennessee was
speaking. We see the Sentinel denies
that white men were the instigators of
the disturbance. We have heard one
or two negroes, who were present, say
that they saw white men encouraging
and urging the negroes to take him
down, to kill him, and that they saw,
too, white men putting pistols in the
hands of the negroes.

One of the negroes who gave this in-
formation has lived in Montgomery, and
knows most of her citizens, but says
these men who were urging on this
riotous conduct, were all strangers to
him. The presumption is, then, that
they were some of the saintly mission-
aries from the New England States—
Why didn't the cowardly scamps shoot
him themselves instead of urging the
negroes to do it. Suppose one of these
negroes had killed Williams, would any
of these saintly gentlemen, who have
come down here to civilize and enlighten
the Southern white people, have fur-
nished means to employ lawyers to defend
him? *Palmetto and Merit.*

On the arrival of the Southside train
yesterday evening, rumors were set
afoot on the streets that a serious out-
break had occurred at Farmville between
the soldiers stationed there and the
negroes. After diligently tracing them
up, we were enabled to meet with par-
ties just from the scene of conflict, from
whom we obtained the following particu-
lars of the bloody affair, which we
doubt not may be relied on as accurate.

The difficulty originated on Monday
at a tavern kept by a negro man. Two
soldiers went to his house in quest of
something to eat or drink. In payment
for what had been furnished them, a five
dollar note was handed to the negro, and
a dispute arose about the change re-
turned. In response to some insolent
remarks by the negro, one of the soldiers
struck him and knocked him down.

Several other negroes at this time came
up, took the part of their comrade and
joined in the melee. After some fight-
ing the row subsided, and quiet was
restored. It was supposed that the af-
fair was settled, and no further

disturbance was apprehended until yes-
terday morning, about 9 o'clock, a par-
ty of soldiers being in town the negroes
congregated in large numbers in the
street, and commenced an attack on
them. There were only seven of the
soldiers, and the negroes, it is said,
numbered several hundred. The sol-
diers of course could not maintain
themselves long in so unequal a contest,
but their comrades at camp, learning of
the fracas, reinforcements under Ser-
geant Nichols were soon hurried to their
succor, and the fight set in earnest,
which our informant stated lasted until
twelve o'clock. We are not able to
follow the varying fortunes of the con-
flict in this notice, but only give the
results. Seven soldiers were wounded,
three of them seriously, if not mortally,
and the others slightly. One of them
was shot through the mouth, one stub-
bed in the neck, and one had his head
cut open by a crow-bar. On the side
of the negroes there were fifteen or
twenty wounded, many of them serious-
ly, of whom it was supposed that some
would die. One had a bayonet run
entirely through his body, and others
were severely injured.

It is impossible to say how long the
fight would have lasted, and what would
have been the consequences, had not
Col. Jordan, Superintendent of the
Freedmen's Bureau, and Lieutenant
Aug. Ebert, Co. D, 21st Infantry,
commandant of the post, fearlessly in-
terfered and succeeded in restoring
order. Their flashing swords, it is said,
produced consternation among the dar-
kies, and they speedily dispersed.

The soldiers engaged are all members
of company D, 21st regiment, who are
stationed at Farmville; and our infor-
mation is obtained from a sergeant and
corporal belonging to that command
who were engaged in the melee and
arrived here yesterday evening. Much
excitement and angry feeling continued
to prevail, and it was not deemed im-
probable that there would be a renewal
of the encounter.

These affairs are the direct result of
radical and incendiary teachings, and
may be expected to be of frequent occur-
rence. There are no "rebels" to blame
this time. The citizens took no part
whatever in the affair. It was a family
fuss. Will Congress appoint a "com-
mittee?"

Gen. Pope's Hangers On—A Good
Hit. and True.

In his speech to the people of Butts
county, last week, the Hon. B. H. Hill
is reported to have accounted for Gen.
Pope's opinion of the white people of the
South as follows.—*Rome Courier.*

Many of our people seem to be dis-
gusted with that portion of Gen. Pope's
letter to Gen. Grant, in which he repre-
sents that the negro race bids fair to
become the intellectual superiors of the
white race, and, therefore, the proper
race to govern. They are holding Gen.
Pope in mute contempt for such an idea.
I think, my friends you may do the
General injustice. Certainly much
allowance ought to be made for him—
He is a stranger in the South. It is
said he was in Savannah once, but did
not remain very long. Still he is a
stranger to our people. He can only
judge us by those who hang about him,
and come in contact with him. He
commits the natural error of judging by
these few. And judging by that stan-
dard, we must admit that the Generals
is not so far wrong.

Integrity of purpose, consistency of
action, candor and truthfulness, are all
attributes of a sound and reliable
intellect. This being so, how can we
marvel that men, who, for selfish am-
bition, betrayed the Union—who for
selfish gain, used the war—who, for
selfish safety, betrayed the Confederacy—
and who seek now for property and the
removal of certain disabilities, to
betray the honor of their people, should
be considered by Gen. Pope, or anybody
else, as inferior to the negro. None of
our negroes have exhibited such a total
absence of all the highest attributes of
reliable intellect.

THE REACTION COMMENCED IN THE
CITY PRESS.—We understand that the
Radical organs in this city have lost one-
third of their subscribers within the past
three months. This falling off is in
consequence of the dissatisfaction of
prudent business men and intelligent
fair minded citizens with the violent
tirades and bloody revolutionary schemes
of the extreme Radicals, who are ready
to plunge the country into all sorts of
dangers and difficulties rather than lose
possession of the spoils of the Govern-
ment. It is an indication of the reac-
tion that is going on all over the Union,
and that will soon appear in Pennsyl-
vania and New York, just the same as
it has been seen already in California
and Maine.—*N. Y. Herald.*

As P. Fickling, a colored aspirant
for Congressional honors in the
first district of Georgia, gives expres-
sion to the following language in his ad-
dress to the voters of that district. It
is very evident that he knows who are
the friends of his race,
"The franchise has been conferred
upon my race, either as a matter of
right, or for the purpose of using us as
instruments to carry out the schemes of
the Radical party, and oppressing the
white people of the South. I do not
believe it was bestowed in love, or upon
consideration of right; and the means
employed to control our action verifies
this conclusion.

They know that we are in the alpha-
bet of letters, and their object is to take
advantage of our general ignorance, and
universal credulity; and by pandering
to our passions, and the vices inci-

dent to ignorance among all races, they
expect to alienate us from the only true
friends we have on the habitable globe,
and array us in political and deadly
strife against our former masters and
protectors."

THE PRESIDENT.—The oldest cock
never crows until just before day. In
this political barnyard of ours. Andy
wears the longest spurs and is the "old-
est" of them all. That he has begun to
crow, then, according to our adage,
shows that he sees "the dawning of the
day." His first clear, shrill blast top-
pled Shanghai Sheridan from his perch
—the next effort overthrew Bantam
Sickles—a duck or two satisfied the old
hen Grant, and now he "wakes a loud
and loftier strain" of amnesty and
restoration of rights to Southern patri-
ots. Go it Andy—"work while it is
called day, for the night cometh when
no man can work."

Marion Commonwealth.

Important Order from Gen. Pope.

Election Ordered for Delegates
to a State Convention in Alabama.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD MILITARY DISTRICT,
(Georgia, Alabama and Florida.)
ATLANTA, GA., Aug. 31, 1867.

General Orders No. 59.
I. WHEREAS, By the terms of an Act
of Congress entitled an Act to provide
for the more efficient Government of Re-
bel States, passed March 21, 1867, and
the Acts Supplementary thereto, it is
made the duty of the Commanding Gen-
eral of this Military District to cause a
Registration to be made of the male citi-
zens of the State of Alabama, 21 years
of age and upwards, and by the terms
of said Acts qualified to vote. And af-
ter such registration is complete, to or-
der an election to be held, at which the
Registered voters of said State, shall
vote for or against a Convention for the
purpose of establishing a Constitution and
Civil Government for said State, loyal
to the Union; and for Delegates to said
Convention, and to give at least thirty
days notice of the time and place at
which the election shall be held; and the
said Registration having been made in
the State of Alabama:

II. It is ORDERED, That an election
be held in the State of Alabama, com-
mencing on Tuesday, the 1st day Octo-
ber, A. D. 1867, and continuing three
days, at which the registered voters of
said State may vote "for a Convention,"
or "against a Convention," and for
Delegates to constitute the Convention;
in case a majority of votes given on that
question shall be for a Convention; and
in case a majority of all such registered
voters, shall have voted on the question
of holding such Convention.

III. It shall be the duty of Boards of
Registration in Alabama, commencing
fourteen days prior to the election here-
in ordered, and giving reasonable public
notice of the time and place thereof, to
revise, for a period of five days, the
Registration lists, and, upon being sat-
isfied that any person not entitled thereto
has been registered, to strike the name
of such person from the list, and such
person shall not be allowed to vote.—
The Board of Registration shall also,
during the same period, add to such
registry the names of all persons who
at that time possess the qualifications
required by said act who have not been
already registered.

IV. In deciding who are to be strik-
en from, or added to, the Registration
lists, the Boards will be guided by the
law and their attention is especially
drawn to the Supplementary Act dated
July 19, 1867.

V. The said election shall be held in
each county at the county seat, under
the superintendence of the Board of
Registration as provided by law, and in
accordance with instructions to be here-
after issued to said Boards.

VI. All Judges and Clerks employed
in conducting said elections shall, be-
fore commencing to hold the same, be sworn
to the faithful performance of the duties,
and shall also take and subscribe to the
oath of office prescribed by law for of-
ficers of the United States.

VII. The polls shall be opened at
each voting place during the days
specified, at seven o'clock in the fore-
noon, and closed at six o'clock in the
afternoon, and shall be kept open be-
tween those hours without intermis-
sion or adjournment.

VIII. The commanding officer of the
District of Alabama will issue, through
the Superintendent of Registrations for
that State, such detailed instructions as
may be necessary to the conduct of said
election in conformity with the Acts of
Congress, and as far as may be, with the
laws of Alabama.

IX. The returns required by law to
be made of the results of said election
to the Commanding General of this
Military District, will be rendered by
the persons appointed to superintend the
same, through the Commanding officer
of the District of Alabama, and in ac-
cordance with the detailed instructions
already referred to.

X. No register who is a candidate
for election as a delegate to the Con-
vention, shall serve as a Judge of the
election in any county which he seeks
to represent.

XI. All public bar-rooms, saloons,
and other places for the sale of liquors
at retail at the several county seats,
shall be closed from six o'clock on the
evening of the 30th day of September
until six o'clock on the morning of the
4th day of October, and the Sheriff of
the county shall be held responsible for
the strict enforcement of this prohibition
by the arrest of all parties who may
transgress the same.

XII. The Sheriff of each county is

further required to be present at the
place of voting during the whole time
that the polls are kept open, and until
the election or other interruption of
good shall occur and any sheriff or other
civil officer failing to perform with
energy and good faith, the duty re-
quired of him by this order, will upon report
made by the judges of the election, be
arrested and dealt with by military au-
thority.

XIII. The following extracts from
General Orders No. 20, from these
Headquarters, are republished for the
information and guidance of all here-
with concerned.

"12. Violence, or threats of violence
or any other oppressive means to pre-
vent any person from registering his
name or exercising his political rights,
are positively prohibited; and it is dis-
tinctly announced that no contract or
agreement with laborers, which deprives
them of their wages for any longer time
than that actually consumed in register-
ing or voting, will be permitted to be
enforced against them in this District,
and this offense, or any previously men-
tioned in this paragraph, will cause the
immediate arrest of the offender and his
trial before a Military Commission.

"13. The exercise of the right of
every duly authorized voter, under the
late Acts of Congress, to register and
vote, is guaranteed by the Military Au-
thorities of this District, and all persons
whosever are warned against any at-
tempt to interfere to prevent any man
from exercising this right under any
pretext whatever, other than objection
by the usual legal mode."

XIV. The registered voters of the
several counties of the State of Alabama
shall vote at said election for Delegates
to the Convention, according to the fol-
lowing apportionment, made in conform-
ity to the provisions of the second sec-
tion of the Supplementary Act, dated
March 28th, 1867:

- APPORTIONMENT.
1. To the counties of Dale, Henry
and Coffee, three Delegates.
 2. To the counties of Butler and Cov-
ington, two delegates.
 3. To the county of Conecuh, one
delegate.
 4. To the counties of Monroe and
Baldwin, two delegates.
 5. To the county of Mobile, five de-
legates.
 6. To the county of Barbour, three
delegates.
 7. To the counties of Pike and Bul-
lock, four delegates.
 8. To the county of Crenshaw, one
delegate.
 9. To the county of Lowndes, three
delegates.
 10. To the county of Wilcox, three
delegates.
 11. To the county of Clarke, one de-
legate.
 12. To the counties of Washington,
and Choctaw, two delegates.
 13. To the county of Russell, two
delegates.
 14. To the county of Macon, two de-
legates.
 15. To the county of Montgomery,
five delegates.
 16. To the county of Dallas, five de-
legates.
 17. To the county of Marengo, three
delegates.
 18. To the counties of Sumter and
Pickens, four delegates.
 19. To the county of Lee, two de-
legates.
 20. To the counties of Elmore and
Autauga, three delegates.
 21. To the county of Perry, three
delegates.
 22. To the counties of Green and
Hale, five delegates.
 23. To the counties of Chambers and
Tallapoosa, three delegates.
 24. To the county of Coosa, one de-
legate.
 25. To the county of Shelby, one
delegate.
 26. To the county of Randolph, one
delegate.
 27. To the county of Bibb, one de-
legate.
 28. To the counties of Talladega &
Way, three delegates.
 29. To the county of Tuscaloosa,
two delegates.
 30. To the counties of Calhoun and
Cleburne, two delegates.
 31. To the county of St. Clair, one
delegate.
 32. To the county of Jefferson, one
delegate.
 33. To the counties of Walker and
Fayette, one delegate.
 34. To the counties of Jones, Mar-
ion and Winston, one delegate.
 35. To the counties of Blount and
Baile, two delegates.
 36. To the county of Cherokee, one
delegate.
 37. To the county of DeKalb, one
delegate.
 38. To the county of Jackson, two
delegates.
 39. To the county of Marshall, one
delegate.
 40. To the county of Morgan, one
delegate.
 41. To the county of Lawrence two
delegates.
 42. To the county of Madison three
delegates.
 43. To the counties of Lauderdale
and Limestone, three delegates.
 44. To the counties of Franklin and
Colbert, two delegates.
- JOHN POPE,
Major-General Commanding.

The New York Herald will be honest
and tell the truth at times. It says:
"that the people are rapidly becoming
convinced that the immense war debt
was not incurred to save the Union, but
to save the Radical party, and get the
negroes to vote for that party. There

are now six hundred thousand men
slaughtered, and three billions of debt
created, simply to build up a fanatical
party, to make bad laws, and steal the
public money."

DIED.—In this place, on the 4th inst.
Mrs. T. A. LESTER, born on the 29th
of November, 1862, in Greenville Dis-
trict, S. C. Mrs. Lester was long a
member of the Methodist Episcopal
Church South, and constantly practised
in health, that which sustained in sick-
ness and death. In the latter days of
her life-wasting disease, she manifested
great patience under great suffering.
Those who saw her were deeply impres-
sed with what remarkable composure she
spoke of approaching dissolution; not
dreading but waiting for the coming of
the Lord. Patience had her "perfect
work," the Savior came—she is gone.
The goal of a holy heart and life is
gained—the dark glass is withdrawn,
and a heavenly vision rushes in, bring-
ing a "face to face" view of our blessed
Jesus.

The blessing of God rest upon the
hearts of husband and children—shape
in them the same christian life and be
to them a like comfort in death. B.

Obituary.

Departed this life on the nineteenth
instant near Oxford Ala. GEORGE in-
fant daughter of Dr. WILLIAM E. and
JANE SPALDING, aged 11 months and
six days. Lovely in life—beautiful in
death.

Her parents' hearts with anguish riv'n,
Are drawn more strongly now to Heaven.

M. P. STOVALL, D. E. BUTLER,
Of Augusta, Ga. Of Madison, Morgan to Ga.

STOVALL & BUTLER,
COTTON WAREHOUSE,
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AUGUSTA, GA.

HAVE FORMED A PARTNERSHIP for
the purpose of conducting the above
business. They will devote their best en-
ergies to advance the interests of their cus-
tomers in the STORAGE AND SALE OF COT-
TON AND OTHER PRODUCE.

M. P. Stovall is well known as having been
successfully engaged for many years in the
business.
D. E. Butler is also favorably known as
long connected with the Planting interest
and public enterprises of the State.
Office and Sales Room, corner of Jack-
son and Reynolds streets, now occupied
by M. P. Stovall. Sep. 28, '67.

SELMA
Advertisements.

Woolsey, Walker, & Co.
COTTON FACTORS

Commission Merchants,
SELMA and MOBILE.

ARE prepared to advance Bag-
ging, Rope, Ties, Supplies &
Money to their friends, and to sell
at the highest market price all Cotton and
Produce consigned to them at either SELMA
or MOBILE. Sept. 7, 1867.—3m.

Commission Merchants,
BAGGERS, MOTTS & WOODS,
GROCERS
AND
DEALERS IN
WESTERN PRODUCE.
CENTRAL BLOCK, WATER STREET,
SELMA, ALA.
We keep on hand a care-
fully selected assortment of
supplies, Hay, Oats, Corn,
Will pay prompt cash for Cotton seed
and other produce, and will also
be pleased to receive consignments of
Cotton and other produce for sale.

J. A. CURRY, J. H. AUNSPACH,
J. A. CURRY & CO.
COTTON FACTORS

Commission Merchants,
Water Street, SELMA, Ala.

We will make advances on Cotton
and furnish Bagging and Rope to all
who favor us with their patronage.
We have good Brick Warehouses constan-
tly under guard for the storage of Cotton and
other produce consigned to us.
Aug. 24, 1867.—6m.

BOWEN & HOOPER,
Wholesale and Retail
GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Western Produce.

Corner Water and Washing-
ton Streets, directly oppo-
site the "Troup House."

ARE now opening a full and complete as-
sortment of Groceries and Western Produce,
which they offer in Packages or at Retail at
the lowest market rates.
Consignments of Cotton, Flour and other
Produce, for storage, sale or shipment, re-
spectfully solicited, and faithfully and prompt-
ly attended to.
Thankful for former favors, they will be
happy to again meet their old friends, and
ask a fair share of patronage from the public
generally.
AUGUST 24, 1867.—17.

ARNER WILLIAMS,
COTTON FACTOR
AND
Commission Merchant.
Selma, Ala.

THANKFUL for the patron-
age heretofore extended him
again tenders his services to
the public in the sale of Cotton, Flour, &c.
Will advance Bagging & Rope to his patrons.
A liberal share of patronage respectfully
solicited.
Aug. 24, 1867.

ROBT. A. PETTIBONE,

(Successor to N. D. JOHNSON & Co.)

RECEIVING

Forwarding Merchant,
Selma, Alabama.

Ware House and Wharf at
the terminus of the Alabama
& Tennessee Rivers Rail Road.

Cotton or Merchandise of any description
Consigned to this House will be forwarding
promptly and as low as through any house in
Selma. Feb. 15, 1867.—17.

Just Received,
Domestics,
Calicoes, &c.
By
E. L. WOODWARD.

CHILLS AND FEVER.

Can the Chills be cured in every instance
without affecting the head? Is there no medi-
cine that will satisfy our people, that will
permanently eradicate all forms of Chills and
Fever? Yes, it can be done. What is its
name and where can it be had?

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
KING OF CHILLS

Is to-day, the most worthy and substantial
Chill medicine now before the Southern peo-
ple. It never fails to give the most perfect
satisfaction in every respect. Every planta-
tion should buy one dozen bottles at a time.

BILLIOUS FEVER

Which is so common on all our rivers, lakes,
bayous, swamps, etc. can be easily cured by
using our "King of Chills," which immedi-
ately arouses the Liver, cleanses the Stom-
ach, opens the Bowels, and never fails to cure
the worst forms of Chills and Fever. Chills
are so easily cured by its use, that it is fully
to suffer any longer.

FARMERS & PLANTERS

Everywhere could save much time and money
among their hands by keeping a constant
supply of King of Chills on hand, as it makes
quick and permanent cures without affecting
the head, and is a powerful tonic to prevent a
return.

We appeal to all who suffer with chills.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S

English Female Bitters,

A beautiful medicinal compound, prepared
by a class of regular and experienced physi-
cians who have been practicing medicine in
the South for twenty years.
This Female Regulator is a powerful Ute-
rine Tonic, arousing the Womb to a healthy
action, thereby curing painful, suppressed or
irregular menstruation, falling of the Womb,
Leucorrhoea or Whites, Ulceration and Irrita-
bility of the Womb, Swimming and Giddi-
ness of the Head, Fainting of the Heart,
Melancholy, Sick Headache, Gravel Disease,
Derangement of the Kidneys and Bladder,
and all those peculiar complaints affecting

WIFE, MOTHER AND SISTER.

Read a few extracts from letters,
"English Female Bitters cured me of falling
of the Womb." "My wife carried six bottles
to Pine Bluff, two bottles cured her of Leu-
corrhoea and she sold the remainder." "Send
one bottle English Female Bitters for
Fertilization and Sick Headache." "Three
bottles of English Female Bitters cured my
wife of Painful Menstruation." "O, I feel
so much better after using English Female
Bitters, it strengthens me." "Four bottles
of English Female Bitters cured my wife of
Ulceration of the Womb."

BLOOD and BONES

Are composed of certain materials which be-
come greatly changed from the effects of
many constitutional diseases, such as Skin
Diseases, Eruption on the Face, broken down
Constitutions, Shattered Nerves, Effects of
Mercury, Scrofula, Glandular Tumors and
Swelling, old Ulcers, and Sores of long
standing and all that class of diseases where
the blood has become impure, and this condi-
tion of your blood must be changed, altered,
before you can expect to get well, and for this
purpose nothing is better than

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S

CONSTITUTIONAL MONARCH

Which immediately purifies the blood and re-
stores health.
This Blood Purifier is composed of Stillin-
gia, Yellow Dock, Sarsaparilla, Burdock and
Iodine Potash, and all persons know them to
be good, all physicians say so, as well as those
who speak from experience.

KIDNEY and BLADDER

Affections which are so common among all
classes in the Southern climate, are immedi-
ately cured by the use of Dromgoole & Co.'s
Fluid Extract

Bearberry, Cubeb and Buchu

It will cure Retention or Non-Retention of
Urine, Gravel, Thick or Milky Urine, Diffi-
culty of Urinating, Pain in the Back, Bloody
Urine, Melancholy and Evil Forebodings, Ex-
treme Nervousness, Effects of Habits of Disi-
pation or Early Abuses, Loss of Power and
Memory, affecting old or young, male or fe-
male.

Use Great Southern Preparations.

Use Great Southern Preparations

Use Great Southern Preparations.

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Use Great Southern Preparations.



POETRY.

THE BRIDGE.

BY H. W. LONGFELLOW.

I stood on the bridge at midnight,
As the clocks were striking the hour,
And the moon rose over the city,
Behind the dark church tower.

I saw her bright reflection
In the waters under me,
Like a golden goblet falling
And sinking into the sea.

And far in the hazy distance
Of that lovely night in June,
The blaze of the flaming furnace
Gleamed redder than the moon.

Among the long, black rafters
The wavering shadows lay,
And the current that came from the ocean
Seemed to lift and bear them away;

As, sweeping and eddying through them,
Rose the belated tide,
And, streaming into the moonlight,
The seaweed floated wide.

And like those waters rushing
Among the wooden piers,
A flood of thoughts came o'er me
That filled my eyes with tears.

How often, O, how often,
In the days that had gone by,
I had stood on that bridge at midnight
And gazed on that wave and sky.

How often, O, how often,
I had wished that the ebbing tide
Would bear me away on its bosom
O'er the ocean wild and wide!

For my heart was hot and restless,
And my life was full of care,
And the burden laid upon me
Seemed greater than I could bear.

But now it has fallen from me,
It is buried in the sea;
And only the sorrows of others
Throws its shadows o'er me.

Yet whenever I cross the river
On its bridge with wooden piers,
Like the odor of brine from the ocean
Comes the thought of other years

And I think how many thousands
Of care-encumbered men,
Each bearing his burden of sorrow,
Have crossed the bridge since then

I see the long procession
Still passing to and fro,
The young heart, hot and restless,
And the old, subdued and slow!

And forever and forever
As long as the river flows,
As long as the heart has passions,
As long as life has woes;

The moon and its broken reflection
And its shadows shall appear,
As the symbol of love in heaven,
And its wavering image here.

A PRINTER TO THE LAST.—During the last moments of Winn, a Rochester printer who lately died, he was heard to say, having relapsed into a semi-delirious state: "I'm on my last stickfull—I'm coming to a paragraph—and I'll have to wait for old death to put in the period."

A young couple had been married by a Quaker and after the ceremony he remarked to the husband: "Friend, thou art now at the end of thy troubles." A few weeks after, the young man came to the good minister, boiling over with rage, (his wife was a regular vixen) "I thought you told me that I was at the end of my troubles?" "So I did, friend but I did not say which end."

The women ought to make a pledge not to kiss a man who uses tobacco, and it would soon break up the practice; and a friend of ours says they ought also to pledge themselves to kiss every man that don't use it—and we go for that, too.

At a school examination lately the question was asked, "Why did the children of Israel make a golden calf?" A sharp little fellow replied, "because they hadn't gold enough to make a bull!"

Needs a work on punctuation—that soldier who sent a letter home to his girl, closing with the following: "May heaven cherish and keep you from yours truly John Smith."

The difference between a suit of clothes and a suit at law is this—one provides you with pockets, and the other empties them.

Why is the letter A the best remedy for a deaf woman? Because it makes her hear.

"I wish I could prevail on neighbor Binder to keep the Sabbath," said good Mr. Johnson. "I'll tell you how to do it," exclaimed young Smith; "get somebody to lend it to him, and I'll be bound he'll keep it. He was never yet known to return anything that he borrowed."

Polished marble and costly statues in

not ennoble the life of a man; nor preserve his memory. But noble deeds and generous and benevolent accomplishments will confer an everlasting memory and a monument of mercy hereafter.

A tradesman recently told a youth in his shop to write in large letters on a sheet of paper, "Wanted, a stout lad as light porter." The young scapegrace, either from ignorance or design wrote, "Wanted, a stout lad as likes porter."

FORGIVENESS.—A soldier whose regiment lay in a garrison in a town in England was brought before his commanding officer for some offence. He was an old offender, and had often been punished. "Here he is again!" said the officer on his name being mentioned. "Everything—boozing, disgrace, imprisonment has been tried with him."

Whereupon the sergeant stepped forward, and apologizing for the liberty he took, said:

"There is one thing which has never been done with him yet, sir."

"What is that, sir?" was the answer

"Well, sir," said the sergeant, "he has never been forgiven."

"Forgiven!" exclaimed the colonel, surprised at the suggestion.

He reflected for a few moments, ordered the culprit to be brought in, and asked him what he had to say to the charge.

"Nothing, sir," was the reply; "only I am sorry for what I have done."

Turning a kind and pitiful look on the man, who expected nothing else than the punishment would be increased with the repetition of his offence, the colonel addressed him, saying, "Well, we have decided to forgive you."

The soldier was struck dumb with astonishment; the tears started to his eyes, and he wept like a little child. He was humbled to the dust, he thanked the officer, and retired, not the old refractory, incorrigible man! No, he was another man from that day forward. He who tells the story had him for years under his eye and a better conducted man never wore the queen's colors. In him kindness bent one whom harshness could not break; he was conquered by mercy, and forgiven, ever afterward feared to offend.

BROWN & PERKINS.

Pianos for the People

420 Broome St., N. Y.

We would call the attention of the public and the trade to our elegant New Scale Pianos in the following styles:

STYLE A, 7 octave Front large round corners, plain case, either octagon or carved legs, strait bottom, bead moulding on plinth. \$150

STYLE B, 7 octave, same as style A, with serpentine moulding on plinth, carved legs and tyre. \$200

STYLE C, 7 octave, front corners large round, serpentine bottom, mouldings same as style B, carved tyre and desk, fancy carved legs. \$250

STYLE D, 7 octave, four large round corners, finished back, mouldings on rim and plinth, serpentine bottom, carved tyre and desk, elegant carved feet, legs. \$300

The above styles are all finished in elegant Rosewood cases and have the full iron frame, French action, harp pedal, beveled top, ivory keys and key fronts, and are in overstrung bass, nearly all the 7 octave Pianos now manufactured. They are made of the best materials, and for finish, durability, purity and sweetness of tone, cannot be surpassed.

The four styles described above, embody all the essential changes in exterior finish of cases, which are by many manufacturers run up to 15 and 20 patterns.

We invite the attention of the public, of dealers and the profession, to a critical examination of the merits of our Pianos.

By avoiding the great expenses attendant upon costly factories and expensive warehouses in the city, we are enabled to offer these Pianos at prices which defy competition, and invite all to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere.

When references and testimonials are required by those about to purchase, instead of presenting a display of professional names, we refer to the parties to whom we have sold our Pianos. Their judge ment as to the real merits of our instruments as to the durability, touch, sweetness, and power of tone, standing in time, etc., based on an actual experience, being of far more value than the mere good opinion of the Artist, however capable, who merely tries them in a warehouse, instruments in perfect tune and order, which have just received the workmen's last finishing touches.

Our motto is

"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS."

Send for a Circular to

BROWN & PERKINS,

No. 420 Broome Street, N. Y.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches.

Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

November 18, 1865.—17.

Bargains, Bargains.

ALL persons indebted to the undersigned are earnestly requested to give him a call, and if you cannot pay, talk about it. You may forget small matters after awhile. You have doubtless known it to be the case—'Come and let us reason together.'

D. P. GUNNELS.

Oxford, Ala. August 3, 1867.

Pay Up!

Yes, the time has arrived. Wheat is ready for market, and you can get a fair price. I expect punctuality, for 'Old things are done away.' So call in at once and pay.

GROVESTEEN & CO.

Piano Forte Manufacturers,

499, Broadway, New York.

THE attention of the public and the trade is invited to our New Scale, Seven Octave, Rosewood Piano-Fortes, which for volume and purity of tone are unrivalled by any hitherto offered in this market. They contain all the modern improvements—French grand action, harp pedal, iron frame, over-strung bass, etc.—and each instrument being made under the personal supervision of Mr. J. H. GROVESTEEN, who has a practical experience of over thirty years in their manufacture, is fully warranted in every particular.

The "Grovesteen Piano-Forte" Received the highest award of merit at the celebrated World's Fair.

Where were exhibited instruments from the best makers of London, Paris, Germany, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York; and also at the American Institute for five successive years, the Gold and Silver Medals from both of which can be seen at our warehouses.

By the introduction of improvements we make a still more perfect Piano-Forte, and by manufacturing largely, with a strict cash system, are enabled to offer these instruments at a price which will preclude all competition.

Our prices are from \$100 to \$200 cheaper than any other first-class Piano-Forte.

TERMS—Net cash in current funds. Descriptive circulars sent free.

Jan. 12, 1867.—17

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic Materials, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

501 BROADWAY, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for the following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES & STEREOGRAPHIC VIEWS.

Of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, etc.

STEREOGRAPHIC VIEWS OF THE WAR.

From negatives made in the various campaigns and forming a complete Photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOGRAPHIC VIEWS ON GLASS.

Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our "catalogue" will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties from 50 cents to \$50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, Statesmen, Actors, etc. etc.

Our Catalogue embraces over five thousand different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent of the amount with their order.

The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy.

Just published—Stereoscopic Views of the Interior of the Mammoth Cave of Ky. taken by aid of the new Magnesium Light. August 31, 1867.

The Jacksonville Fem le Academy.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday, August 5th, 1867, under the direction of Rev. D. F. SMITH, Principal, Miss Mary A. TURNLEY, Assistant, and Mrs. MARTHA E. FRANCIS, Teacher of Music.

Other competent Assistants will be employed if needed.

The course of study embraces all branches of instruction usually taught in Academies and High Schools.

Rates of Tuition per Session of 20 weeks.

First Class, \$15 00

2nd " 10 00

3rd " 5 00

4th " 2 50

Music, Extra, 25 00

French, 12 00

Contingent Fund, 2 00

A deduction of 20 per cent. will be made in favor of those who will pay in advance or promptly.

No pupils will be received for a less period than two months.

No deduction for absence, except in cases of sickness.

NEW WOOL FACTORY,

At McKibbin's old stand on Choccoloco Creek, 72 miles below Oxford and 24 above Muncord. This Splendid Machinery has been purchased with a view to suit the wants of the Southern people, being clothed entirely with a superior quality of ENGLISH CARDS, it cannot fail to give satisfaction where the wool is properly prepared. Wool will be conveyed from the Depot at Muncord and returned free of charge.

Our old friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to call and examine our machinery.

McKIBBIN & BROTHER.

June 22, 1867.—3m.

MONTVALE SPRINGS—1867.

THIS popular Summer resort having been placed in thorough repair, and furnished with new furniture, will be opened for visitors on the 1st of June under the direction and control of the undersigned proprietors of the American Hotel, Atlanta Ga.

Montvale presents the strongest attractions to both the invalid and pleasure seeker, no less on account of its retirement and the beauty of its surrounding scenery, than of the restorative powers of its waters. We have reduced the price of board to the lowest figures consistent with a proper provision for the entertainment of our guests.

Board per day \$3 00, per week \$20 00, per month \$60 00, with an allowance for fuel. Trains for the Springs by special conveyance from Louisville, or by regular daily mail coaches from Knoxville Tenn.

WHITE & WHITLOCK.

PHOTOGRAPHS,

AMBROTYPES, &c.

E. COBBE, Artist, (Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)

Rooms first door north of E. L. Wood ward's Store.

W. C. LAND,

Watchmaker,

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClellan's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with despatch and at low rates to suit the times. Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

House and Lot to Rent.

A house containing four large rooms and two entries, suitable for a boarding house, with kitchen, smoke house, and a good garden, with choice fruit trees, and well watered, will be rented on good terms. For particulars enquire at this office.

HERE'S YOUR STOVE!

The Home Comfort!

H. G. NOBLE.

DEALER IN

Tin Ware Stoves, &c.

HAS the pleasure of informing the public that the above named COOKING STOVES, which is rapidly coming into use, has arrived, and can be seen at his Shop, Corner of Alabama and Franklin streets. Having the advantage of twenty-five years' experience in the business, he can safely recommend the "Home Comfort" as being superior to any other ever offered in this market. It is more convenient, durable and economical, and therefore the most desirable. Call and see for yourself.

SPUN COTTON;

FOR SALE;

At Wholesale and Retail;

BY E. L. WOODWARD.

Sewing Machine for Sale.

A First-class Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine, but little worn and in good order, for sale very low. Enquire at this Office. Feb. 6, 67

Notice.

I AM preparing to go North for a Fall stock, and shall need every dollar that has been promised me at this time. I hope therefore that none will fail to meet their engagements promptly.

If you want cheap goods keep me in funds and I will furnish them.

P. POWAN.

Boarding.

I have six young men, who may wish to go to school or study a profession, can be accommodated in a private family in this place, with boarding, lodging, room, fire-wood and lights, at \$15 per month, one half or more taken in produce at the market price. For further information, enquire at this Office. Jacksonville, August 10, 1867.

"WANTED to make an arrangement" with a live man in every county, who wishes to make money, and can give good references. No capital required. Will sell a business now paying \$1,500 per month, and rely on the profits for my pay. Address J. C. TILTON, Pittsburgh, Pa.

M. J. TURNLEY, G. L. TURNLEY.

M. J. & G. L. TURNLEY,

Attorneys at Law

AND

Solicitors in Chancery,

General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Tallapoosa, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Bain, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the public, that they have procured the large and commodious Livery stable recently kept by Mr. J. H. Sargeant, and will be prepared to accommodate all persons who may wish to hire Hacks, Buggies or saddle Horses. They will also feed transient horses and mules, and be prepared to work Gardens and Patches, and have Horses and Mules for sale upon advantageous terms to purchasers.

They will endeavor to be at all times prepared to accommodate promptly those who may desire their assistance, and therefore solicit a liberal patronage.

R. H. WYNN & CO.

THE GREAT CAUSE

OF HUMAN MISERY.

Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A LECTURE on the Nature of Treatment, and Radical Cure of Seminal weakness, or Spermatorrhea, induced by self-abuse; Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bleedings, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. This Lecture will prove a Boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the publishers.

CHAS. J. G. KLINE & CO.

127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

NEW GOODS.

CALICOES, DOMESTICS &c.

Just Received and For Sale by

WOODWARD

June 8, 1867.

KEROSENE & GAS STOVES.

TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.,

All the Cooking for a family may be done with Kerosene Oil, or Gas, with 1 lb trouble, and at less expense, than by any other fuel.

Each article manufactured by this Company is guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.

Send for Circular.

Liberal Discount to the Trade.

KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO.,

205 PEARL STREET N. Y.

Empire Sewing Machine Co.,

Principal Office 616 Broadway, NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Machines. Empire Shuttle, Crank Motion Sewing Machine. It is thus rendered noiseless in action. Its motion being all positive, it is not liable to get out of order. It is the best Family Machine. Notice is called to our new and improved Manufacturing Machine, or Tailors and Boot and Shoe Fitters. Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will be given. No Commissions made.

EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.

CHEAP PRINTING PAPER.

To Editors and Publishers.

LETTER FROM W. G. CLARK, ESQ., PRESIDENT OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

ATLANTA, April 19, 1867.

J. S. THRASHER, Esq., Dear Sir—It affords me much pleasure to communicate to you the following resolution of the Southern Press Association:

Resolved, "That as a testimonial of our appreciation for the zealous, faithful and effective service of John S. Thrasher, Esq., as Superintendent of this Association in years past, we hereby tender him the thanks of this Association, and confer upon him the complimentary position of Agent of the Southern Press Association in the City of New York."

The terms of commendation employed in the above resolution do no more than justice to your important services during your Superintendency—services which have not more highly appreciated than myself. Should occasion require, I shall be glad to avail myself of the aid provided for by the resolution.

Very Respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

W. G. CLARK, President.

NOTICE.

I would respectfully request every daily, tri-weekly, semi-weekly, weekly and monthly Journal South of the Potomac and Ohio rivers and the 36 deg. 30 min. parallel of latitude West of the Mississippi, to publish this advertisement twice, and send to me at New York, each time, a copy of the paper containing it, post paid, with bill for the same.

It is desirable in my combinations to secure cheaper printing paper for our Southern journals, than shall have the fullest information regarding the sizes of paper used by the several publications, and I can procure it in no other way than by requesting particular attention to the need of sending copy of the publication with the bill.

I desire to send twice to every agent mail failures, and that they be postpaid to secure post office delivery.

J. S. THRASHER,

Box 5929 New York, N. Y.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

12 Hours to Atlanta and \$8 00 saved 24 Hours to Chattanooga & \$18 saved.

DR. C. C. PORTER.

Surgeon-Dentist.

127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

On the first week in every month, Room, the same formerly occupied by him on the north-west corner of the Public Square.

Empire Shuttle Sewing Machines.

ARE SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS

For Family and Manufacturing Purposes.

Agents wanted. Address: EMPIRE S. M. CO. 616 Broadway, New York.

To the Afflicted.

DR. GEORGE W. LEACH proposes a new system of cure in place of the vast internal doses which enfeeble the stomach, poison the blood and endanger the life. He can be consulted at any time in Jacksonville, personally or by letter, giving name of the person, whether over or under 35 years of age, and the disease. He cures cancers, wens, ulcers, scrofula, piles, diseases of the lungs, spine, kidneys, and some others, charging but a very small amount in advance, afterwards if no cure no pay. He has a number of testimonials of cure, has recently treated 11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entirely



VOL. 31

Jacksonville

EDITED, PRINTED
SATURDAY
J. F. G.

The Democrat

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